COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS MATAGORDA COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE 2200 7th Street, Room 208 Bay City, TX 77414



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXASComprehensive Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

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KRISTEN E. KUBECKA

COUNTY AUDITOR

MATAGORDA COUNTY 2200 SEVENTH STREET, ROOM 208 BAY CITY, TEXAS 77414-5095 (979) 241-0120

Honorable District Judges of Matagorda County and Honorable Members of the Matagorda County Commissioners Court:

Chapter 114.025 and chapter 115.045 of the Local Government Code of the State of Texas requires the issuance within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a licensed certified public accountant. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Matagorda County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Matagorda County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Matagorda County's financial statements have been audited by Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford, LLC certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the year ended December 31, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, are presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first item in the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Matagorda County was part of the broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are included in the Federal Awards Section of this report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Matagorda County's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of the report includes selected financial and demographic information, which is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF MATAGORDA COUNTY

The County of Matagorda, created in 1836 is rich in history and tradition. The County is located between Galveston and Corpus Christi along the Gulf Coast and enjoys a diversity of geography from its wide expanse of prairies to the many creeks, rivers, lakes, bays and Gulf of Mexico. Matagorda County occupies an area of 1,115 square miles and serves an estimated population of 36,702. The County is a political subdivision of the State of Texas. Neighboring counties are Brazoria, Wharton and Jackson.

The County operates as specified under the Constitution of the State of Texas and Vernon's Texas Code Annotated, which provide for a Commissioners Court consisting of the County Judge and four County Commissioners, one from each of four geographical precincts. The Commissioners Court is the governing body of the County. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term and the Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years.

The Commissioners Court has certain powers granted to it by the state legislature. Its duties include adoption of the budget, setting of the tax rates, approval of contracts, appointment of certain county officials and the development of policies and orders. The Commissioners Court shares the financial controls of the County with the County Auditor who is appointed according to Texas State statutes for two-year terms by the District Judges. The County Auditor holds the basic responsibilities for establishing accounting policies and procedures, maintaining the records of all financial transactions of the County, and "examining and approving" disbursements from county funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for payment.

Matagorda County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local governmental units. These include volunteer fire departments, libraries and the museum. A primary service is the administration of justice, which includes the county and district courts, justices of the peace, constables, district attorney, clerks of the courts, sheriff, jail, and bailiffs. Other functions performed by the County include juvenile services, maintaining public health and welfare and the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.

BUDGET

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budgetary control is maintained at the subtotal level of the County budget for the following categories: Personnel, Operating Costs, Capital Outlay and Debt. Expenditures for current operating funds may not exceed available cash balances in such funds at January 1, plus the estimate of revenues for the ensuing year. At any time during the year, Commissioners Court may increase the budget for unexpected revenues, expenditures, or actual beginning fund balances in excess of budgeted estimates, if Commissioners Court declares the existence of an emergency necessitating the increase. All annual budget appropriations lapse at year-end with the exception of the commissioner's budgets. Prior to year-end, the commissioners commit a portion of unrestricted General Fund balance for the unspent portion of their precinct budgets. The County also maintains an encumbrance accounting system for the general fund as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The long-term financial plans of the county consist of continued infrastructure improvement for roads and bridges and efforts to explore avenues for enhanced economic growth. The Commissioners Court adopted an updated tax abatement policy to aid in negotiations with potential industrial clients and to continue to attract growth for Matagorda County.

Additional appropriations for courthouse maintenance and repairs were approved to preserve our capital assets to ensure they reach their potential life expectancy.

LOCAL ECONOMY

An understanding of the financial condition of Matagorda County is enhanced though a perspective of the environment in which the County operates. Matagorda County's primary economic bases include utilities, petrochemical processing, transmission, agriculture, commercial fishing and tourism. Matagorda County has outstanding opportunities for industry growth because of its location and proximity to the Gulf of Mexico, the Colorado River and the Gulf Intercoastal Canal waterway as well as rail accessibility.

For several years, Matagorda County has partnered with the South Texas Project Nuclear Operating Company (STP) in providing Emergency Preparedness Training and Operations Drills for the safety of its citizens. This contract is not only financially favorable to the County, but has also provided invaluable emergency preparedness skills and a network of cooperation between the County leaders and departments and its industry neighbors. Through a joint partnership with the South Texas Project and Wharton County Junior College, the South Texas Center for Energy Development continues to serve as a career center for staffing at STP and also offers classes focusing on process-technology and power-technology programs to train students for work at chemical, industrial and nuclear plants.

Matagorda Regional Medical Center (MRMC) serves the community at its 117,000 square-foot facility located on 45 acres of land on Texas 35 west. This two-story acute care hospital has 58 patient rooms, offers expanded services, and attractive and comfortable patient and visitor areas. A 40,000 square foot medical office building on the MRMC campus provides a two-story Diagnostic Center for outpatient testing as well as physician clinic space.

The economic outlook for Matagorda County remains positive for the future. Tenaris, a seamless steal pipe manufacturing plant is located in the County with an approximate value of \$ 1.8 billion. Tenaris created approximately 343 jobs within the county, and continues to be operational. Oxea, a global chemical company, completed construction and has successfully started up its new 100,000 mt per annum world-scale production unit. Peyton Creek Windfarm has started construction on a 151 MW project expected to be operational before the end of 2019. Environmental Fluids also started construction on their \$ 5 to \$ 30 million capital investment project. This project will create over 100 jobs at peak employment. Several industrial projects have shown interest in the County by communicating to the Commissioner's Court through the Matagorda County Economic Development. In response to economic growth, several new hotels became operational. The County hopes that with these additions more business opportunities will follow. Tourism continues to grow as Matagorda's coastline is developed and discovered by those who enjoy fishing, beach and river activities or just relaxing.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

The County has adopted an investment policy as required by state law and in conformity with state investment statutes. The investment policy as adopted by the County employs the prudent person concept in that priorities were established as to the investment vehicles the County would use. Compliance with the laws of the State of Texas and Safety were established as first priorities, followed by liquidity, low risk and diversification with an active versus passive management philosophy maintaining high professional and ethical standards.

The County Treasurer is responsible for administering all of the investment of idle funds in the County. For the last several years, the County's depository has provided better interest rates than comparable liquid investments. During the fiscal year, the County earned approximately \$ 0.26 million interest on the funds invested.

In 2011, the County established a Fund Balance Policy in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54, adopting new classifications of fund balance, the method for committing fund balance and setting the order in which resources will be expended.

The County is responsible for establishing its tax rate. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, the tax rate to finance general governmental services was \$ 0.41507 per \$ 100 valuation and the tax rate for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt was \$ 0.00391 per \$ 100 of valuation.

In addition, the County also has the following financial policies:

- The Commissioners Court of the County shall formally adopt the annual budget prepared by the Budget Officer, members of the Commissioners Court and the County Auditor.
- Expenditures are controlled not to exceed available resources. All elected officials and department heads are required to keep expenditures within allocated budgets.
- Balanced financial operations will be maintained. Adequate internal accounting controls are developed and maintained to safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.
- The County continues its effort on the replacement and upgrade of software when needed and it has provided funding when possible.
- Delivery of service to the constituents.
- Restrain the debt issuance to keep the tax rate low.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Matagorda County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The County has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 15 consecutive years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my appreciation to members of the Commissioners Court and to the District Judges for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a responsible and professional manner. The timely completion of this report could not have been achieved without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Office of County Auditor and the professional services provided by our independent Auditor, Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford, LLC.

Respectfully submitted,

Kristen Kubecka, County Auditor Matagorda County, Texas

risten Kubeeka

June 26, 2019



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Matagorda County Texas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2017

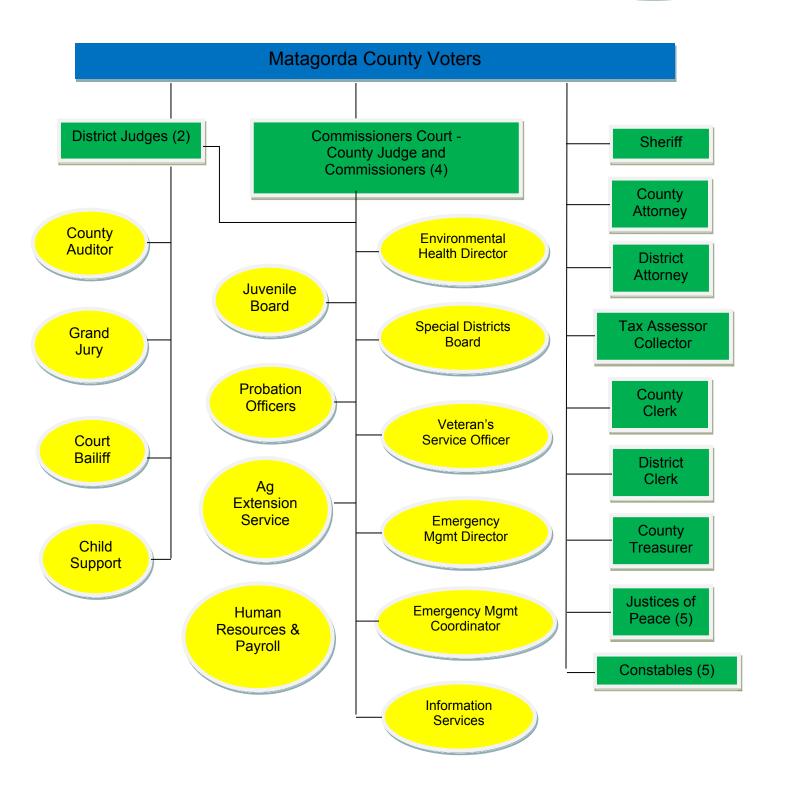
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

MATAGORDA COUNTY Organization Chart

Elected Officials

Appointed Officials



ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS DECEMBER 31, 2018

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Judge, 23rd Judicial District Ben Hardin Judge. 130th Judicial District Craig Estlinbaum County Judge Nate McDonald Commissioner, Precinct #1 Gary Graham Kent Pollard Commissioner, Precinct #2 Commissioner, Precinct #3 James Gibson Commissioner, Precinct #4 Charles Frick County Sheriff Frank Osborne County Attorney Denise Fortenberry District Attorney Steven Reis County Tax Collector Cristyn Hallmark County Clerk Stephanie Wurtz District Clerk Janice Hawthorne County Treasurer Loretta Griffin Justice of the Peace, Precinct #1 Jason Sanders Justice of the Peace, Precinct #2 Ronald LeBlanc Justice of the Peace, Precinct #3 Amy Tapia Justice of the Peace, Precinct #4 Mark Finlay Justice of the Peace, Precinct #6 James Powell Constable, Precinct #1 Precious Smith Constable, Precinct #2 Frank Craft Constable, Precinct #3 Jesse Alvarez Constable, Precinct #4 Pete Medina Constable, Precinct #6 Bill Orton

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

County Auditor Kristen Kubecka Court Baliff Bill Orton Child Support Marlene Wells Ag Extension Agent Aaron Sumrall Environmental Health Director Lisa Krobot Veterans Service Office David Libby Emergency Management Director Nate McDonald **Emergency Management Coordinator** Amanda Campos Information Services Chris Peikert Human Resources & Payroll Director Carmen Andrews







Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 El Campo Office: 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

www. kmandl.com - Email: kmkw@kmandl.com

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in the year ended December 31, 2018, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). Our opinion was not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules, and required OPEB schedules on pages 4 through 15 and 64 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Honorable County Judge, and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Herrener, Masters & Hungford, LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2019, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Lake Jackson, Texas June 26, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

As management of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i - iv of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental activities by \$ 15,847,757 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$ 6,217,689.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 2,059,436.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 18,003,336. 75.17% of this amount, \$ 13,533,408 (unassigned fund balance), were available for use within the County's fund designations. Of the governmental funds amount, \$ 2,088,975 has been restricted for specific uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$14,058,826 or 57.62% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general government, justice system, public safety, corrections and rehabilitation, health and human services, community and economic development, and infrastructure and environmental services. The County has no *business-type activities*.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

• Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provides reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains eighteen (18) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other seventeen (17) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 24 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The County maintains one category of proprietary fund, the internal service fund. The internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs of its self-funded health insurance program among various funds and functions. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 25 through 27 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Fiduciary Funds. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position on page 28 and a statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds that can be found on pages 104 through 105.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 61 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 64 through 68 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 72 through 82 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$ 15,847,757 as of December 31, 2018. This is an increase in net position of \$ 2,059,436 which is primarily due to a net decrease in expenses.

The largest portion of the County's net position of \$21,077,762 reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land; construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens and consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$187,936 due to an increase in capital projects for the current fiscal year.

