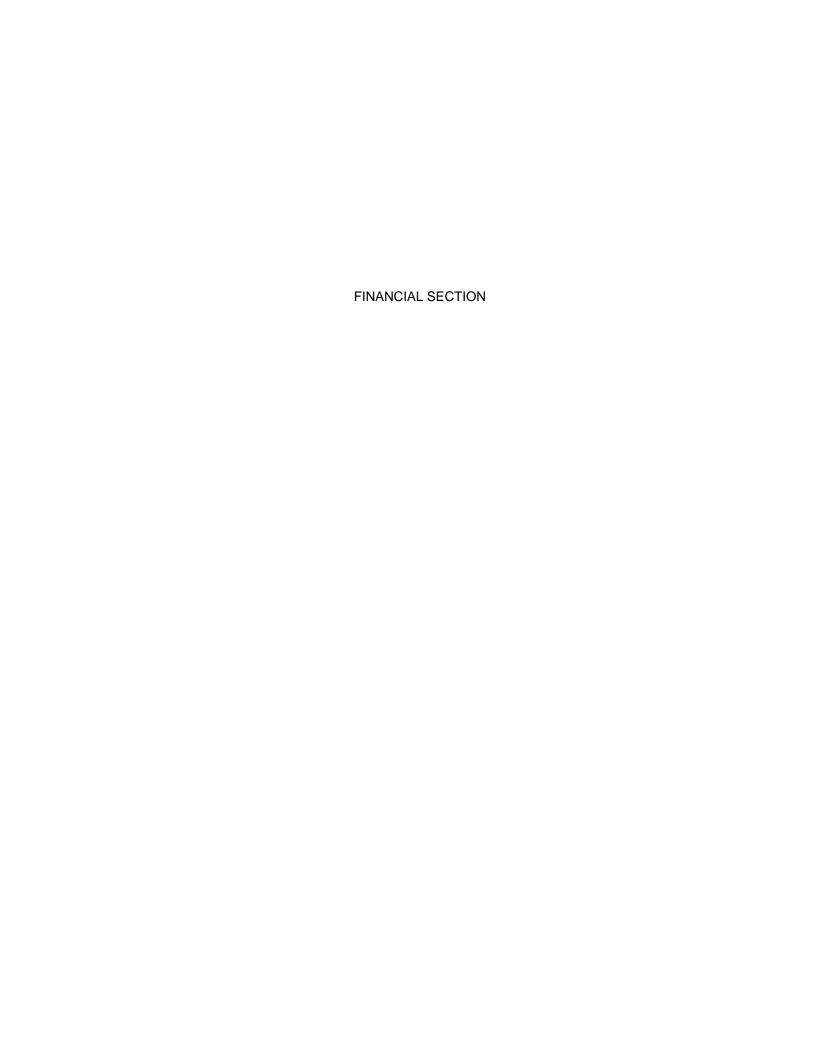
COUNTY OF CROCKETT Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2015

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A Limited Liability Partnership

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Crockett P.O. Box 989 Ozona, TX 76943-0989

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Crockett, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Section I., Note C.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Crockett, Texas, as of December 31, 2015, the respective changes in modified cash-basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Section I.. Note C.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Section I., Note C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

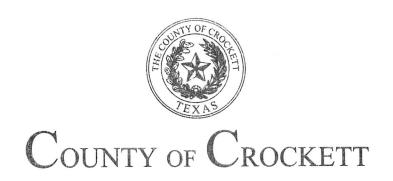
The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability and contributions information for the Texas County & District Retirement System on pages 3 through 8, 34 through 36, and 37 through 38, respectively, are presented to supplement the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to this information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 16, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Crockett's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Crockett's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eckert & Company, LLP

May 16, 2016



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the County of Crockett's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2015, within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting. It should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements and independent auditor's report.

Financial Highlights - Modified Cash Basis of Accounting

The County's assets exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the current year by \$24,006,065 (net position). Of this amount, \$13,479,123 (unrestricted) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The County's total net position increased by \$3,116,148 or 14.9%. This amount consists of a \$2,570,442 increase attributable to current year operations, a \$606,995 increase attributable to an extraordinary item, and a \$61,289 decrease attributable to prior period adjustments. The County's statement of activities shows total revenues of \$18,004,372 and total expenses of \$14,826,935.

The total fund balance of the General Fund is \$10,886,997 which is an increase of \$1,203,731 or 12.4% compared to the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements are presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Overview of the Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year while keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The governmental activities of the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, judicial, public safety, corrections and rehabilitation, public health and welfare, and culture and recreation, as well as general administrative and support services.