An additional portion of the County's net position of \$ 987,684 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is a deficit of \$ 6,217,689, which represents unrestricted net position. This deficit is not an indication that the County does not have significant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having long-term commitments, specifically the net pension liability and total OPEB liability, that are more than currently available resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

As of December 31, 2018, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S NET POSITION

		Governmen				
		2018		Restated 2017		Net Change
ASSETS Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	43,264,594 23,348,865	\$	40,293,907 23,623,584	\$ <u>(</u>	2,970,687 274,719)
Total assets		66,613,459	_	63,917,491		2,695,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE Deferred outflows of resources	s _	3,447,067	_	4,334,545	<u>(</u>	887,478)
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	3,447,067	_	4,334,545	<u>(</u>	887,478)
LIABILITIES Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	_	2,204,845 29,985,287		2,127,740 32,339,020	<u>(</u>	77,105 2,353,733)
Total liabilities	_	32,190,132	_	34,466,760	<u>(</u>	2,276,628)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	_	22,022,637	_	19,996,955		2,025,682
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	22,022,637	_	19,996,955		2,025,682
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	<u>(</u>	21,077,762 987,684 6,217,689)	<u>(</u>	20,889,826 999,683 8,101,188)	(187,936 11,999) 1,883,499
Total net position	\$_	15,847,757	\$_	13,788,321	\$_	2,059,436

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

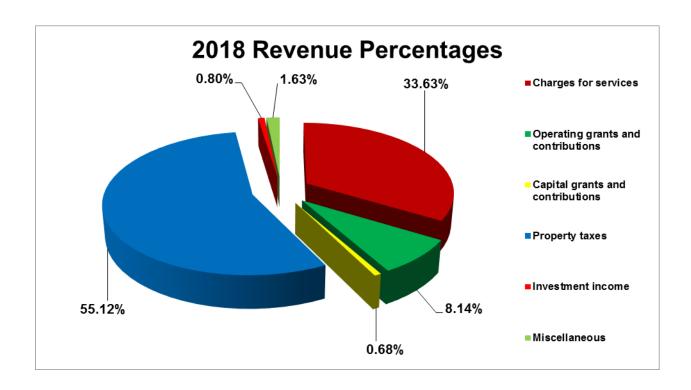
Analysis of the County's Operations. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position in the amount of \$2,059,436 due to decreased general government expenses. The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the year ended December 31, 2018.

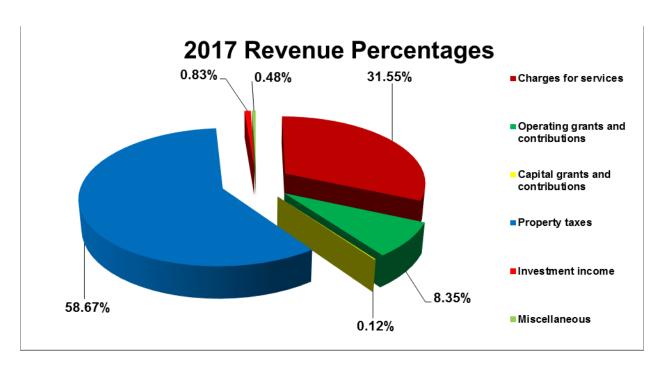
MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities						
						Net	
	_	2018		2017		Change	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	10,939,950	\$	9,962,851	\$	977,099	
Operating grants and contributions		2,648,962		2,636,558		12,404	
Capital grants and contributions		221,828		37,636		184,192	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes		17,932,603		18,533,031	(600,428)	
Investment income		259,431		262,237	(2,806)	
Miscellaneous	_	531,798	_	150,187	_	381,611	
Total revenues	_	32,534,572	_	31,582,500	_	952,072	
Expenses:							
General government		7,149,969		6,821,388		328,581	
Justice system		4,655,067		4,695,643	(40,576)	
Public safety		5,045,927		5,670,232	Ì.	624,305)	
Corrections & rehabilitation		3,492,005		3,811,044	Ì.	319,039)	
Health and human services		1,431,115		1,474,631	Ì.	43,516)	
Community & economic development		1,168,712		1,946,369	į	777,657)	
Infrastructure & environmental services		7,422,500		7,639,725	į	217,225)	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	109,841	_	105,756	_	4,085	
Total expenses	_	30,475,136	_	32,164,788	<u>(</u>	1,689,652)	
Increase (decrease) in net position		2,059,436	(582,288)		2,641,724	
Net position - January 1, (restated)		13,788,321	_	24,744,773	<u>(</u>	10,956,452)	
Net position - December 31,	\$_	15,847,757	\$_	24,162,485	\$ <u>(</u>	8,314,728)	

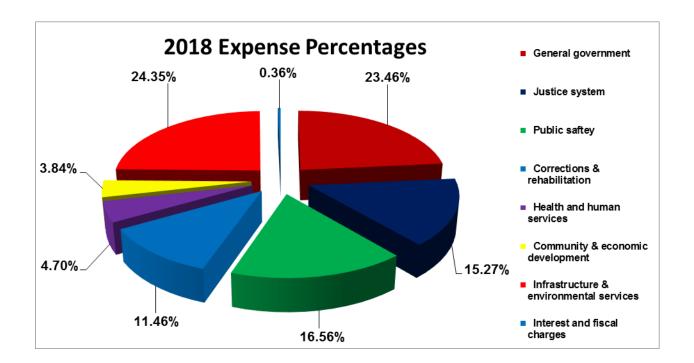
The year ending December 31, 2018 net position was restated in accordance with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75. Due to the availability of the information related to the implementation of this standard, the fiscal year ending December 31, 2017 could not be restated.

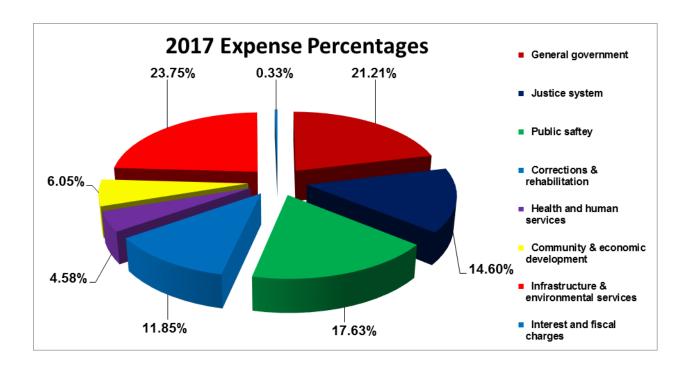
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 18,003,336. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 13,533,408 constitutes 75.17% of ending fund balance. The fund balance is categorized as 1) nonspendable (\$ 893,161), 2) restricted (\$ 2,088,975), 3) committed (\$ 1,487,792), and 4) unassigned (\$ 13,533,408).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. Fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$ 3,492,987; and other (non-major) governmental funds increased by \$ 229,308. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 57.62% of total general fund expenditures, and total fund balance represents 73.79% of that same amount.

The fund balance of Matagorda County's general fund increased by \$ 3,492,987 compared to a net increase of \$ 2,044,859 in the prior year due to better than expected collections of taxes.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. The County budget is prepared by the County Judge's Office and presented to Commissioners Court for approval. The County operates within this budget for the fiscal year with expenditure amendments made as needed.

The Commissioners Court approved increases to budgeted operating revenue of \$ 991,229 and appropriations of \$ 2,761,743. Various grant awards were also allocated to revenue and expenditures during the year as necessary. Upon completion of the audit, the prior year committed funds were allocated to the four precincts current year budgets for an overall total of \$ 1,487,792.

Total General Fund revenue exceeded the budget by approximately 9.60% and total General Fund expenditures were under budget by approximately 9.47%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Capital Assets

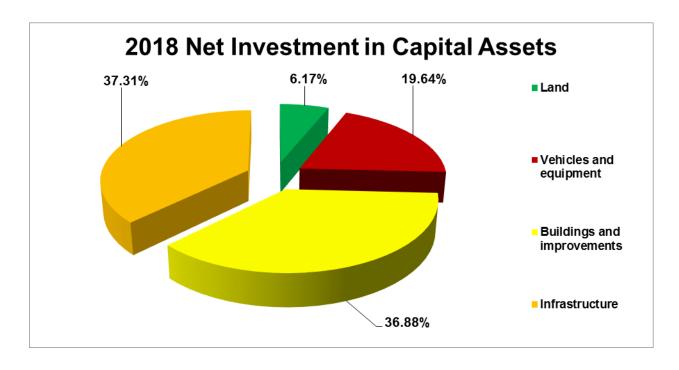
This investment in capital assets includes land; buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; infrastructure; and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

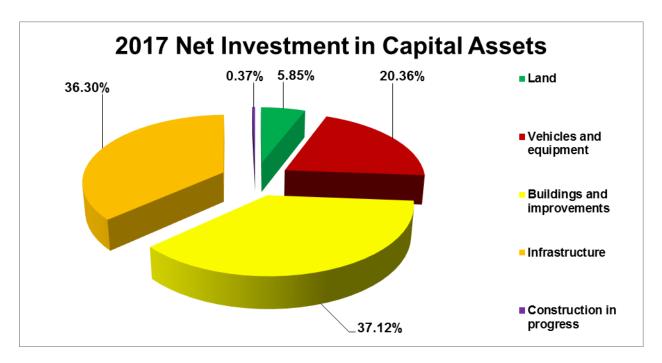
- Acquisition of land, new vehicles, and various road and bridge equipment.
- Road and bridge improvements are continuous.
- Large building renovations projects were place in service during the current fiscal year.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

	<u> </u>	Governmental Activities				Net		
		2018	_	2017		<u>Change</u>		
Land Construction in progress	\$	1,440,860	\$	1,381,351 87,613	\$	59,509 87,613)		
Vehicles and equipment		4,586,010		4,809,380	(223,370)		
Buildings and improvements Infrastructure		8,609,912 8,712,083		8,768,521 8,576,719	(158,609) 135,364		
Total	\$ <u></u>	23,348,865	\$_	23,623,584	\$ <u>(</u>	274,719)		



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018



Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 47 through 48 of this report.

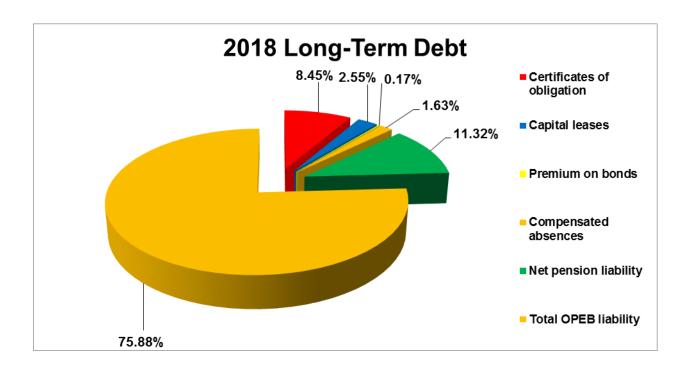
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

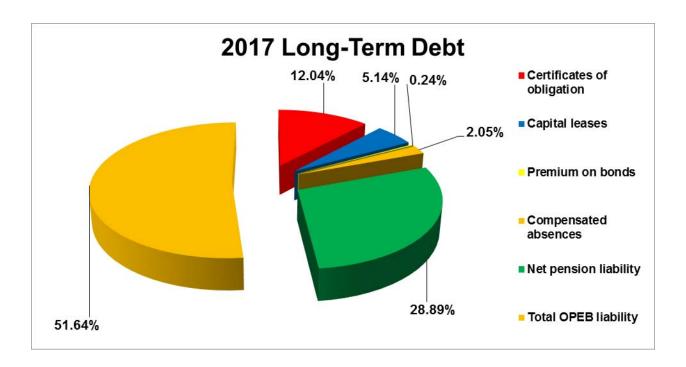
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total bonded and capital lease debt of \$3,299,784, which, comprises bonded and debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County agreement. The bonds and capital leases will be retired with revenues from property taxes.

MATAGORDA COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT Bonds, Capital Leases, Components of Debt and Compensated Absences

		Governmental Activities				Net		
	_	2018		2017		Change		
Certificate of obligation bonds	\$	2,535,000	\$	2,645,000	\$(110,000)		
Capital leases		764,784		1,129,820	(365,036)		
Premium on bonds		50,072		53,129	(3,057)		
Compensated absences		489,312		450,170		39,142		
Net pension liability		3,393,700		6,344,912	(2,951,212)		
Total OPEB liability	_	22,752,419	_	21,715,989	_	1,036,430		
Total	\$ <u>_</u>	29,985,287	\$_	32,339,020	\$ <u>(</u>	2,353,733)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt decreased by \$ 2,353,733 or 7.28%. The net decrease was due primarily to the decreased valuation on the net pension liability.

All of the outstanding Bonds of the County payable from its limited taxes are insured and are, therefore, rated "AA-" by Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government may issue to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current limitation for the County significantly exceeds the outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 49 through 51 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and controlled use of the County's resources. Through the budget the County Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities. The 2019 budget was adopted August 20, 2018 with General Fund expenditures of \$ 25,053,762 and a revenue budget of \$ 25,053,762.

The Commissioners Court adopted a maintenance and operation tax rate of \$ 0.41341 per \$ 100 assessed valuation. The court also adopted an interest and sinking tax rate of \$ 0.00417.

The main factors affecting the 2019 budget were as follows:

- Maintaining a low tax rate is priority; therefore, the adopted rate is lower than the
 effective rate. Increased property values coupled with a ninety-eight and one-half
 percent collection rate funded essential County needs.
- An increase in budgeted revenue for the emergency response fee totaling \$ 304,354.
- An increase in budgeted payroll and benefits; 5 percent for employees including elected and appointed officials.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Matagorda County Auditor, 2200 7th Street, Room 208, Bay City, Texas, 77414, or call (979) 241-0120.





MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION Exhibit 1 December 31, 2018

December 31, 2016	Governme Activities	
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Possivables (Not of Allowanes for Uncellectibles):	\$ 12,18	86,528
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Accrued interest Inventories Prepaid expenses Investments Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation): Land Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements	3,14 2,26 13 7! 10,77 1,4 4,58 8,60	64,467 40,775 62,067 41,656 33,560 59,601 75,940 40,860 86,010 09,912
Infrastructure Total assets		12,083 13,459
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		. 5, .07
Deferred outflows of resources	3,44	<u>47,067</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,44	<u>47,067</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Accrued interest payable Unearned revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	09,902 31,809 63,134
Due within one year Due in more than one year Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	2,89 3,30	83,886 55,282 93,700 <u>52,419</u>
Total liabilities	32,19	90,132
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	22,02	<u> 22,637</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	22,02	22,637
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted: Records management Other	50	77,762 06,392 81,292
Unrestricted		17,689)
Total net position	\$ <u>15.84</u>	<u>47,757</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 2

Net

Functions/Drograms	_	Expenses	(I Charges for Services	((-	am Revenues Operating Grants and Ontributions	(Capital Grants and contributions	Ro (N Go	(Expense) Evenue and Change In et Position Evernmental Activities
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Interest and fiscal charges	\$	7,149,969 4,655,067 5,045,927 3,492,005 1,431,115 1,168,712 7,422,500 109,841	\$	2,118,407 2,454,436 3,447,637 844,217 123,678 318,288 1,633,287	\$	488,274 1,364,055 365,598 48,808 239,549 142,678	\$	221,828	\$(((((4,543,288) 836,576) 1,010,864) 2,598,980) 1,307,437) 610,875) 5,646,535) 109,841)
Total governmental activities	_	30,475,136	_	10,939,950	_	2,648,962	_	221,828	(16,664,396)
General Revenue: Property taxes Investment income Miscellaneous										17,932,603 259,431 531,798
Total general revenues									_	18,723,832
Change in net position										2,059,436
Net position – beginning Prior period adjustment required by GASB 75									<u>(</u>	24,162,485 10,374,164)
Net position – beginning, as restated									_	13,788,321
Net position – ending									\$	<u> 15,847,757</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2018

Exhibit 3

	General <u>Fund</u>	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	\$ 8,788,840	\$ 2,415,554	\$ 11,204,394
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments	13,823,618 120,619 2,240,197	140,849 1,080 21,870	13,964,467 121,699 2,262,067
Accrued interest Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenditures	41,656 531,069 133,560 759,601	875	41,656 531,944 133,560 759,601
Investments	10,775,940		<u>10,775,940</u>
Total assets	<u>37,215,100</u>	2,580,228	39,795,328
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources			
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>37,215,100</u>	\$ <u>2,580,228</u>	\$ <u>39,795,328</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:			
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$ 1,379,863 875 <u>62,511</u>	\$ 197,276 531,069 91,512	\$ 1,577,139 531,944 154,023
Total liabilities	1,443,249	819,857	2,263,106
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	19,332,072	196,814	19,528,886
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,332,072	196,814	19,528,886
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted	893,161	2,088,975	893,161 2,088,975
Committed Unassigned	1,487,792 14,058,826	(525,418)	1,487,792
Total fund balances	16,439,779	1,563,557	18,003,336
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u>37,215,100</u>	\$ <u>2,580,228</u>	\$ <u>39,795,328</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
December 31, 2018

Exhibit 3R

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3)	\$	18,003,336
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital assets include \$ 78,072,047 in assets less \$ 54,723,182 in accumulated depreciation.		23,348,865
Judicial accounts receivables net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts are unavailable to pay for current period expenditures and availability of funds are uncertain as to availability are not recorded in the funds. Judicial receivables of \$ 13,501,084 net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$ 10,582,354 amounted to \$ 2,918,730.		2,918,730
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Deferred inflows of resources (property tax revenues) for the general fund, and the debt service fund amounted to \$ 740,911 and \$ 9,271 respectively.		750,182
Pension deferred outflows of resources of \$ 3,447,067 less deferred inflows of resources of \$ 3,243,933.		203,134
Payables for bond principal are not reported in the funds.	(2,535,000)
Payables for capital lease principal are not reported in the funds.	(764,784)
Payables for net pension liability are not reported in the funds.	(3,393,700)
Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. This amount is amortized over the life of the bonds. Net premium on the issuance of bonds were \$ 50,072 (premium on the sale of bonds of \$ 60,325 less amortization of \$ 10,253).	(50,072)
Payables for bonded debt and capital lease interest is not reported in the funds except for amounts received from the sale of bonds or issuance of capital leases after the issuance date. Total accrued interest payable of \$ 31,809.	(31,809)
Payables for total OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(22,752,419)
Payables for compensated absences are not reported in the funds.	(489,312)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities, such as health insurance, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the service funds are not reported separately from the fund statements. The internal service fund balance are not reported in the funds.		640,60 <u>6</u>
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (Exhibit 1)	\$ <u></u>	15,847,757

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

Exhibit 4

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

DEVENUES		General Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Taxes Licenses and permits	\$	19,654,986 772,907	\$	196,015	\$	19,851,001 772,907
Intergovernmental		1,539,362		904,203		2,443,565
Charges for services Fines		4,515,569 491,568		314,506		4,830,075 491,568
Investment income Miscellaneous		247,789 635,117		4,663 129,087		252,452 764,204
Total revenues	_	27,857,298		1,548,474	_	29,405,772
EXPENDITURES		, , , , ,		,	_	
Current:		5 005 004		/0/ 570		F 004 774
General government Justice system		5,295,201 3,480,619		636,570 386,945		5,931,771 3,867,564
Public safety		3,960,204		6,902		3,967,106
Corrections and rehabilitation		2,375,258		40,725		2,415,983
Health and human services		1,289,160		47.050		1,289,160
Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services		1,017,848 4,811,496		17,950 2,400		1,035,798 4,813,896
Capital outlay		1,768,649		15,438		4,613,690 1,784,087
Debt Service:		177 0070 17		10/100		177017007
Principal		365,036		110,000		475,036
Interest and fiscal charges	_	35,514	_	81,737	_	117,251
Total expenditures	_	24,398,985		1,298,667	_	25,697,652
Excess of revenues over expenditures	_	3,458,313	_	249,807	_	3,708,120
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in		14,175 27,499		7,000		14,175 34,499
Transfers out	(27,499 7,000)	(27,499)	(34,499 34,499)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	_3	<u>4,674</u>	(20),499)	1	<u>4,175</u>
Net change in fund balances		3,492,987		229,308		3,722,295
Fund balances - beginning	_	12,946,792	_	1,334,249	_	14,281,041
Fund balances - ending	\$_	16,439,779	\$	1,563,557	\$_	18,003,336

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit 4R Page 1

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 3,722,295

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$ 1,784,087 exceeded depreciation of \$ 1,753,121 in the current period.

30,966

Contributions of capital assets are not reported in the funds, however, contributions of capital assets are reported as capital contributions in the governmental activities statement of activities. During the current year, \$ 194,818 of capital assets were contributed and accepted by the County.

194,818

Property tax revenues in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The decrease of deferred inflows of resources (property tax revenues) for the general fund and debt service fund amounted to \$ 1,891,301 and \$ 27,097, respectively .

1,918,398)

Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of assets as revenue. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the cost of the assets disposed is offset against the proceeds to report gain or loss on the disposition of assets. The costs of assets disposed were \$ 500,503 (Cost of \$ 700,055 less accumulated depreciation of \$ 199,552).

500,503)

Judicial revenues (resulting from accounts receivable net of related allowance for uncollectible accounts) in the governmental activities statement of activities do not provide current available resources and are not reported as revenues in the funds. The change in these net receivables resulted in an increase in revenues reported in the governmental activities statement of activities.

1,023,811

Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. The funds statements reported \$ 110,000 in certificates of obligation principal payments and \$ 365,036 in capital lease principal payments.

475,036

Premium on the issuance of bonds provides current financial resources to governmental funds but the proceeds decrease long-term assets in the statement of net position. Bond premium amortization was \$ 3,057.

3,057

Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the net amount of change in net pension liability.

154,710

Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of accretion and accrued interest on long-term debt. Current change in accrued interest on notes and bonds of \$ 4,353.

4,353

(continued)

Change in net position of governmental activities (see Exhibit 2)

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES. EXPENDITURES AND Exhibit 4R CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL Page 2 ACTIVITIES STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 Governmental funds report OPEB payments as expenditures. However, in the governmental activities statement of activities, the OPEB cost is calculated and actuarially and involves multiple factors. The amount of OPEB expense reported was \$ 1,036,430 more than the amount reported in the funds. \$(1,036,430) Some expenses reported in the governmental activities statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This is the amount of change in compensated absences. (39,142) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of health insurance to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported in the governmental activities statement of activities, not included in other reconciling items. 55,137)

2,059,436

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND December 31, 2018

Exhibit 5

	Insurance <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments Other receivables	\$ 982,134 100,346
Total assets	1,082,480
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows of resources	
Total deferred outflows of resources	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Claims payable Unearned revenue	53,738 179,025
Total liabilities	441,874
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows of resources	
Total deferred inflows of resources	
NET POSITION Unrestricted	640,606
Total net position	\$ <u>640,606</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 6

	Insurance <u>Fund</u>
Operating Revenues: Employer contributions Employee contributions Retiree/Cobra contributions Special district contributions	\$ 3,174,143 369,446 109,288 168,713
Total assets	3,821,590
Operating Expenses: Administrative expenses Retiree premiums Claims expense Prescriptions	613,589 421,261 1,874,753 974,103
Total operating expenses	<u>3,883,706</u>
Operating loss	(62,116)
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income	6,979
Total nonoperataing revenues	6,979
Change in net position	(55,137)
Net position – beginning	695,743
Net position – ending	\$ <u>640,606</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 7

	Insurance Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Cash payments for administration Cash payments for claims	\$ 3,811,339 (560,404) (3,330,627)
Net cash used by operating activities	(79,692)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	-0-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income	6,979
Net cash provided by investing activities	6,979
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(72,713)
Balances – beginning of year	1,054,847
Balances – end of year	\$ <u>982,134</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities:	\$(62,116)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: Accounts receivable Accounts payable Claims payable Unearned revenue	(3,164) 53,185 (60,510) (7,087)
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ <u>(79.692</u>)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS
December 31, 2018

Exhibit 8

	Agency <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS Cash and temporary investments	\$ <u>3,051,045</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>3,051,045</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to others	\$ 73,159 169,678
Total liabilities	\$3,051,045

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

<u>Note</u>

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Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Matagorda County, Texas (the "County") was established in 1836 by the Republic of Texas. Commissioners elected from each of the four precincts serve as the governing body with the elected County Judge as the head of this body. The Commissioners and County Judge oversee all functions of general government applicable to the County as provided by state statutes.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted account principles. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of each potential component unit addressed in defining the County's reporting entity.

Adult Probation

The Adult Probation division is operated as a multi-county department doing business as the 23rd Judicial District Community Supervision and Correction Department (CSCD) for Matagorda and Wharton Counties. The CSCD services both Matagorda and Wharton Counties with each County providing required office space for the operations of the Department and substantially all of the Department's funding provided by the State.

The Department board consists of the two District Judges for Matagorda and Wharton Counties. Matagorda County is not able to appoint a voting majority to the Department's board or otherwise impose its will. The Department is not fiscally dependent on Matagorda County since the County's role is ministerial in nature. As a result, the Department is considered to be legally separate from Matagorda County and thus is not a part of the reporting entity of Matagorda County.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has no enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund (excluding agency funds, which have no measurement focus but are on the accrual basis of accounting) financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property and other taxes, grants and contracts, fees (charges for services), fines (including forfeitures), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis Of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - continued

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The agency funds account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's agency funds include County Clerk Trust, District Clerk Trust, Inmate Trust, Tax Assessor Collector and Adult Probation funds.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

GASB No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" was issued June 2015. This statement was implemented and impacted the County's financial statements as described in Note 2. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" was issued in November 2016. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018.

GASB No. 84 "Fiduciary Activities" was issued in January 2017. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB No. 85 "Omnibus 2017" was issued in March 2017. This statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - continued

GASB No. 86 "Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues" was issued in May 2017. This statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the County's financial statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017.

GASB No. 87 "Leases" was issued in June 2017. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements" was issued in April 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period" was issued in June 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB No. 90 "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61" was issued in August 2018. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018.

GASB No. 91 "Conduit Debt Obligations" was issued in May 2019. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General fund, certain special revenue funds (District Attorney Legal/Law Fund, Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund, County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund, Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund, District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund, County & District Court Technology Fund, and Historical Commission Fund), and the Debt Service fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgetary Data - continued

Prior to May 1 of each year, or as soon thereafter as practical, the County Judge, assisted by the County Auditor, prepares a proposed operating budget for the subsequent fiscal year. The proposed operating budget establishes estimated revenues and other resources available for appropriation. Proposed expenditures may not exceed estimated revenues, other resources, and available fund balances.

Subsequent to May 15 and after proper publication of notice, a public hearing is conducted by the Commissioners Court to obtain taxpayer comments. If an increase to the effective tax rate of more than 3% is proposed as a result of the proposed budget, additional notices and public hearings are required.

After the public hearing(s) the Commissioners Court makes appropriate budget changes and adopts the budget through the passage of an order at a regularly scheduled meeting. A separate order is adopted to levy the taxes necessary to finance the budgeted expenditures.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditure purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages, and employee benefits; operating expenses/expenditures; and capital outlay).

At the discretion of Commissioners Court, transfers of line item budgets within a fund may be made. Amendments to provide for items not included in the original budget may be made by the Commissioners Court upon finding and declaration of the existence of an emergency sufficient to require action. County management has no prerogative to amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners Court. Appropriations not exercised in the current year lapse at the end of the year. Numerous supplemental budget amendments in the general and special revenue funds were deemed necessary due to the timing of planned expenditures and construction projects.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of December 31, 2018, the County had no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the county is the responsibility of the Matagorda County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in an agency fund.

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$.80 per \$ 100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$.15 per \$ 100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$.30 per \$ 100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

The County's 2018 tax levy, supporting the 2019 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.41758 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund Debt Service	\$ 0.41341 0.00417
Combined tax rate	\$ 0.41758

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements. See Note 5 for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

<u>Inventories and Prepaid Items</u>

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid expenditures. Under this method, inventory and prepaid expenditures are considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest cost to be capitalized on assets with tax-exempt borrowing is equal to the cost of the borrowing less interest earned on the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year ended December 31, 2018, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$ 5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Leased assets are depreciated over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Vehicles and equipment5-20 YearsBuildings and improvements40-60 YearsInfrastructure15-40 Years

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability is matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the county and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at December 31, 2018, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$489,312.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Matagorda County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from the Plan's total OPEB liability. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no assets as this is a pay-as-you-go plan.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Equity

The County's Commissioners Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended are as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Fund Balance Classifications:

The *non-spendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation.

The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road and Bridge Major Fund.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. These actions must be in the form of a resolution approved by Commissioners Court. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At December 31, 2018, the Commissioners agreed to commit fund balances for each of the four precincts unspent budgeted funds at year end to be added to the subsequent year's approved budget.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners Court actions. At December 31, 2018, there are no assignments of fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The *unassigned* fund balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements:

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at December 31, 2018:

		General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
Fund Balances:					
Non-spendable:					
Inventories	\$	133,560	\$	\$	133,560
Prepaid expenditures		759,601			759,601
Restricted:					
Capital projects			1,078,753		1,078,753
Contributor purposes			18,651		18,651
Court improvements and operations			199,405		199,405
Debt service			37,574		37,574
Juvenile services			9,059		9,059
Records management			506,392		506,392
County/District attorney services			125,630		125,630
Sheriff services			113,511		113,511
Committed:					
Precincts		1,487,792			1,487,792
Unassigned	_	14,058,826	(525,418)	_	<u>13,533,408</u>
Total fund balances	\$_	<u>16,439,779</u>	\$ <u>1,563,557</u>	\$_	<u>18,003,336</u>

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Net Position:	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 21,077,762
Restricted:	
Records management	506,392
Other:	
Contributor purposes	18,651
Court improvements and operations	199,405
Debt service	15,036
Juvenile services	9,059
County/District attorney services	125,630
Sheriff services	113,511
Unrestricted	<u>(6,217,689</u>)
Total	\$ <u>15,847,757</u>

NOTE 2. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE AND PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45 and No. 57 and requires the liability of a defined benefit OPEB plan that is not administered through a trust (total OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability). It establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. It requires a government employer to recognize a total OPEB liability measured as of a date (the measurement date) no earlier than the end of its prior fiscal year. If a government employer makes a contribution to a defined benefit pension plan between the measurement date of the reported total OPEB liability and the end of the government's reporting period, it requires that the government recognize its contribution as a deferred outflow of resources. The following represents the retroactive restatement of net position as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 and prior period adjustment as noted above:

Governmental Activities	2017
Net position, December 31, previously reported	\$ 24,162,485
Addition of total OPEB liability	(10,374,164)
Net position, December 31, restated	\$ <u>13,788,321</u>

The net OPEB obligation reported under GASB Statement 45 as of December 31, 2017 was \$ 11,341,825 and the total OPEB liability reported under GASB Statement 75 as of December 31, 2017 was \$ 21,715,989. The increase in OPEB from GASB Statement 45 to GASB Statement 75 was \$ 10,374,164, which is the prior period adjustment above.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or less and investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures. Cash and temporary investments as reported on the financial statements at December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash and Temporary Investments:	ф 5175	Φ.	ф	ф г 17г
Cash (petty cash accounts) Financial Institution Deposits:	\$ 5,175	\$	\$	\$ 5,175
Demand deposits	11,199,219	982,134	3,051,045	15,232,398
Sub-total	11,204,394	982,134	3,051,045	<u>15,237,573</u>
Investments:				
Broker Dealer:				
U.S. Agency Securities	8,848,757			8,848,757
Certificates of deposit	<u>1,927,183</u>			<u>1,927,183</u>
Sub-total	10,775,940	-0-	-0-	10,775,940
Total Cash and Temporary Investments and Investments	\$ <u>21,980,334</u>	\$ <u>982,134</u>	\$ <u>3,051,045</u>	\$ <u>26,013,513</u>

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 100 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, in addition to petty cash and change funds accounts of \$5,175, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$17,159,581, while the financial institution balances totaled \$25,220,609. Of these balances, \$632,620 represents amounts controlled by County courts and held by various financial institutions jointly under the name of the County and the court's beneficiaries and carrying the identification number of the beneficiaries. These accounts are entirely covered by federal deposit insurance. Of the remaining balances, \$2,177,183 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage and \$22,410,806 was covered by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

<u>Investments</u>

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under written investment policy (the "investment policy"). The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policies, which excludes certain instruments allowed under chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Investments - continued

The County's deposits and investments are invested pursuant to the investment policy, which is approved by Commissioners Court. The investment policy includes lists of authorized investment instruments and allowable stated maturity of individual investments. In addition it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each investment option and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield. Additionally, the soundness of financial institutions (including broker/dealers) in which the County will deposit funds is addressed. The County's investment policy and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The County's management believes it complied with the requirements of the PFIA and the County's investment policy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report each quarter to the Commissioners Court. The report details the investment positions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy statements and Texas state law.

The County is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the investment policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. No-load money market mutual funds: regulated by SEC, with a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, includes in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable \$ 1.00 net asset value per each share, and limited in quantity to the requirements, set forth in Chapter 2256, Government Code Section 2256.014;
- Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities;
- 5. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent:
- 6. Certificates of deposit if issued by a state or national bank domiciled in the State of Texas and is: guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor, secured in any manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the County;
- 7. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements, if it: has a defined termination date, is secured by obligations described by Section 2256.009(a)(1) of the Public Funds Investment Act, requires the securities being purchased by the County to be pledged to the County, held in the County's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the County or with a third party selected and approved by the County, is placed through a primary government securities dealer, approved by the County, or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas;
- 8. Commercial paper is an authorized investment, if the commercial paper: has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance, and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit agencies or one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state:
- 9. Eligible investment pools if the Commissioners Court by resolution authorizes investment in the particular pool. An investment pool shall invest funds it receives from entities in authorized investments permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act. The County by contract may delegate to an investment pool the authority to hold legal title as custodian of investments purchased with its local funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Investments - continued

As of December 31, 2018, the County had the following investments:

		Weighted Average
Investment Type	<u>Fair Value</u>	Maturity (Days)
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,927,183	449
U.S. Agency Securities	<u>8,848,757</u>	687
Total	\$ <u>10,775,940</u>	645

Credit Risk – As of December 31, 2018, the United States securities and agencies (which represent 82.12% of the investment portfolio) were covered by private insurance and the certificates of deposit (which represents 17.88% of the investment portfolio) were covered by FDIC, respectively, therefore, the County does not have a significant exposure to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk – the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County limits its exposure to interest rate risk by diversifying its investments by security type and institution. County policy will be that the maximum allowable stated maturity of an individual investment for operating funds shall not exceed five years, unless a temporary extension of maturities is approved by Commissioners County. The maximum average maturity shall be two years.

Fair Value Measures

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GASB Statement No. 72 are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS, INVESTMENTS AND DERIVATIVES - Continued

Fair Value Measures - continued

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the County's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2018:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total		
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ <u>8,848,757</u>	\$	\$	\$_	8,848,757		
Total assets at fair value	\$ <u>8,848,757</u>	\$	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$_	8,848,757		

Derivatives

Interest in derivative products has increased in recent years. Derivatives are investment products, which may be a security or contract, which derives its value from another security, currency, commodity, or index, regardless of the source of funds used. The County made no direct investments in derivatives during the year ended December 31, 2018, and holds no direct investments in derivatives at December 31, 2018.

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of December 31, 2018, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Major Funds	Non-Major Funds	
		Other	Total
	General Fund	Governmenta Funds	I Governmental Funds
Receivables:			
Property taxes Accounts	\$ 13,985,472 120,619	\$ 141,401 1,080	\$ 14,126,873 121,699
Due from other governments	2,240,197	21,870	2,262,067
Accrued interest	41,656		<u>41,656</u>
Gross receivables	16,387,944	164,351	16,552,295
Less Allowance for Uncollectible:	404.054		100 100
Property taxes	<u>161,854</u>	<u>552</u>	<u>162,406</u>
Net receivables	\$ <u>16,226,090</u>	\$ <u>163,799</u>	\$ <u>16,389,889</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal, state, and local governments as of December 31, 2018 are summarized below:

	Federal State Grants Grants					Other	Total		
Major Governmental Funds: General fund Non-major governmental funds	\$	160,392	\$	7,263	\$	2,072,542 21,870	\$	2,240,197 21,870	
Total	\$	160,392	\$_	7,263	\$_	2,094,412	\$_	2,262,067	

<u>Judicial Receivables</u>

Judicial receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of December 31, 2018:

	<u>_ F</u>	Judicial Receivable		llowance for Incollectible Accounts	F	Net Receivable
Judicial Receivables: Justice of the Peace County Courts District Courts	\$	4,825,393 2,265,769 6,409,922	\$	2,842,595 1,511,020 6,228,739	\$	1,982,798 754,749 181,183
Total	\$	13,501,084	\$_	10,582,354	\$_	2,918,730

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of December 31, 2018, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Governmental Funds - continued

	Governmental Fun	
	Oth General Governr Fund Fun	nental
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$19,332,072 \$ 19	6,814 \$19,528,886
Unearned Revenue: State grants Other	9 62,511	1,512 91,512 62,511
Other	<u> </u>	
Total	\$ <u>19,394,583</u> \$ <u>28</u>	<u>8,326</u> \$ <u>19,682,909</u>

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year end of December 31, 2018 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

As of December 31, 2018, the various components of deferred outflows and inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental activities were as follows:

Governmental Activities:	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Unearned Revenue
Pension Related:						
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	48,547	\$	830,725	\$	
Differences between projected and actual investment						
earnings		1,626,628		2,413,208		
Changes in assumptions		330,089				
Subsequent contributions		1,441,803				
Property taxes				18,778,704		
Unearned Revenue:						
State grants						91,512
Self-insurance						209,111
Other			_		_	62,511
Totals	\$	3,447,067	\$_	22,022,637	\$_	363,134

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2018 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	12-31-18	
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 531,0 8)69 <u>375</u>
Total		\$ <u>531,9</u>	<u>)44</u>

Interfund receivables and payables represent short-term borrowings primarily for cash flow purposes. These include short-term borrowings for reimbursement grants and some revenue or expenditures/expense adjustments between funds at or near year-end.