The County has no component units.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the current year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis for the General Fund, the Road and Bridge Fund, the Care Center Fund and the Construction - Clinic Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The County adopts a budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position - A summary of the County's net position is presented below:

NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities			
	Decem	nber 31,		
	2015	2014		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 18,411,322 10,267,668	\$ 17,699,726 7,393,516		
Total Assets	\$ 28,678,990	\$ 25,093,242		
Other Payables Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 351,478 2,045,000	\$ 302,820 0		
Total Liabilities	\$ 351,478	\$ 302,820		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 2,276,447	\$ 3,900,505		
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 10,222,711 304,231 13,479,123	\$ 7,393,516 313,633 13,182,768		
Total Net Position	\$ 24,006,065	\$ 20,889,917		

A large portion of the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions (\$10,222,711) reflects the County's investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net position (\$304,231) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$13,479,123) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions by \$3,177,437 and \$2,329,874 for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Key elements of these increases are as follows:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended December 31,			
	2015	2014		
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services	\$ 3,823,996	\$ 4,538,501		
Operating Grants and Contributions	294,442	270,618		
Capital Grants and Contributions	605,462	0		
General Revenues				
Property Taxes - Maintenance	12,590,469	11,372,839		
Investment Earnings	55,314	56,865		
Other Revenues	27,694	106,183		
Total Revenues	\$ 17,397,377	\$ 16,345,006		
Expenses				
General Government	\$ 2,631,473	\$ 2,231,241		
Roads and Bridges	2,185,991	2,064,877		
Justice System	1,285,641	1,259,649		
Public Safety	1,459,817	1,637,907		
Corrections and Rehabilitation	712,277	582,933		
Public Health and Welfare	5,558,947	5,346,864		
Culture and Recreation	947,789	1,129,677		
Fees on Long-Term Debt	45,000	0		
Total Expenses	\$ 14,826,935	\$ 14,253,148		
Change in Net Desition Defens				
Change in Net Position Before Extraordinary Item	\$ 2,570,442	\$ 2,091,858		
Extraordinary Item	606,995	238,016		
Change in Net Position	\$ 3,177,437	\$ 2,329,874		
2ago				
Net Position - Beginning	20,889,917	18,541,020		
Prior Period Adjustments	(61,289)	19,023		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 24,006,065	\$ 20,889,917		

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the current year within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances on the modified cash basis of accounting of \$15,783,397, an increase of 2,286,996 or 16.9% in comparison with the prior year. These fund balances are reported in various governmental funds as follows:

General Fund \$10,886,997. All of this balance is unassigned.

Special Revenue Funds \$1,911,647. Of this balance \$304,231 is restricted by legislation and \$1,607,416 is committed as follows:

Roads and Bridges	\$	895,053
EMS	Ψ	5,059
Health Center Improvement		181,485
Road and Bridge Equipment		367,498
Courthouse Renovation		119,468
Library Memorial		10,203
Airport Improvement		24,175
DARE Program		4,475
Total	\$	1,607,416

Construction Fund \$2,984,753. Of this balance \$2,000,043 is restricted proceeds received for the construction of a clinic and \$984,710 is committed funds transferred by the County to supplement funding for the clinic project.

General Fund Budget

The original budget for the General Fund was \$12,194,323, and the final amended budget was \$12,380,407 which represents a \$186,084 increase in appropriations. The significant variance between the original budget and the final amended budget was in the Justice System function.

The County has adopted a budget for the General Fund in the amount of \$12,067,292 for the fiscal year 2016, which is an increase of \$313,115 from the fiscal year 2015.

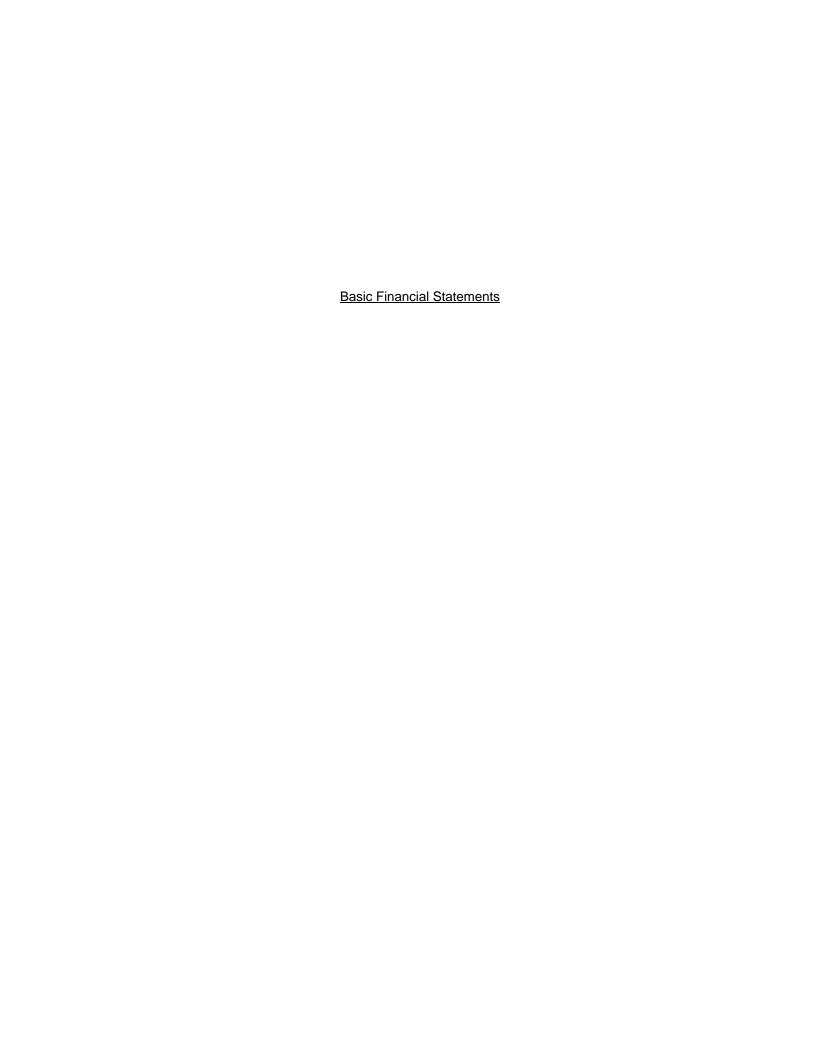
Capital Assets and Debt - Modified Cash Basis

Capital Assets - Financial statement footnote III., D. discloses the County's capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Long-Term Debt - Financial statement footnote III., H. discloses the County's debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Fred M. Deaton, County Judge, County of Crockett, P.O. Box 1857, Ozona, TX 76943-1857.



COUNTY OF CROCKETT

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	* 40,000,007
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 16,398,367
Due from Fiduciary Funds	1,562,675
Due from State	450,280
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	040.470
Land	218,470
Other Assets	310,000
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):	4.550.040
Buildings and Improvements	4,550,642
Infrastructure	1,163,223
Machinery and Equipment	1,676,918
Software	38,800
Construction In Progress	2,309,615
Total Assets	\$ 28,678,990
LIABILITIES	
Payroll Liabilities	\$ 151,152
Due to State	200,326
Long-Term Liabilities:	,
Due in More Than One Year	2,045,000
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,396,478
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Taxes	\$ 2,276,447
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,222,711
Restricted:	Ψ 10,222,111
Legislation	304,231
Unrestricted	13,479,123
Officolitica	10,473,123
Total Net Position	\$ 24,006,065

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

									R	et (Expense) evenue and
				D		om Dovoniu				Changes in Net Position
				Р		am Revenue Operating		Capital		Net Position
			(Charges for		rants and		ants and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		Services		ntributions		ntributions	G	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	_	Ехрепосо	_	CCIVICCS		THE DOLLOTTO	001	itilbations	_	71011711100
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	2,631,473	\$	274,629	\$	39,168	\$	0	\$	(2,317,676)
Roads and Bridges	•	2,185,991	Ť	313,366	,	80,746		581,702	•	(1,210,177)
Justice System		1,285,641		640,356		101,353		0		(543,932)
Public Safety		1,459,817		4,894		30,357		0		(1,424,566)
Corrections and Rehabilitation		712,277		0		0		0		(712,277)
Public Health and Welfare		5,558,947		2,590,751		42,818		23,760		(2,901,618)
Culture and Recreation		947,789		0		0		0		(947,789)
Fees on Long-Term Debt		45,000		0		0		0		(45,000)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,826,935	\$	3,823,996	\$	294,442	\$	605,462	\$	(10,103,035)
		General Reve	SD LI	00:						
				es. s - Maintenan	000	and Operation	ne		\$	12,590,469
		Investment			100 6	ind Operatio	113		Ψ	55,314
		Miscellaneo		illigs						27,694
		Extraordina		tem						606,995
		Extraordina	., .							000,000
		Total Ger	era	Il Revenues a	and	Extraordinar	y Itei	m	\$	13,280,472
		Change in Ne	et P	osition					\$	3,177,437
	Net Position - Beginning							20,889,917		
Prior Period Adjustments							(61,289)			
		Net Position -	- En	ding					\$	24,006,065

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds December 31, 2015

		Road and		Construction	Other Governmental	Total Governmental
	General	Bridge	Care Center	Fund - Clinic	Funds	Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 11,678,752		\$ 140,836	\$ 2,984,753	\$ 548,485	\$ 16,398,367
Due from State Due from Other Funds	1 240 001		0	0	450,280	450,280
Due nom Other Funds	1,340,901	203,945			17,829	1,562,675
Total	\$ 13,019,653	\$ 1,249,486	\$ 140,836	\$ 2,984,753	\$ 1,016,594	\$ 18,411,322
LIABILITIES						
Due to State	\$ 59,490	\$ 0	\$ 140,836	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 200,326
Payroll Liabilities	151,152	0	0	0	0	151,152
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Taxes	1,922,014	354,433	0	0	0	2,276,447
Total	\$ 2,132,656	\$ 354,433	\$ 140,836	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,627,925
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted for:						
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 0	•	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 304,231	\$ 304,231
Construction	0	0	0	2,000,043	0	2,000,043
Committed Reported in: Special Revenue Funds	0	895,053	0	0	712,363	1,607,416
Construction	0	·	0	984,710	7 12,309	984,710
Unassigned, Reported in:	· ·	· ·	· ·	33.,	•	33.,
General Fund	10,886,997	0	0	0	0	10,886,997
Total Fund Balances	\$ 10,886,997	\$ 895,053	\$ 0	\$ 2,984,753	\$ 1,016,594	\$ 15,783,397
Total	\$ 13,019,653	\$ 1,249,486	\$ 140,836	\$ 2,984,753	\$ 1,016,594	\$ 18,411,322

COUNTY OF CROCKETT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis December 31, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 15,783,397
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) is to increase net position.	7,393,516
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays is to increase net position.	3,471,802
The net effect of other various miscellaneous adjustments related to capital assets (i.e., sales, trades, and disposals) is to decrease net position.	(14,748)
Debt proceeds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the proceeds is to decrease net position.	(2,045,000)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(582,902)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 24,006,065