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2018 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	 2-31-18
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 7,000 27,499
Total		\$ 34,499

The Commissioners Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures/expenses.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions

_		Balance 01-01-18 Additions		Additions	Retirements		ustments & Fransfers	Balance 12-31-18	
Governmental Activities: Capital Assets, Not Depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	1,381,351 87,613	\$	59,509 68,412	\$	\$ 	156,02 <u>5</u>)	\$	1,440,860 -0-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	1,468,964	_	127,921	-0-	<u>(</u>	<u>156,025</u>)	_	1,440,860
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements Infrastructure	_	13,795,497 15,395,170 46,133,566	_	548,080 173,574 1,129,330	222,156 477,899		156,025	_	14,277,446 15,568,744 46,784,997
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	75,324,233	_	1,850,984	700,055		<u> 156,025</u>		76,631,187 (continued)

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Capital Transactions - continued

		Balance 01-01-18		Additions	_	Retirements	A	djustments & Transfers	_	Balance 12-31-18
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles and equipment Buildings and improvements Infrastructure	\$	8,986,117 6,626,649 37,556,847	\$	904,871 332,183 516,067	\$	199,552	\$		\$	9,691,436 6,958,832 38,072,914
Total accumulated depreciation	_	53,169,613	_	1,753,121	į	199,552	_	-0-	_	54,723,182
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	_	22,154,620	_	97,863		500,503	_	<u> 156,025</u>	_	21,908,005
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>_</u>	23,623,584	\$ <u>_</u>	225,784	\$	500,503	\$ <u>_</u>	-0-	\$ <u>_</u>	23,348,865

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the County received equipment from various sources totaling \$ 194,818.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

	<u>12-31-18</u>
Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 155,346
Justice system	3,080
Public safety	194,822
Corrections and rehabilitations	7,092
Community and economic development	13,626
Infrastructure and environmental services	<u>1,379,155</u>
Total depreciation expense	\$ <u>1,753,121</u>

Construction Commitments

There were no construction commitments as of December 31, 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 7 - DISAGGREGATION OF ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES PAYABLE

Accounts and accrued liabilities payable as of December 31, 2018, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate are as follows:

		Governmental Funds			
	Genera Fund	Other General Governmental Fund Funds		Total	
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable:					
Vendors Other governments Accrued compensation	\$ 692, 137, 371,		\$	14,659 629	\$ 706,821 138,498 371,123
Due to others	•	709		181,988	 360,697
Total	\$ <u>1,379</u> ,	<u>863</u>	\$	197,276	\$ <u>1,577,139</u>
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Devables					iduciary Funds
Accounts and Accrued Liabilities Payable: Vendors Restitution payable					\$ 17,219 55,940
Total					\$ 73,159

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt

Certificates of obligations payable at December 31, 2018, are summarized as follows:

			Bonds		
	Interest Rate %	Issued	Maturity	Callable	Outstanding 12-31-18
Certificates of Obligation Bonds Taxable Series 2015	1.704 - 4.627	2015	2035	2025	2,535,000
Total					\$ 2,535,000

Certificates of obligation bond transactions for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Bonds outstanding, January 1, 2018	\$ 2,645,000
Maturities	(110,000)
Bonds outstanding, December 31, 2018	\$ <u>2,535,000</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Certificate of Obligation Bonded Debt - continued

The bond ordinances require that a tax be levied sufficient to pay current interest and create a sinking fund of not less than the amount to pay current principal and interest. The current year tax levy was set to utilize the excess fund balance above the bond ordinance requirement. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the amount of ad valorem taxes collected for interest and sinking were \$ 196,015, while the debt service requirements for principal and interest was \$ 191,737. The bond resolutions provide no express remedies in the event of default and make no provision for acceleration of maturity of the bonds.

On August 24, 2015 the County sold \$ 2,750,000 of Certificate of Obligation Bonds, Taxable Series 2015. These bonds were issued for the purpose of county-wide improvements to various capital assets within the County.

The following is a summary of certificate of obligation bond requirements by year as of December 31, 2018:

Year Ending December 31 ,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total <u>Requirement</u>
2019	\$ 115,000	\$ 77,963	\$ 192,963
2020	115,000	74,513	189,513
2021	120,000	70,988	190,988
2022	125,000	67,313	192,313
2023	130,000	63,488	193,488
2024-2028	715,000	255,113	970,113
2029-2033	840,000	137,219	977,219
2034-2035	375,000	13,209	388,209
Total	\$ <u>2,535,000</u>	\$ <u>759,806</u>	\$ <u>3,294,806</u>

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended December 31, 2018 are summarized as follows:

		Balance 01-01-18		Issues or Additions		ayments or spenditures		Balance 12-31-18		oue Within One Year
Governmental Type Activities:				_		_		_		_
Certificate of obligation bonds	\$	2,645,000	\$		\$	110,000	\$	2,535,000	\$	115,000
Capital leases		1,129,820				365,036		764,784		376,517
Compensated absences		450,170		362,954		323,812		489,312		489,312
Net pension liability		6,344,912		598,668		3,549,880		3,393,700		
Total OPEB liability		21,715,989		1,988,430		952,000		22,752,419		
Premium on bonds		53,129			_	3,057		50,072		3,057
Total governmental activities	\$_	32,339,020	\$_	2,950,052	\$_	5,303,785	\$_	29,985,287	\$_	983,886

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Changes in Long-Term Debt - continued

Bonded debt is funded primarily by property taxes from the Debt Service Fund. Compensated absences are payable by the fund in which the individual positions are budgeted. General Fund and the various special revenue funds have been used to fund current pension and OPEB costs.

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES PAYABLE

Capital Leases

The County has entered into several capital lease agreements for the purchase of vehicles and equipment. Payments for the leases during the year ended amounted to principal in the amount of \$365,036 and interest in the amount of \$35,514. Payments, including interest for vehicles and equipment are due as follows as of December 31, 2018:

Year Ended		
December 31,		
2019	\$ 400,0	84
2020	231,6	40
2021	88,3	46
2022	88,3	
Total future lease payments	808,4	14
Less: Amount representing interest	(43,6	
Less. Amount representing interest	(+5,0	<u>30</u>)
	\$ <u>764,7</u>	84

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 760 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioner's Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	Plan Year 2017	Plan Year 2018
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate	14.83%	14.83%
Matching ratio (County to employee)	2 to 1	2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility	60/8, 0/30	60/8, 0/30
(expressed as age/years of service)		

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2017 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	197
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	145
Active employees	245
	<u>587</u>

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates of 13.64% and 14.32% in calendar years 2018 and 2017, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended December 31, 2018 were \$ 1,394,280.

Net Pension Liability/Asset - The County's Net Pension Liability/Asset (NPL/NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability/Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.75% per year Overall payroll growth 3.25% per year

Investment Rate of Return 8.00%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2017 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation analysis for Matagorda County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation analysis for Matagorda County. This information may also be found in the Matagorda County December 31, 2017 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.25%
Inflation	2.75%
Long-term investment return	8.00%

The assumed long-term investment return of 8% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 8% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.25% (made up of 2.75% inflation and 0.5% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.6% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.25%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income, in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TCDRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on the January 2018 information for a 10 year horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon. The most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Geometric

Asset Class	<u>Benchmark</u>	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation)(2)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.55%
Private Equities	Cambridge Associates Global Private		
·	Equity & Venture Capital Index(3)	16.00%	7.55%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) index	1.50%	4.85%
International Equities – Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) index	11.00%	4.55%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI EM Standard (net) index	8.00%	5.55%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond I	ndex 3.00%	0.75%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	8.00%	4.12%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	10.00%	8.06%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securitie	S	
	Index ⁽⁴⁾	2.00%	6.30%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 3	3%	
•	FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate In	dex 2.00%	4.05%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	6.00%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁵⁾	5.00%	6.25%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
	Of Funds Composite Index	18.00%	4.10%
Total		100.00%	8.10%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2018 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.95%, per Cliffwater's 2018 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Discount Rate – The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payment results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.10%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8.00%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

		Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
		(a)	_	(b)		(a)-(b)	
Balance as of December 31, 2016 Changes for the Year:	\$	52,318,873	\$	45,973,961	\$	6,344,912	
Service cost		1,179,188				1,179,188	
Interest on total pension liability (1)		4,206,623				4,206,623	
Effect of plan changes (2)		, ,				-0-	
Effect of economic/demographic							
gains or losses		64,730				64,730	
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		253,616				253,616	
Refunds of contributions	(130,622)	(130,622)		-0-	
Contributions – employer				1,375,431	(1,375,431)	
Contributions – employee				649,226	(649,226)	
Net investment income				6,691,662	(6,691,662)	
Benefit payment,	(3,060,401)	(3,060,401)		-0-	
Administrative expense			(34,208)		34,208	
Other changes (3)	_		<u>(</u>	26,742)	_	26,742	
Balance as of December 31, 2017	\$ <u>_</u>	54,832,007	\$_	51,438,307	\$_	3,393,700	

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 8.10%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (7.10%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9.10%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (7.10%) Discount Rate (8.10%)		1% Increase In Discount Rate (9.10%)	
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 61,179,576 51,438,307	\$ 54,832,007 51,438,307	\$ 49,426,940 51,438,307	
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ <u>9,741,269</u>	\$ <u>3,393,700</u>	\$ <u>(2,011,367</u>)	

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 10 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Year Ended 12-31-17
\$ 1,179,188
4,206,623
-0-
34,208
(649,226)
(3,675,152)
,
(330,595)
203,281
241,049
26,743
\$ 1,236,119

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred atflows of esources	Deferr Inflows Resour	s of
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (3)		48,547 1,626,628 330,089 1,441,803	\$ 830 2,413),725 3,208
Totals	\$ <u>_3</u>	3,447,067	\$ <u>3,243</u>	3,93 <u>3</u>

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended December 31,		
2018	\$(43,672)
2019	ĺ.	115,916)
2020	į (475,779)
2021	į (603,302)
2022	,	-0-
Thereafter (4)		-0-

⁽³⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County's defined benefit OPEB plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits to plan members of the County. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Local Government Code Section 157.101 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to Commissioners Court. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided - The plan provides medical and prescription drug benefits for retirees. Benefits are provided by a self-insured plan through the Texas Association of Counties Health and Employee Benefits Pool for the medical plan under age 65. The Medicare Supplement is underwritten by Hartford Life & Accident Insurance Company. A Medicare supplement is available for Medicare eligible retirees with the County. The retiree is responsible for paying any additional costs for dependent coverage elected.

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of December 31, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	107
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	196
	·
	303

Contributions - Local Government Code Section 157.102 assigns to Commissioners Court the authority to establish and amend contribution requirements of the plan members. The County may contribute all, part of, or none of the premium payment. The County's contribution, if any, will be determined annually by Commissioners Court during the County budget process and will be effective on a fiscal year basis. The County does not contribute toward the cost of coverage for retirees who do not meet the eligibility requirements. The County pays no more for retiree healthcare than the premium it pays for active employees.

The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the total benefit payments made to the plan were \$ 952,000. The total benefit payments made include explicit benefit payments made by the County of \$ 952,000.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$ 22,752,419 was measured as of December 31, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Individual Entry-Age

Discount rate 4.10% Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 3.50%

Health care trend rates Initial rate of 8.00% grading to an ultimate rate of 5.00%

after 7 years

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Total Table with projection MP-2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31, 2017, as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System.

Discount Rate - For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the taxexempt municipal bond rate based on an index of a 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 4.10% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the "Bond Buyer GO-20 bond index").

Changes in Total OPEB Liability - The changes in the total OPEB liability as of December 31, 2018 are as follows:

	Total OPEB <u>Liability</u>
Service cost	\$ 1,073,574
Interest on total OPEB liability	914,856
Benefit payments	(952,000)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,036,430
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2017	<u>21,715,989</u>
Total OPEB liability, December 31, 2018	\$ <u>22,752,419</u>

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 4.10%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (3.10%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.10%) than the current rate:

	 6 Decrease In scount Rate (3.10%)	scount Rate (4.10%)	 Increase In scount Rate (5.10%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 26,671,301	\$ 22,752,419	\$ 19,648,784

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 8.00%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate of 1 percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1 percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease In	1%	Increase In		
	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate
		(7.00%)		(8.00%)		(9.00%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	19,374,080	\$	22,752,419	\$	27,118,478

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Total OPEB Expense:	Year Ended
Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability	\$ 1,073,574 <u>914,856</u>
Total OPEB expense	\$ <u>1,988,430</u>

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At December 31, 2018, the County did not report any deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

NOTE 12 - SELF INSURANCE HEALTH COVERAGE

During the year ended December 31, 2014 employees of the County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County contributed monthly per employee, spouse, child and family to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay contributions for dependents in excess of the County contribution. All contributions were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the self-funded pool. The plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2., Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the County and the third party administrator is renewable October 1, 2017, and terms of coverage and contribution costs are included in the contractual provisions. In accordance with state statute, the County was protected against unanticipated catastrophic individual or aggregate loss b stop-loss coverage carried through Texas Association of Counties Health Employee Benefit Program and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas, a commercial insurer licensed or eligible to do business in Texas in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code. Stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$ 100,000 and for aggregate loss. Other governmental entities and/or their employees contributed to the self-insurance pool which was operated under contractual provisions of Article 4413(32c), Interlocal Cooperation Act. Each member to the extent its benefit plan is self-insured, remain responsible for the payment of benefits under the benefit plan in the event HEBP fails to make such payments.

The internal service fund is funded by charges to the County's other funds and other governmental units and is based upon a predetermined fixed amount per employee, spouse, child and family. Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonable estimated. The County considers claims paid in the three months following the fiscal year end to be a reasonable estimate of claims liability.

2010

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		<u> </u>	2018
Unpaid claims, beginning	\$	134,530 \$	239,535
Claims incurred	:	2,418,383	1,874,753
Claims paid	<u>(</u>	<u>2,313,378</u>) <u>(</u>	1,935,263)
Unpaid claims, ending	\$ <u></u>	<u>239,535</u> \$	179,025

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 14 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

As of December 31, 2018, one fund of the County had a deficit fund balance as itemized below:

Fund Balances:
Special Revenue Funds:
Disaster Fund

\$ 525,418

Deficit balances will either be offset by future revenues or reimbursed by other funds. The disaster fund would be reimbursed by the General Fund.