COUNTY OF CROCKETT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2015

DEVENUE	General	Road and Bridge	Care Center	Construction Fund - Clinic	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	# 40 000 004	Φ 4 057 405	Φ 0	Φ 0	Φ 0	Ф 40 500 400
Taxes	\$ 10,632,984	\$ 1,957,485	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 12,590,469
Fees and Fines	869,358	313,366	1,946,928	0	426,390	3,556,042
Intergovernmental	126,943	80,746	267,954	0	692,214	1,167,857
Interest	47,783	7,488	0	43	0	55,314
Miscellaneous	9,553	0	4,234	0	23,655	37,442
Total Revenues	\$ 11,686,621	\$ 2,359,085	\$ 2,219,116	\$ 43	\$ 1,142,259	\$ 17,407,124
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government	\$ 2,458,016	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 83,388	\$ 2,541,404
Roads and Bridges	0	2,425,304	0	0	2,091,380	4,516,684
Justice System	1,225,796	0	0	0	87,127	1,312,923
Public Safety	1,441,786	0	0	0	0	1,441,786
Corrections and Rehabilitation	706,977	0	0	0	0	706,977
Public Health and Welfare	632,137	0	4,026,813	170,411	1,195,458	6,024,819
Culture and Recreation	1,098,631	0	0	0	22,610	1,121,241
Total Expenditures	\$ 7,563,343	\$ 2,425,304	\$ 4,026,813	\$ 170,411	\$ 3,479,963	\$ 17,665,834
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 4,123,278	\$ (66,219)	\$ (1,807,697)	\$ (170,368)	\$ (2,337,704)	\$ (258,710)

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Tax Notes Proceeds Transfers In Transfers Out Debt Issuance Costs	\$ 0 0 (2,937,608)	\$ 0 0 (562,306)	\$ 0 1,887,147 0	\$ 2,045,000 1,155,121 0 (45,000)	\$ 0 1,778,141 (1,320,495) 0	\$ 2,045,000 4,820,409 (4,820,409) (45,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (2,937,608)	\$ (562,306)	\$ 1,887,147	\$ 3,155,121	\$ 457,646	\$ 2,000,000
Excess (Deficiency) Before Extraordinary Item	\$ 1,185,670	\$ (628,525)	\$ 79,450	\$ 2,984,753	\$ (1,880,058)	\$ 1,741,290
Extraordinary Item	0	0	0	0	606,995	606,995
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,185,670	\$ (628,525)	\$ 79,450	\$ 2,984,753	\$ (1,273,063)	\$ 2,348,285
Fund Balances - Beginning	9,683,266	1,523,578	0	0	2,289,557	13,496,401
Prior Period Adjustments	18,061	0	(79,450)	0	100	(61,289)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 10,886,997	\$ 895,053	\$ 0	\$ 2,984,753	\$ 1,016,594	\$ 15,783,397

COUNTY OF CROCKETT

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended December 31, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 2,348,285
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements.	
The net effect of removing capital outlays is to increase net position.	3,471,802
The gross amount received from the disposal of capital assets used in governmental activities is reported in the governmental funds as other revenues. In the government-wide financial statements disposal proceeds are reduced by the remaining depreciable bases of the assets.	
The net effect of the adjustments is to decrease net position.	(14,748)
Debt proceeds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the proceeds is to decrease net position.	(2,045,000)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's	
depreciation is to decrease net position.	(582,902)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 3,177,437

COUNTY OF CROCKETT

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2015

	Agency
	Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 4,527,750
	<u> </u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Funds	\$ 1,562,675
Due to Other Governments	2,138,595
Due to Others	826,480
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,527,750

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Crockett, Texas, prepares its basic financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Crockett, Texas, was organized by an Act of the Texas Legislature in 1891. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, a five-member group consisting of an elected County Judge and four County Commissioners elected from individual precincts. Services provided by the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, judicial, public safety, corrections and rehabilitation, public health and welfare, and culture and recreation, as well as general administrative and support services. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services - payments from parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the County and (2) grants and contributions - payments from organizations outside the County that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment of the County. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as interfund receivables and payables on the government-wide statement of net position.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other funds.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Current financial assets and liabilities are generally the only items included on their balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. Fund balance is used to measure available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, fund equity, revenues, expenditures, and expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The use of the modified cash basis of accounting results in certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable, expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) not being recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all revenues except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Road and Bridge Fund - This Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for revenues for the road and bridge precincts.

Care Center Fund - This Fund is a special revenue fund and is used to account for revenues for the Care Center.

Construction - Clinic Fund - This Fund accounts for proceeds from the issuance of limited tax notes and other revenues to be used for authorized construction.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds - These Funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds.

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between individual funds may result in amounts owed between funds which are classified as Due To and From Other Funds. Other than amounts due to or from fiduciary funds these balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

E. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

E. Capital Assets - Continued

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Infrastructure	30
Buildings and Improvements	30-40
Machinery and Equipment	5-10

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition.

F. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Long-term debt arising from modified cash basis transactions of governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures.

G. Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to paid time off and sick leave based on their length of employment. Paid time off (PTO) can accumulate up to twenty-three to thirty-three days based on their length of employment. PTO does not accumulate or vest. Employees can accumulate up to sixty days of sick leave, but it does not vest. Sick leave earned past the sixty days is converted to PTO at a rate of 2 to 1. Employees are not paid for unused PTO or sick leave upon separation from service.

H. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position

Net position on the statement of net position includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position represents the difference between capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding any unspent debt proceeds that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted by Legislation - This component of net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities of certain Special Revenue Funds that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by state legislation.

Unrestricted - This is the difference between assets and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources that is not reported as Net Investment in Capital Assets or Restricted by Legislation.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

I. Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because usage restraints have been imposed by external sources such as creditors (through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through formal action by the Commissioners' Court.

Unassigned - Amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental funds balance sheet.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Commissioners' Court has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

J. Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the County in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues when they are collected and available for use.

K. Interfund Transfers

Permanent relocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budget

The County prepares and adopts a budget for governmental funds prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The County holds public meetings for the purpose of obtaining comments from citizens prior to adopting the budget. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the Commissioners' Court. The budget was amended during the year.

Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a modified cash basis and cover a one-year period. Appropriations lapse at year end.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY - Continued

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

The County expended more than budgeted as reported on pages 35 and 36.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits and Investments: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits and investments in certificates of deposit may not be returned to it. The County's policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments, other than the following: The State of Texas requires that a financial institution secure deposits and investments made by state and local governments by pledging securities in excess of the highest cash balance of the government. The County is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits and investments in certificates of deposit since they are covered by depository insurance and pledged securities held by a third party in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment policy of the County contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent five percent or more of the total entity investments represent a concentration risk. At December 31, 2015, the County's funds are in money market or checking accounts with its depository bank; the County has no investments. The County invests funds in a fiduciary capacity in certificates of deposit with its depository bank. The County is not exposed to this risk as described in the preceding paragraph.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At December 31, 2015, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk: Not applicable

Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

A. Deposits and Investments - Continued

The carrying amount of the County's cash and temporary investments at December 31, 2015, approximates fair value and consisted of the following:

Cash in Bank	\$ 20,914,269
Certificates of Deposit	11,848

\$ 20,926,117

Total Cash and Temporary Investments

B. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

1. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

	Due From	Due To	Purpose
General Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$ 1,340,901	\$ 0	Unremitted Fees and Taxes
Road and Bridge Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$ 203,945	\$ 0	Unremitted Fees and Taxes
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fiduciary Funds	\$ 17,829	\$ 0	Unremitted Fees and Taxes
Fiduciary Funds General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 0 0 0 \$ 0	\$ 1,340,901 203,945 17,829 \$ 1,562,675	Unremitted Fees and Taxes Unremitted Fees and Taxes
Totals	\$ 1,562,675	\$ 1,562,675	

All amounts due are expected to be repaid within one year.

2. Interfund transfers consist of the following:

Transfers From Transfers To		Amount	Purpose
General Fund General Fund Road and Bridge Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Care Center Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds Construction - Clinic Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 1,887,147 1,050,461 562,306 1,155,121 165,374	Current Operations Current Operations Current Operations Current Operations Current Operations
Total		\$ 4,820,409	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

C. Due from Other Governments

The County participates in a state program from which it receives grant funds for transportation infrastructure. Amounts due from the State for this program are summarized as follows:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund \$ 450,280

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015, was as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Additions	Deletions		Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 218,470	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	218,470
Other	 310,000	 0	 0		310,000
Total Capital Assets Not Being					
Depreciated	\$ 528,470	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	528,470
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 6,426,111	\$ 392,286	\$ 0	\$	6,818,397
Infrastructure	3,266,340	0	0		3,266,340
Machinery and Equipment	6,511,184	811,101	(304,593)		7,017,692
Software	5,994	38,800	(5,994)		38,800
Construction in Progress	80,000	2,309,615	(80,000)		2,309,615
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated	\$ 16,289,629	\$ 3,551,802	\$ (390,587)	\$	19,450,844
Total Capital Assets	\$ 16,818,099	\$ 5,900,217	\$ (476,581)	\$	19,979,314
Less Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ (2,136,974)	\$ (130,781)	\$ 0	\$	(2,267,755)
Infrastructure	(2,047,535)	(55,582)	0		(2,103,117)
Machinery and Equipment	(5,237,506)	(396,539)	293,271		(5,340,774)
Software	 (2,568)	 0	 2,568	_	0
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (9,424,583)	\$ (582,902)	\$ 295,839	\$	(9,711,646)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,393,516	\$ 5,317,315	\$ (180,742)	\$	10,267,668

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

D. Capital Assets - Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities programs as follows:

General Government	\$ 127,363
Roads and Bridges	137,723
Justice System	5,924
Public Safety	195,844
Corrections and Rehabilitation	5,300
Public Health and Welfare	55,136
Culture and Recreation	 55,612

Total \$ 582,902

E. Deferred Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and the balance sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type of item that qualifies for reporting in this category, ad valorem taxes, which were collected in the current year but will be used to fund the following year's budget.

F. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

Commitments under operating lease agreements for equipment provide for minimum future rental payments as of December 31, 2015, as follows:

Year Ending December 31,

2016 <u>\$ 8,203</u>

Total Minimum Rentals \$ 8,203

Rental expenditures during the year ended December 31, 2015, were \$24,968.