NOTE 15 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended December 31, 2018, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund and various special revenue funds. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requirements of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the State of Texas Single Audit Circular (Uniform Grant Management Standards). A single audit was performed on the federal financial assistance programs as the federal financial assistance programs met the \$750,000 threshold, while the state financial assistance programs did not.

NOTE 16 - TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into property tax abatement agreements with taxpayers under the State Property Tax Abatement Act, Tax Code Chapter 312. Under the act, the County may enter into a local agreement with a taxpayer that exempts all or part of the increase in the value of the real property and/or tangible personal property from taxation for a period not to exceed 10 years. Tax abatements are an economic development toll available to the County to attract new industries and to engage in the retention and development of existing businesses through property tax exemptions or reductions.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the County abated property taxes totaling \$ 3,046,792 under this program, including the following tax abatement agreement:

• A 100 percent property tax abatement to a steel pipe production company for the construction of a new plant and to create 600 full-time jobs. The County agreed to recapture a prorated amount of abated taxes if the conditions of the agreement are not met through the claw back payment clause. The County's agreement determines the percentage amount and duration of the tax abatement which is not to exceed twenty-five years. In the case of the Company exceed the job target, the County committed to providing an additional "Surplus Job Credit" incentive to the Company.

NOTE 17 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through June 26, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Exhibit 9

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	General Fund								
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual Amounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	
Revenues: Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	18,224,360 769,100 330,547 4,221,014 390,000 160,000 95,500	\$	18,224,360 769,100 724,519 4,305,160 390,000 160,000 608,611	\$	19,654,986 772,907 1,539,362 4,515,569 491,568 247,789 635,117	\$	1,430,626 3,807 814,843 210,409 101,568 87,789 26,506	
Total revenues	_	24,190,521		<u>25,181,750</u>		27,857,298		2,675,548	
Expenditures Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services Community and economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures		5,612,767 3,664,792 3,620,967 2,478,067 1,301,390 1,051,692 5,926,668 159,860 342,695 29,623	_	5,659,014 3,681,426 4,129,554 2,523,946 1,328,462 1,130,243 5,645,596 2,451,473 366,494 34,056	_	5,295,201 3,480,619 3,960,204 2,375,258 1,289,160 1,017,848 4,811,496 1,768,649 365,036 35,514	<u>(</u>	363,813 200,807 169,350 148,688 39,302 112,395 834,100 682,824 1,458 1,458)	
·					_				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	<u> </u>	2,000 5,000 7,000)	<u></u>	1,768,514) 19,175 27,500 7,000)	<u> </u>	3,458,313 14,175 27,499 7,000)	(5,226,827 5,000) 1) -0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,000)		39,675	_	34,674	(5,00 <u>1</u>)	
Net change in fund balances		-0-	(1,728,839)		3,492,987		5,221,826	
Fund balances – beginning	_	12,946,792		12,946,792		12,946,792		-0-	
Fund balances – ending	\$	12,946,792	\$	11,217,953	\$	16,439,779	\$	5,221,826	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS
For the Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018
as of measurement date of December 31, 2017

Exhibit 10

		ear Ended cember 31, 2017		Year Ended ecember 31, 2016		ear Ended cember 31, 2015		ear Ended cember 31, 2014
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains)	\$	1,179,188 4,206,623 253,616	\$	1,245,749 4,084,781	\$	1,061,294 3,949,923 163,313) 559,506	\$	1,037,018 3,723,454
or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	<u>(</u>	64,730 3,191,023)	(1,306,164) 2,990,057)	(710,572) 2,868,547)	(629,628 2,734,719)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,513,134		1,034,309		1,828,291		2,655,381
Total Pension Liability – beginning		52,318,873		51,284,564		49,456,273		46,800,892
Total Pension Liability – ending (a)	\$	54,832,007	\$	52,318,873	\$	51,284,564	\$	49,456,273
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment Income net of investment expense Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	\$ ((1,375,431 649,226 6,691,662 3,191,023) 34,208) 26,742)	(1,273,638 601,183 3,299,098 2,990,057) 35,887) 837,728)	\$ ((1,250,595 592,700 252,706 2,868,547) 32,500) 272,746)	((1,149,603 537,553 2,975,354 2,734,719) 34,335) 427,674
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position		5,464,346		1,310,247	(1,077,792)		2,321,130
Fiduciary Net Position – beginning		45,973,961		44,663,714		45,741,506		43,420,376
Fiduciary Net Position – ending (b)	\$	51,438,307	\$	45,973,961	\$	44,663,714	\$	45,741,506
Net Pension Liability, ending (a)-(b)	\$	3,393,700	\$	6,344,912	\$	6,620,850	\$	3,714,767
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		93.81%		87.87%		87.09%		92.49%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	9,274,658	\$	8,564,214	\$	8,467,148	\$	7,679,332
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		36.59%		74.09%		78.19%		48.37%

Note – This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 67/68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS For the Ten Years Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 11

Year Ended December 31, (Measurement Date)	Actuarially Determined Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer Contribution ⁽¹⁾	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2009	\$ 872,032	\$ 872,032	\$ -0-	\$ 7,095,458	12.3%
2010	947,990	947,990	-0-	7,377,350	12.9%
2011	960,737	960,831	(94)	7,547,030	12.7%
2012	952,777	952,777	-0-	7,228,971	13.2%
2013	1,039,449	1,039,449	-0-	7,542,912	13.8%
2014	1,149,603	1,149,603	-0-	7,679,332	15.0%
2015	1,250,595	1,250,595	-0-	8,467,148	14.8%
2016	1,270,073	1,273,638	(3,565)	8,564,214	14.9%
2017	1,311,437	1,375,431	(63,994)	9,274,658	14.8%
2018	1,282,399	1,394,280	(111,881)	9,401,752	14.8%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2018

Exhibit 12

Total OPEB Liability	Year Ended December 31, 2018
Service cost Interest on the Total OPEB Liability Benefit payments	\$ 1,073,584 914,856 (<u>952,000</u>)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	1,036,430
Total OPEB Liability – Beginning	21,715,989
Total OPEB Liability – Ending	\$ <u>22,752,419</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ <u>7,592,004</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>299.69</u> %

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The fund budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The major funds, General Fund and Road and Bridge Fund, budget and actual comparisons are presented as Required Supplementary Information at the fund level.

Although the level of budgetary control is total revenues plus available fund balance, the County adopts its budget at a line-item level for managerial control purposes. Line item level is defined for revenue purposes as the type of revenue to be derived and for expenditures purposes by department and type of expenditures (salaries and wages and employee benefits; operating expenditures; and capital outlay). Budget amendments to transfer budgeted amounts from one line item to another may be made at the discretion of the Commissioners Court.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

District Attorney Legal/Law Fund – This fund is used to account for the transactions related to hot check fees of the district attorney's office and funds awarded to the County from forfeitures and state funds for the district attorney.

Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund – This fund is used to account for the transactions related to forfeited funds and inmate commissary sales.

County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund – This fund is used to account for the fees collected by the County Clerk for records management and preservation.

Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund – This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk for records management and preservation.

Courthouse Security Fund – This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Court, District Court and JP Court for courthouse security.

Justice Court Technology Fund – This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk specifically for justice court technology.

District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund – This fund is used to account for fees collected by the District Clerk for records management and preservation.

County & District Court Technology Fund – This fund is used to account for fees collected by the County Clerk specifically for county and district court technology.

Disaster Fund – This fund is used to account for the expenditures during Hurricane Harvey and during a state of emergency situation separate from regular operating transactions.

Joint Task Force Fund – This fund is used to account for receipts and disbursements related to the Joint Task Force activities including joint seizures by Matagorda County, City of Bay City and City of Palacios.

Intergovernmental Grants Fund – This fund is used to account for federal and state grants passed through to other governments.

Historical Commission Fund – This fund is used to account for grant proceeds and local match for the purpose of conducting a historic resource survey in Matagorda County.

CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund – This fund is used to account for grant funds associated with Presidentially declared disasters for long-term recovery efforts.

Matagorda Water & Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the receipts and disbursements related to the Texas Community Development Grant for the purpose of wastewater system improvements within the Matagorda County limits in Matagorda, Texas.

Juvenile Probation Fund – This fund is used to account for Texas Juvenile Justice Division grant fund for administering the juvenile probation program and for the receipt and disbursements of fees collected by the Juvenile Probation Department.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Debt Service Fund

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources from governmental resources and the payments of general obligation debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund – This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of those resources related to the retiring of the Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation issued for capital repairs and improvements to existing County buildings, and the payment of costs of issuance and professional services related thereto.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the capital projects spending related to the use of proceeds of the Series 2015 Certificates of Obligation.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018

,	_					<u>Special</u>
		District Attorney Legal/Law Fund		Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund		County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes	\$	154,047	\$	228,417	\$	388,250
Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		219	_		_	673
Total assets	_	154,266	_	228,417	_	388,923
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources			_		_	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u></u>	154,266	\$	228,417	\$_	388,923
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	28,636	\$	147,112 50	\$	9,506
Total liabilities	_	28,636		147,162	_	9,506
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources					_	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
Fund Balance: Restricted Unassigned	_	125,630		81,255	_	379,417
Total fund balance	_	125,630	_	81,2 <u>55</u>	_	379,417
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	<u> 154,266</u>	\$_	228,417	\$ <u>_</u>	388,923

Re	evenue Funds												
_	Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund		Courthouse Security Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		Court Technology		District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund		County & District Court Technology Fund		Disaster Fund
\$	53,881	\$	96,199	\$	23,153	\$	73,039	\$	85,521	\$			
	55		82		37				14				
-	53,936	_	96,281	_	23,190	_	73,039	_	85,535	_	-0-		
-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		
\$ <u>_</u>	53,936	\$ <u>_</u>	96,281	\$ <u>_</u>	23,190	\$_	73,039	\$_	85,535	\$	-0-		
\$		\$	5,601	\$		\$;	\$		\$	525,418		
-	-0-	_	5,601	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	525,418		
-	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		
_	53,936	_	90,680	_	23,190	_	73,039	_	85,535	<u>(</u>	<u>525,418)</u>		
_	53,936	_	90,680	_	23,190	_	73,039	_	85,535	(_	525,418)		
\$_	53,936	\$ <u>_</u>	96,281	\$_	23,190	\$ <u>_</u>	73,039	\$ <u></u>	<u>85,535</u>	\$ <u></u>	-0-		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - Continued December 31, 2018

December 31, 2018					Special
	_	Joint Task Force Fund	Intergovernmental Grants Fund		Historical Commission Fund
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:					
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Taxes Accounts	\$	38,251	\$	\$	18,771
Due from other governments Due from other funds		875			
Total assets		39,126	-0-		18,771
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources					
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-	-0-		-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	39,126	\$	\$	18,771
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:					
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue	\$	6,870	\$	\$	120
Total liabilities		6,870	-0-		120
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources					
Total deferred inflows of resources		-0-	-0-		-0-
Fund Balance: Restricted Unassigned		32,256		_	18,651
Total fund balance		32,256	-0-		18,651
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ <u></u>	39,126	\$	\$	18,771

Revenue	<u>Funds</u>
·	

	CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund		Matagorda Water & Sewer Fund		Juvenile Probation Fund		Total Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund
\$		\$		\$	105,603	\$	1,265,132 -0- 1,080 -0- 875	\$ 71,669 140,849 21,870	\$	1,078,753
_	-0-	_	-0-	_	105,603	_	1,267,087	 234,388	_	1,078,753
_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	 -0-	_	-0-
\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	105,603	\$	1,267,087	\$ 234,388	\$	1,078,753
\$		\$		\$	5,032 91,512	\$	197,276 531,069 91,512	\$	\$	
	-0-	_	-0-	_	96,544	_	819,857	 -0-	_	-0-
_		_		_	-0-		-0-	196,814	_	
_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		-0-	 196,814	_	-0-
_		_			9,059		972,648 525,418)	37,574	_	1,078,753
	-0-		-0-	_	9,059		447,230	 37,574		1,078,753
\$	-0-	\$ <u></u>	-0-	\$	105,603	\$	1,267,087	\$ 234,388	\$	1,078,753

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2018 Exhibit 13 Page 3 of 3

Total

	Nonmajor Government <u>Funds</u>	al
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources Assets:		
Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	\$ 2,415	5,554
Taxes	140),849
Accounts		,080,
Due from other governments Due from other funds	21 	,870 <u>875</u>
Total assets	2,580) <u>,228</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources		
Total deferred outflows of resources		-0-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ <u>2.580</u>) <u>,228</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:		
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$ 197	,276
Due to other funds		,069
Unearned revenue	91	,512
Total liabilities	819	9 <u>,857</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	10/	014
Deferred inflows of resources	196	<u>,814</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	196	5,814
Fund Balance:		
Restricted Unassigned	2,088	3,975 5 <u>,418</u>)
Unassigned	1 525) <u>,410</u>)
Total fund balance	1,563	3 <u>,557</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		
and fund balances	\$ <u>2,580</u>) <u>,228</u>