G. Capital Lease

The County is committed under a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of hardware and software for Law Enforcement. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. The interest rate is 4%.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

G. Capital Lease - Continued

The County is committed under a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of hardware and software for Law Enforcement. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes. The interest rate is 4%.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

	Capital	Lease	
Year Ending	Law Enfo	orcement	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016 2017	\$ 27,669 28,768	\$ 2,242 1,143	\$ 29,911 29,911
Totals	\$ 56,437	\$ 3,385	\$ 59,822

The following is a summary of the changes in the capital lease for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	Beginning Balance	Add	itions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Capital Lease	\$ 83,049	\$	0	\$ 26,612	\$ 56,437

H. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	•	nning ance	Additions	Redu	<u>ictions</u>	Ending Balance	 Within Year
Tax Note	\$	0	\$ 2,045,000	\$	0	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 0

The County's outstanding tax note issue is as follows:

Crockett County, Texas, Tax Note, Series 2015. Issued to construct and equip a new County health clinic and pay costs of issuance related to the Tax Note in the original amount of \$2,045,000. Due in variable installments through February 15, 2022, with an interest rate of 1.97%.

\$ 2,045,000

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

H. Long-Term Debt - Continued

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending	Tax I	Note	
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	\$ 0	\$ 25,962	\$ 25,962
2017	324,000	37,095	361,095
2018	331,000	30,644	361,644
2019	337,000	24,064	361,064
2020	344,000	17,356	361,356
2021-2022	709,000	14,036	723,036
Totals	\$ 2,045,000	\$ 149,157	\$ 2,194,157

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 1-800-823-7782.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after 10 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal deposits in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy - The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. It was 10.2% for calendar year 2015.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2015 is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - All actuarial methods and assumptions used for this GASB analysis were the same as those used in the December 31, 2014 funding valuation, except as noted below and throughout this report. Please see the employer summary actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2014, for further details.

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis.

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal⁽¹⁾

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing Period 5 Years

Recognition Method Non-Asymptotic

Corridor None

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-Living Adjustments for the County are not considered to be substantively

automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-

living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Retirement Age Members eligible for service retirement are assumed to retire at various rates based

upon age and gender.

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar

entry ages.

Mortality Mortality rates for depositing members are based on the gender-distinct RP-2000 Active

Employee Mortality Table with a two-year set-forward for males and a four-year setback for females. Service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members are based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females. Disabled retirees are based on the gender-distinct RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with no age adjustment for males and a two-year set-

forward for females. The rates are projected with scale AA.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

⁽¹⁾ Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

⁽²⁾ Includes inflation of 3%.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Note the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013.

Geometric

			Real Rate of Return (Expected
Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	16.50%	5.35%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	12.00%	8.35%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	1.50%	5.65%
International Equities - Developed	50% MSCI World Ex USA (Net) + 50% MSCI World Ex USA 100% Hedged to USD (Net) Index	11.00%	5.35%
International Equities - Emerging	50% MSCI World EM Standard (Net) Index + 50% MSCI EM 100% Hedged to USD (Net) Index	9.00%	6.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	5.54%
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.80%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	6.75%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index		
	Global Real Estate Illuex	2.00%	4.00%
Commodities	Bloomberg Commodities Index	2.00%	-0.20%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	3.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	25.00%	5.15%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2015 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.7% per 2015 capital market assumptions.

 $^{^{\}left(3\right)}\,$ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Depletion of Plan Assets/GASB Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in 1, calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.1%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.1% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - The following presents the increases/(decreases) in net pension liability/(asset):

	Increase (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/(Asset)	
Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
_				
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$ 23,403,189	\$ 21,693,476	\$ 1,709,713	
Changes for the Year:				
Service Cost	\$ 645,681	\$ 0	\$ 645,681	
Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾	1,867,998	0	1,867,998	
Effect of Plan Changes	0	0	0	
Effect of Economic/Demographic Losses	27,323	0	27,323	
Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs	0	0	0	
Refund of Contributions	(109,860)	(109,860)	0	
Benefit Payments	(1,232,354)	(1,232,354)	0	
Administrative Expenses	0	(17,172)	17,172	
Member Contributions	0	390,739	(390,739)	
Net Investment Income	0	1,493,032	(1,493,032)	
Employer Contributions	0	590,952	(590,952)	
Other ⁽²⁾	0	96,892	(96,892)	
Net Changes	\$ 1,198,788	\$ 1,212,229	\$ (13,441)	
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$ 24,601,977	\$ 22,905,705	\$ 1,696,272	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.1%)	Current Discount Rate (8.1%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.1%)
Total Pension Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 27,211,444 22,905,705	\$ 24,601,977 22,905,705	\$ 22,418,452 22,905,706
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 4,305,739	\$ 1,696,272	\$ (487,254)

Pension Expense/Income - The following presents the components of pension expense/income:

	January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014		
Pension Expense (Income)			
Service Cost	\$ 645,681		
Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾	1,867,998		
Effect of Plan Changes	0		
Administrative Expenses	17,172		
Member Contributions	(390,739)		
Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses	(1,763,193)		
Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:			
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses	9,108		
Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs	0		
Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses	54,032		
Other ⁽²⁾	(96,892)		
Total Pension Expense (Income)	\$ 343,167		

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Deferred Inflows/Deferred Outflows of Resources -As of December 31, 2014, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	Inflo	erred ws of urces	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$	-	\$	18,215
Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date ⁽³⁾		<u>-</u>		216,129 575,797
Totals	\$		\$	810,141

⁽³⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year-end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in Appendix C of the TCDRS report.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
Year Ending	Expense	
December 31,	Amount	
2015	\$ 63,140	
2016	63,140	
2017	54,032	
2018	54,032	
2019	0	
Thereafter ⁽⁴⁾	0	

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - The following presents the components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources:

	Original Amount	Date Established	Original Recognition Period ⁽¹⁾	Amount Recognized in 12/31/14 Expense ⁽¹⁾	Balance of Deferred Inflows 12/31/14	Balance of Deferred Outflows 12/31/14
Investment (Gains) or Losses	\$ 270,161	12/31/14	5	\$ 54,032	\$ -	\$ 216,129
Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	27,323	12/31/14	3	9,108	-	18,215
Assumption Changes or Inputs	-	12/31/14	3	-	-	-
Employer Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date ⁽²⁾	-	-	-	-	-	575,797

⁽¹⁾ Investment (gains)/losses are recognized in pension expense over a period of five years; economic/ demographic (gains)/losses and assumption changes or inputs are recognized over the average remaining service life for all active, inactive, and retired members.

The net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows related to the pension liability are reported in the notes to the financial statements. Due to the County's reporting on the OCBOA - modified cash basis, these items are not reflected in the financial statements.

B. Self-Insurance

The County has entered into an interlocal participation agreement with the Texas Association of Counties Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund). The Fund is an unincorporated association of counties and other county-related political subdivisions of the State of Texas that was created to provide workers' compensation benefits for its members pursuant to the provisions of Article 8309h, Texas Revised Civil Statutes Annotated. The Fund provides for the self-insurance of certain defined risks jointly among the Fund members. The Fund is required to provide stop-loss coverage; however, the amount of this coverage may be adjusted at the discretion of the Fund's Board of Trustees. The County's participation in the Fund is on a nonassessable basis. The County has no joint and several liability other than the maximum annual contribution required to be paid into the Fund. The County made contributions to the Fund based upon its standard annual premium which was computed using the Texas State Board of Insurance workers' compensation rates and adjusted by the County's experience modifier. Contributions are adjusted annually based upon the County's experience modifier; however, contributions are subject to adjustments on an interim basis if such adjustments are the result of changes mandated by state law.

⁽²⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in Appendix C of the TCDRS report.

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Notes to the Financial Statements - Continued December 31, 2015

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

B. Self-Insurance - Continued

The County has entered into an interlocal participation agreement with the Texas Association of Counties County Government Risk Management Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an unincorporated association of counties that was created to provide liability coverage to its members pursuant to the provisions of Article 4413 (32i), Texas Revised Civil Statutes Annotated. The Pool provides for the self-insurance of certain defined risks jointly among the Pool members. The Pool provides stop-loss coverage at the discretion of the Pool's Board of Trustees. The County made contributions to the Pool based upon a rating system approved by the Pool's Board of Trustees. Contributions are adjusted annually based upon the County's loss experience; however, the Pool has the right to impose a surcharge for any year in which the County's loss experience is higher than was projected in the rating system. The County's participation in the Pool provides coverage for public officials' liability, and law enforcement liability.

The County has coverage through Travelers Companies for property, auto damage and liability, crime, and general liability.

C. Adjustments to Fund Balance/Net Position

The fund balance of the General Fund was increased by \$18,061 to record a refund of the prior year's expenses. The fund balance of the Care Center Fund was decreased by \$79,450 to record a settlement with the State for prior years' rate adjustments.

The net effect of these adjustments was an increase to net position of \$61,289.

D. Extraordinary Item

In the prior year the County had significant damage due to a fire at the Road and Bridge barn. The building and two pieces of equipment were a complete loss. The insurance proceeds are shown as an extraordinary item.

E. Subsequent Events

On March 8, 2016, the County issued the Crockett County, Texas General Obligation Bond, Series 2016A in the amount of \$6,050,000. The proceeds of the bonds are for the construction and equipping of a new County Jail and to pay professional services and the costs of issuance related to the project.

On March 8, 2016, the County issued the Crockett County, Texas General Obligation Bonds, Series 2016B in the amount of \$4,000,000. The proceeds of the bonds are to construct and equip a new County Wellness Center and pay costs of issuance.

The County's management has evaluated subsequent events through May 16, 2016, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Ÿ		(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 10,624,857	\$ 10,624,857	\$ 10,632,984	\$ 8,127	
Fees and Fines	1,100,483	1,100,483	869,358	(231,125)	
Intergovernmental	48,000	48,000	126,943	78,943	
Interest	25,000	25,000	47,783	22,783	
Miscellaneous	16,000	16,000	9,553	(6,447)	
Total Revenues	\$ 11,814,340	\$ 11,814,340	\$ 11,686,621	\$ (127,719)	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Current:					
General Government	\$ 3,630,621	\$ 3,681,551	\$ 2,458,016	\$ 1,223,535	
Justice System	1,409,556	1,535,556	1,225,796	309,760	
Public Safety	1,602,980	1,605,792	1,441,786	164,006	
Corrections and Rehabilitation	524,274	514,274	706,977	(192,703)	
Public Health and Welfare	703,561	697,293	632,137	65,156	
Culture and Recreation	1,219,905	1,242,515	1,098,631	143,884	
Total Expenditures	\$ 9,090,897	\$ 9,276,981	\$ 7,563,343	\$ 1,713,638	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 2,723,443	\$ 2,537,359	\$ 4,123,278	\$ 1,585,919	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out	(3,103,426)	(3,103,426)	(2,937,608)	165,818	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (379,983)	\$ (566,067)	\$ 1,185,670	\$ 1,751,737	
Fund Balances - Beginning	9,683,266	9,683,266	9,683,266	0	
Prior Period Adjustment	0	0	18,061	18,061	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 9,303,283	\$ 9,117,199	\$ 10,886,997	\$ 1,769,798	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual Road and Bridge Fund Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Rudget A	∆mounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Budget Amounts Original Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 1,959,331	\$ 1,959,331	\$ 1,957,485	\$ (1,846)	
Fees and Fines	320,000	320,000	313,366	(6,634)	
Intergovernmental	24,000	24,000	80,746	56,746	
Interest	10,000	10,000	7,488	(2,512)	
Miscellaneous	6,000	6,000	0	(6,000)	
Total Revenues	\$ 2,319,331	\$ 2,319,331	\$ 2,359,085	\$ 39,754	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Current:	0.004.000	0.004.000	0.405.004	055 700	
Roads and Bridges	2,681,032	2,681,032	2,425,304	255,728	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (361,701)	\$ (361,701)	\$ (66,219)	\$ 295,482	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers Out	0	0	(562,306)	(562,306)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (361,701)	\$ (361,701)	\$ (628,525)	\$ (266,824)	
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,523,578	1,523,578	1,523,578	0	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,161,877	\$ 1,161,877	\$ 895,053	\$ (266,824)	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual Care Center Fund

Year Ended December 31, 2015

							Fir	riance with nal Budget
	Budget Amounts				Actual		Positive (Negative)	
	Original Final			Amounts				
REVENUES Fees and Fines Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	\$ 2,109,20	0	\$ 2,109,; 4,	200 0 000	\$ 1	,946,928 267,954 4,234	\$	(162,272) 267,954 234
Total Revenues	\$ 2,113,20	00	\$ 2,113,	200	\$ 2	,219,116	\$	105,916
EXPENDITURES Current: Public Health and Welfare	4,133,00) <u>9</u>	4,133,	009_	4	,026,813		106,196
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ (2,019,80)9)	\$ (2,019,	809)	\$ (1	,807,697)	\$	(280)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	2,019,80)9	2,019,	809_	1	,887,147		(132,662)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	0	\$	0	\$	79,450	\$	(132,942)
Fund Balances - Beginning		0		0		0		0
Prior Period Adjustment		0		0		(79,450)		(79,450)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(212,392)

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Texas County & District Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2015

	Year Ended December 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Effect of Plan Changes Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	\$ 645,681 1,867,998 0 0 27,323 (1,342,214)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,198,788
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	23,403,189
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 24,601,977
Fiduciary Net Position Employer Contributions Member Contributions Investment Income Net of Investment Expenses Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions Administrative Expenses Other	\$ 590,952 390,739 1,493,032 (1,342,214) (17,172) 96,892
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 1,212,229
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	21,693,476
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$ 22,905,705
Net Pension Liability/(Asset), Ending	\$ 1,696,272
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	93.11%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$ 5,581,985
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	30.39%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required; therefore, only the years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented are shown.

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Texas County & District Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2015

Year Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽¹⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2005	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
2006	\$ 338,585	\$ 338,585	\$ 0	\$ 4,164,641	8.1%
2007	370,296	370,296	0	4,434,686	8.3%
2008	393,381	393,381	0	4,716,794	8.3%
2009	401,531	401,531	0	4,987,964	8.0%
2010	473,070	473,070	0	5,297,540	8.9%
2011	438,722	438,722	0	5,071,928	8.7%
2012	478,053	478,053	0	5,207,657	9.2%
2013	540,365	540,365	0	5,441,752	9.9%
2014	590,952	590,952	0	5,581,985	10.6%

 $^{^{(1)}}$ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Notes to the Other Information for the TCDRS Retirement Plan December 31, 2015

Note A - Net Pension Liability

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.





A Limited Liability Partnership

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Crockett P.O. Box 989 Ozona, TX 76943-0989

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Crockett, Texas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 16, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Crockett's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Crockett's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Crockett's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during the audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Crockett's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item: 2015-001.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

County's Response to Findings

The County of Crockett's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eckert & Company, LLP

May 16, 2016

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Schedule of Findings and Responses Year Ended December 31, 2015

Findings -

Reference Number: 2015-001

Criteria:

Section 111.010 of the Texas Local Government Code states that public funds of the County may be spent only in strict compliance with the budget except in an emergency.

Condition:

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following:

General Fund
Corrections and Rehabilitation \$ 192,703
Road and Bridge Fund
Transfers Out 562,306

Cause:

Amendments to the budget were not adequate to ensure that expenditures did not exceed appropriations during the year.

Effect:

Public funds of the County were spent that were not provided for in the budget.

Auditor's Recommendation:

The budget should be monitored closely to see that amendments are made as necessary.

Responses -

Reference Number: 2015-001

The County will place more emphasis on the budget and see that the amounts appropriated are adequate to cover all expenditures.

COUNTY OF CROCKETT Schedule of Status of Prior Findings Year Ended December 31, 2015

Prior Year Findings -

Reference Number: 2014-001

Actual expenditures exceeded the budget.

Status of Prior Year Findings -

Reference Number: 2014-001

Actual expenditures exceeded the budget in the prior year and also exceeded the budget in the current year.