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

			Special
Down	District Attorney Legal/Law Fund	Sheriff & Jail Discretionary Fund	County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$	\$	\$
Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	38,210 355	5,458 41 <u>49,546</u>	160,390 2,135
Total revenues	38,565	55,045	162,525
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections & rehabilitation Community & economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	1,635	607 40,725	266,324
Total expenditures	1,635	41,332	266,324
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	36,930	13,713	(103,799)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	(27,499)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(27,499)		
Net change in fund balances	9,431	13,713	(103,799)
Fund Balance (Deficits): Beginning of year	116,199	67,542	483,216
End of year	\$ <u>125,630</u>	\$ <u>81,255</u>	\$379,417

	ue Funds					
Ma	ountywide Records anagement reservation Fund	Courthouse Security Fund	Justice Court Technology Fund	District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund	County & District Court Technology Fund	Disaster Fund
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	10,255	22,986	11,076	9,267	15,004	237,951
	198	358	75	296	316	12,330
	10,453	23,344	11,151	9,563	15,320	250,281
		7,310	3,262	6,988		
						13,880 2,400
	-0-	7,310		6,988	-0-	16,280
	10,453	16,034	7,889	2,575	15,320	234,001
	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
	10,453	16,034	7,889	2,575	15,320	234,001
	43,483	74,646	15,301	70,464	70,215	(759,419)
\$	53,936	\$90,680	\$\$	\$	\$85,535	\$ <u>(525,418</u>)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

				Special
		Joint Task Forces Fund	Intergovernmental Grants Fund	Historical Commission Fund
Revenues: Taxes	\$		\$	\$
Intergovernmental	•		12,000	•
Charges for services Investment income		38,551		80
Miscellaneous				
Total revenues		38,551	12,000	80
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections & rehabilitation		6,295	12,000	
Community & economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges				4,070
Total expenditures		6,295	12,000	4,070
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures		32,256	-0-	(3,990)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out				7,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-	-0-	7,000
Net change in fund balances		32,256	-0-	3,010
Fund Balance (Deficits): Beginning of year				15,641
End of year	\$	32,256	\$	\$ <u>18,651</u>

Revenue Funds

	CDBG Disaster Recovery Fund	1	latagorda Water & Sewer Fund		Juvenile Probation Fund		Probation Revenue			Debt Service Fund			Capital Projects Fund
\$	114,321	\$	165,404	\$	374,527 3,309 469	\$	-0- 904,203 314,506 4,323	\$	196,015 340	\$			
_	55,647		11,564				129,087						
	169,968		176,968		378,305		1,352,119		196,355		-0-		
	169,968		180,968		375,060		636,570 386,945 6,902 40,725 17,950 2,400 -0-				15,438		
							-0- -0-		110,000 81,737				
	169,968		180,968		375,060	_	1,091,492		191,737		15,438		
_	-0-	(4,000)		3,245		260,627		4,618	<u>(</u>	15,438)		
						<u>(</u>	7,000 27,499)						
_	-0-		-0-			(20,499)		-0-		-0-		
	-0-	(4,000)		3,245		240,128		4,618	(15,438)		
_	-0-		4,000		5,814		207,102		32,956		1,094,191		
\$	-0-	\$	-0-	\$	9,059	\$	447,230	\$	37,574	\$	1,078,753		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 14 Page 3 of 3

	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Fund</u> s
Revenues: Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 196,015 904,203 314,506 4,663
Total revenues	1,548,474
Expenditures: Current: General government Justice system Public safety Corrections & rehabilitation Community & economic development Infrastructure and environmental services Capital outlay Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	636,570 386,945 6,902 40,725 17,950 2,400 15,438 110,000 81,737 1,298,667 249,807
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out	7,000 (27,499)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(20,499)
Net change in fund balances	229,308
Fund Balance (Deficits): Beginning of year	1,334,249
End of year	\$ <u>1,563,557</u>



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 1 of 8

Variance With

		Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Final Budget Positive			
	Original Original		<i>-</i> AII	Final	Amounts			(Negative)		
General Government: County Judge: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	195,340	\$	197,447	\$	193,881	\$	3,566		
Operating expenditures	_	8,300	-	19,417		7,966	-	11,451		
Total County Judge		203,640	-	216,864	-	201,847	_	15,017		
Commissioners Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		43,249 107,500	_	44,524 137,946	_	42,974 130,902	_	1,550 7,044		
Total Commissioners Court	_	150,749	_	182,470	_	173,876	_	8,594		
County Clerk: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		379,988 35,100	_	379,988 34,687		370,888 28,795	_	9,100 5,892		
Total County Clerk		415,088	_	414,675	_	399,683	_	14,992		
Special District Services: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		749 4,401	_		_		_	-0- -0-		
Total Special District Services		<u>5,150</u>	_	-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-		
Non-Departmental: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		200,000 2,118,161 2,318,161	_	200,000 2,019,360 2,219,360		200,000 1,871,031 2,071,031	_	-0- 148,329 148,329		
Total Non-Departmental		2,310,101	-	2,219,300	_	2,071,031	_	140,329		
Election Cost: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Debt service expenditures		33,241 47,500 95,003	_	47,810 51,607 95,003		54,594 47,687 95,003	(6,784) 3,920 -0-		
Total Election Cost	_	175,744	_	194,420	_	197,284	(2,864)		
County Auditor: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Debt service expenditures		410,203 22,400 32,492	_	417,791 46,233 32,492		410,553 17,210 32,492	_	7,238 29,023 -0-		
Total County Auditor		465,095	_	496 <u>,</u> 516	_	460,255	_	36,261		
Human Resources: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	_	224,052 16,500	_	174,652 22,280	_	140,528 18,662	_	34,124 3,618		
Total Human Resources		240,552	_	196,932	_	159,190	_	37,742		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 2 of 8

								Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final		Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
General Government - Continued:									
County Treasurer: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	159,958 17,77 <u>5</u>	\$	162,880 17,869	\$	160,368 16,677	\$	2,512 1,192	
Total County Treasurer		177,733	-	180,749	_	177,045	_	3,704	
County Tax Assessor: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	_	619,817 78,200	-	619,819 78,200	_	600,381 61,023	_	19,438 17,177	
Total County Tax Assessor	_	698,017	_	698,019		661,404	_	36,615	
Information Services: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		143,941 286,060 10,000	-	149,098 296,060	_	143,969 288,567	-	5,129 7,493 -0-	
Total Information Services		440,001	_	445,158		432,536	_	12,622	
County Office Building: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		110,800	_	188,543 8,336		156,763 8,336	_	31,780 -0-	
Total County Office Building		110,800	-	196,879	_	165,099	_	31,780	
County Courthouse: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures Total County Courthouse	_	91,160 258,372 28,050 377,582	_	95,431 257,372 28,050 380,853		92,460 239,322 28,050 359,832	_	2,971 18,050 -0- 21,021	
Right of Way:		311,302	-	300,033		337,032	-	21,021	
Capital outlay expenditures		29,810	-	29,810	_	29,810	_	-0-	
Total Right of Way		29,810	-	29,810	_	29,810	_	-0-	
Total General Government		5,808,122	_	5,852,705	_	5,488,892	-	363,813	
Justice System: County Court: Operating expenditures		19,800		19,800		17,318		2,482	
Total County Court		19,800	-	19,800		17,318		2,482	
District Court: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		224,855 56,050 2,000	-	224,855 36,012 2,000	_	219,169 26,455	_	5,686 9,557 2,000	
Total District Court		282,905	-	262,867	_	245,624	-	17,243 (continued)	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 3 of 8

							Variance With Final Budget	
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)
Justice System – Continued: Court Expenditures: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	94,263	¢	104,734	¢	102,196	¢	2,538
Operating expenditures	<u>—</u>	377,120	Φ	388,247	<u> </u>	367,87 <u>1</u>	<u> </u>	2,536 20,376
Total Court Expenditures	_	471,383		492,981	_	470,067	_	22,914
Capital Murder Trial: Operating expenditures		69,410		29,890		29,890	_	-0-
Total Capital Murder Trial		69,410	_	29,890		29,890	_	-0-
District Clerk: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		313,080 24,277		298,425 38,932		273,029 33,380	_	25,396 5,552
Total District Clerk		337,357	_	337,357		306,409	_	30,948
District Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		740,130 62,750		741,930 73,461		709,721 62,807	_	32,209 10,654
Total District Attorney		802,880		815,391		772,528	_	42,863
Justice of the Peace Precinct #1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		170,955 11,100		174,714 11,100		170,654 10,283	_	4,060 817
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #1		182,055		185,814		180,937	_	4,877
Justice of the Peace Precinct #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		171,661 22,380		177,134 22,380		173,482 19,465	_	3,652 2,915
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #2		194,041		199,514		192,947	_	6,567
Justice of the Peace Precinct #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		164,527 8,750		165,797 8,670		162,119 6,789	_	3,678 1,881
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #3		173,277		174,467		168,908	_	5,559
Justice of the Peace Precinct #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		129,752 11,225		133,777 9,600		131,563 9,422	_	2,214 178
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #4		140,977	_	143,377		140,985	_	2,392
Justice of the Peace Precinct #6: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		104,812 6,550	_	104,812 8,050		102,837 7,099	_	1,975 951
Total Justice of the Peace Precinct #6		111,362		112,862		109,936	_	2,926 (continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 4 of 8

Variance With

	Rudaeted	I Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Justice System - Continued: County Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 388,629 36,260	\$ 384,559 40,330	\$ 370,631 39,149	\$ 13,928 1,181		
Total County Attorney	424,889	424,889	409,780	15,109		
Juvenile Probation Board: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	48,523	49,840	49,121	719		
Total Juvenile Probation Board	48,523	49,840	49,121	719		
Juvenile Probation: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	52,086 223,250	50,464 230,979	48,525 189,073	1,939 <u>41,906</u>		
Total Juvenile Probation	275,336	281,443	237,598	43,845		
Child Protective Services: Operating expenditures	50,740	70,740	70,740	-0-		
Total Child Protective Services	50,740	70,740	70,740	-0-		
Child Support: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	57,657 3,200	57,994 	56,049 1,644	1,945 1,55 <u>6</u>		
Total Child Support	60,857	61,194	57,693	3,501		
Law Library: Operating expenditures	21,000	21,000	20,138	862		
Total Law Library	21,000	21,000	20,138	862		
Total Justice System	3,666,792	3,683,426	3,480,619	202,807		
Public Safety: Emergency Management/911: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	141,841 68,520	146,770 210,733	145,127 203,951	1,643 <u>6,782</u>		
Total Emergency Management/911	210,361	357,503	349,078	8,425		
Fire Protection: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	50,800	128,031 45,61 <u>5</u>	95,970 65,61 <u>5</u>	32,061 (20,000)		
Total Fire Protection	50,800	173,646	<u>161,585</u>	12,061		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 5 of 8

Variance With

		Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Final Budget Positive		
	_	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Public Safety - Continued: Constable Precinct #1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$	21,912 13,120	\$	22,36 <i>2</i> 13,792		22,411 9,707	\$(49) 4,085	
							_		
Total Constable Precinct #1		35,032		36,15	<u>!</u> .	32,118	_	4,036	
Constable Precinct #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	_	12,312 11,750		12,770 13,693		13,150 11,352	(380) 2,341	
Total Constable Precinct #2	_	24,062		26,463	<u>}</u>	24,502	_	1,961	
Constable Precinct #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		21,912 4,730		22,333 7,300		22,374 3,265	(41) 4,035	
Total Constable Precinct #3		26,642		29,633	<u> </u>	25,639	_	3,994	
Constable Precinct #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		15,372 4,065		15,372 4,186		15,610 4,06 <u>5</u>	(238) 121	
Total Constable Precinct #4		19,437		19,558	<u> </u>	19,675	(117)	
Constable Precinct #6: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Total Constable Precinct #6		12,312 15,600 27,912		12,772 19,51 <u>!</u> 32,28	<u>.</u> .	13,151 18,279 31,430	(379) <u>1,236</u> 857	
	_	2,1,1,2		02,20		01/100		<u> </u>	
County Sheriff: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		2,741,771 441,550 90,000		2,982,962 473,563 	}	2,881,285 458,762 156,832	_	101,677 14,801 1,340	
Total County Sheriff	_	3,273,321		3,614,697	<u> </u>	3,496,879		117,818	
Department of Public Safety: Operating expenditures		4,000		4,000	<u>)</u> .	3,293	_	707	
Total Department of Public Safety		4,000		4,000	<u>)</u>	3,293	_	707	
Game Wardens: Operating expenditures		39,400		39,400	<u>)</u>	38,452		948	
Total Game Wardens	_	39,400		39,400)	38,452	_	948	
Total Public Safety		3,710,967		4,333,34	L.	4,182,651		150,690	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 6 of 8

				Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts			
Corrections and Rehabilitation: County Jail:						
9	1,987,547 488,020	\$ 2,007,046 514,400	\$ 1,941,352 431,506	\$ 65,694 82,894		
Total County Jail	2,475,567	2,521,446	2,372,858	148,588		
Adult Probation: Operating expenditures	2,500	2,500	2,400	100		
Total Adult Probation	2,500	2,500	2,400	100		
Total Corrections and Rehabilitation	2,478,067	2,523,946	2,375,258	148,688		
Health and Human Services:						
Veteran Service Officer: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	71,449	71,755	69,488	2,267		
Operating expenditures	7,700	7,700	2,205	5,495		
Total Veteran Service Officer	79,149	79,455	71,693	7,762		
Ambulance: Operating expenditures	597,275	<u>592,575</u>	592,575	-0-		
Total Ambulance	597,275	592,575	<u>592,575</u>	-0-		
Health Department: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	289,691 51,735	289,691 81,669	273,255 72,398	16,436 9,271		
Total Health Department	341,426	371,360	345,653	25,707		
Animal Control: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	90,870 92,951	92,402 92,951	88,684 90,636	3,718 		
Total Animal Control	183,821	185,353	179,320	6,033		
Human Services: Operating expenditures	64,300	64,300	64,500	(200)		
Total Human Services	64,300	64,300	64,500	(200)		
Mental Health: Operating expenditures	35,419	35,419	35,419			
Total Mental Health	35,419	35,419	35,419	-0-		
Total Health and Human Services	1,301,390	1,328,462	1,289,160	39,302		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 7 of 8

Variance With

	Rudaeteo	d Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive
- -	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Community and Economic Development: 521 Park:				
Operating expenditures \$_	5,000	\$5,000	\$4,794	\$ <u>206</u>
Total 521 Park	5,000	5,000	4,794	206
Fairgrounds: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	46,081 76,100	47,462 160,985	45,872 148,486	1,590 12,499
Total Fairgrounds	122,181	208,447	194,358	14,089
Marine: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	106,448 49,700	87,448 60,200	79,770 49,181	7,678 11,019
Total Marine	156,148	147,648	128,951	18,697
Cultural and Education: Operating expenditures	393,591	393,591	390,000	3,591
Total Cultural and Education	393,591	393,591	390,000	3,591
Agricultural Extension: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	198,545 23,200	170,318 62,756	119,468 56,379	50,850 6,377
Total Agricultural Extension	221,745	233,074	175,847	57,227
Home Economist Service: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	147,527 5,500	136,983 5,500	120,530 3,368	16,453 2,132
Total Home Economist Service	153,027	142,483	123,898	<u> 18,585</u>
Total Community and Economic Development	1,051,692	1,130,243	1,017,848	112,395
Infrastructure and Environmental Services:				
Transfer Station: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	126,157 379,520	160,329 354,484	146,253 322,768	14,076 31,716
Total Transfer Station	505,677	514,813	469,021	45,792

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BY FUNCTION, DEPARTMENT AND LEGAL LEVEL OF BUDGETARY CONTROL - GENERAL FUND - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 15 Page 8 of 8

Variance With

		Budgeted	mounts		Actual		Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Amounts			(Negative)
Infrastructure and Environmental Services - Continu Commissioner – Precinct #1:	ued:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	\$	523,532 774,252	\$	538,532 577,849 662,425	\$	509,268 449,857 546,161	\$	29,264 127,992 116,264
Debt service expenditures		108,176		108,176		108,176	_	-0-
Total Commissioner – Precinct #1		1,405,960		1,886,982	_	1,613,462	_	273,520
Commissioner – Precinct #2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures Debt service expenditures		634,713 714,555 69,168		630,158 367,311 957,104 69,168		539,700 269,688 523,682 69,168	_	90,458 97,623 433,422 -0-
Total Commissioner – Precinct #2		1,418,436		2,023,741	_	1,402,238	_	621,503
Commissioner – Precinct #3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		680,410 737,974		680,410 1,233,391 26,000		501,723 1,145,275 25,373		178,687 88,116 <u>627</u>
Total Commissioner – Precinct #3		1,418,384		1,939,801		1,672,371	_	267,430
Commissioner – Precinct #4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		546,998 808,557		570,199 532,933 533,961		501,275 425,689 384,790		68,924 107,244 149,171
Debt service expenditures		67,479		95,711		95,711	_	-0-
Total Commissioner – Precinct #4		1,423,034		1,732,804	_	<u>1,407,465</u>	_	325,339
Total Infrastructure and Environmental Services		6,171,491		8,098,141	_	6,564,557	_	1,533,584
Total Current Expenditures	\$	24,188,521	\$	26,950,264	\$	24,398,985	\$_	2,551,279

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Exhibit 16

Legal Level of Budgetary Control For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

		Debt Service Fund										
		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
Revenues: Taxes Investment income	\$	167,738	\$	167,738	\$ 196,015 340	\$	28,277 340					
Total revenues		167,738		167,738	196,355	-	28,617					
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges		110,000 81,738	_	110,000 81,738	110,000 81,737	-	-0- 1					
Total expenditures		191,738	_	191,738	191,737	-	1					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(24,000)	<u>(</u>	24,000)	4,618	-	28,618					
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out						-	-0- -0-					
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-		-	-0-					
Net change in fund balances	(24,000)	(24,000)	4,618		28,618					
Fund balances – beginning		32,956	_	32,956	32,956	-	-0-					
Fund balances – ending	\$	8,956	\$	8,956	\$37,574	\$_	28,618					



SCHEDULE OF REVENUÉS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	District Attorney Legal/Law Fund							
		Budgeted Original	ted Amounts Actual Final Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	45,000 400	\$	45,678 400	\$	38,210 355	\$((7,468) 45) -0-
Total revenues		45,400		46,078	_	38,565	(7,513)
Expenditures: Justice System: Operating expenditures Public Safety: Operating expenditures Corrections and Rehabilitation: Operating expenditures		16,300		18,915		1,635		17,280 -0- <u>-0-</u>
Total expenditures		16,300		18,915	_	1,635		17,280
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		29,100		27,163	_	36,930	_	9,767
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	(27,500)) <u>(</u>	27,500)	<u>(</u>	27,499)	_	-0- <u>1</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	(27,500)	(27,500)	<u>(</u>	27,499)		1
Net change in fund balances		1,600	(337)		9,431		9,768
Fund balances – beginning		116,199		116,199	_	116,199		-0-
Fund balances – ending	\$	117,799	\$	115,862	\$	125,630	\$	9,768

		Sheriff & Jail Dis	scre	tionary Fund	
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 	4,000 100 38,000 42,100	\$ 4,000 100 38,000 42,100	\$ _	5,458 41 49,546 55,045	\$ 1,458 (59) 11,546 12,945
					-0-
	13,100	13,100		607	12,493
	29,000	29,000	_	40,725	(11,725)
_	42,100	42,100	_	41,332	768
_	-0-		_	13,713	13,713
			_		-0- -0-
_	-0-	0-	_	-0-	
	-0-	-0-		13,713	13,713
_	67,542	67,542	_	67,542	-0-

<u>67,542</u> \$ <u>67,542</u> \$ <u>81,255</u> \$ <u>13,713</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUÉS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	County Clerk Preservation & Automation Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$	151,000 400	\$	151,000 400	\$	160,390 2,135	\$	9,390 1,735
Total revenues		151,400		151,400	_	162,525	_	11,125
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		215,644 6,000		300,976 6,000		266,324		34,652 6,000
Total expenditures		221,644		306,976	_	266,324	_	40,652
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(70,244)	(<u> 155,576</u>)	<u>(</u>	103,799)	_	51,777
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					_			-0- -0-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
Net change in fund balances	(70,244)	(155,576)	(103,799)		51,777
Fund balances – beginning		483,216	_	483,216	_	483 <u>,</u> 216	_	-0-
Fund balances – ending	\$	412,972	\$	327,640	\$	379,417	\$_	51,777

	Countywide Records Management Preservation Fund Variance With									
		I Amounts	Actual	Final Budget Positive						
_	Original	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	(Negative)						
\$	10,000 1,250	\$ 10,000 1,250	\$ 10,255 198	\$ 255 (1,052)						
_	11,250	11,250	10,453	(797)						
_	11,250	11,250		11,250 						
_	11,250	11,250	-0-	11,250						
_	-0-		10,453	10,453						
				-0-						
_										
_	-0-									
	-0-	-0-	10,453	10,453						
_	43,483	43,483	43,483	-0-						
\$	43,483	\$43,483	\$53,936	\$ <u>10,453</u>						

SCHEDULE OF REVENUÉS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	Courthouse Security Fund							
		Budgeted Original	Amou	nts Final		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$	19,000	\$	19,000	\$	22,986	\$	3,986
Investment income	Ψ 	200	Ψ	200	Ψ_	358	Ψ_	158
Total revenues		19,200		19,200	_	23,344	_	4,144
Expenditures: General Government: Operating expenditures Justice System: Operating expenditures		17,000		17,000	_	7,310	_	9,690
Total expenditures		17,000		17,000	_	7,310	_	9,690
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		2,200		2,200	_	16,034	_	13,834
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out					_		_	-0- -0-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-
Net change in fund balances		2,200		2,200		16,034		13,834
Fund balances – beginning		74,646		74,646	_	74,646	_	-0-
Fund balances – ending	\$	76,846	\$	76,846	\$_	90,680	\$_	13,834

	Justice Court Technology Fund										
	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	8,500 500	\$ 8,500 500	\$ 11,076 75	\$ 2,576 (425)							
_	9,000	9,000	11,151	2,151							
				-0-							
_	9,000	9,000	3,262	5,738							
_	9,000	9,000	3,262	5,738							
_	-0-	090	7,889	7,889							
_				-0- -0-							
_	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-							
	-0-	-0-	7,889	7,889							
_	15,301	15,301	15,301								
\$	15,301	\$ <u>15,301</u>	\$ <u>23,190</u>	\$ <u>7,889</u>							

SCHEDULE OF REVENUÉS, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

	District Clerk Records Management Preservation Fund							
	0	Budgeted riginal	Actual Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	Φ.	F (00		F (00	.		0.447	
Charges for services Investment income	\$	5,600	\$		\$ 9,267	\$	3,667	
investment income		200		200	<u>296</u>	_	96	
Total revenues		5,800		5,800	9,563	_	3,763	
Expenditures:								
General Government:								
Operating expenditures							-0-	
Justice System:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		1,579					-0-	
Operating expenditures		5,800		8,338	6,988	_	1,350	
Total expenditures		7,379		8,338	6,988	_	1,350	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,579)	(2,538)	2,575	_	5,113	
011 51 1 0 (11)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in							0	
Transfers out							-0- -0-	
Transiers out				 -		_	-0-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-0-		-0-	-0-		-0-	
Not ahanga in fund halanaa	/	1 [70]	,	2 520 \	2 575		Г 110	
Net change in fund balances	(1,579)	(2,538)	2,575		5,113	
Fund balances – beginning		70,464		70,464	70,464	_	-0-	
Fund balances – ending	\$	68,885	\$	67,926	\$	\$	5,113	

County	1 &	District	Court	Technology	Fund
Count	vα	DISHICL	Court	I CCI II IOIOU V	i uiiu

	Budgeted	Λmo	unts	<u>art</u>	Actual		ariance With Final Budget Positive	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
\$	7,500 160	\$	7,500 160	\$	15,004 316	\$_	7,504 156	
	7,660		7,660	_	15,320		7,660	
	7,000		7,000				7,000	
	4,860		4,860	_		_	-0- 4,860	
	11,860		11,860	_	-0-	_	11,860	
(4,200)	<u>(</u>	4,200)	_	15,320		19,520	
				_	_	_	-0- -0-	
	-0-		-0-	_	-0-	_	-0-	
(4,200)	(4,200)		15,320		19,520	
	70,215		70,215	_	70,215	_	-0-	
\$	66,015	\$	66,015	\$_	85,535	\$	19,520	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (NONMAJOR) – Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 17 Page 5 of 5

	Historical Commission Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Investment income	\$		\$	\$80	\$80			
Total revenues		-0-	0-	80	80			
Expenditures: Community and Economic Development: Operating expenditures		7,000	7,000	4,070	2,930			
Total expenditures		7,000	7,000	4,070	2,930			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,000)	(7,000)	(3,990)	3,010			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		7,000	7,000	7,000	-0- -0-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,000	7,000	7,000	-0-			
Net change in fund balances		-0-	-0-	3,010	3,010			
Fund balances – beginning		15,641	15,641	15,641	-0-			
Fund balances – ending	\$	15,641	\$ <u>15,641</u>	\$ <u>18,651</u>	\$3,010			



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -AGENCY FUNDS

Exhibit 18 Page 1 of 2

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

COUNTY OF EDIC TOUCT FUND.	Balance 01-01-18	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance 12-31-18
COUNTY CLERK TRUST FUND:				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>	\$ <u>14,695</u>	\$ <u>40,755</u>
DISTRICT CLERK TRUST FUND:				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities: Due to others	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>	\$ <u>1,012,258</u>	\$ <u>1,789,728</u>
INMATE TRUST FUND:				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 43,403	\$51,343	\$ 43,403	\$ 51,343
Total assets	\$ <u>43,403</u>	\$ <u>51,343</u>	\$43,403	\$ <u>51,343</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities: Due to others	\$43,403	\$ <u>51,343</u>	\$\$	\$ <u>51,343</u>
Total liabilities	\$ <u>43,403</u>	\$ <u>51.343</u>	\$ <u>43,403</u>	\$ <u>51.343</u>

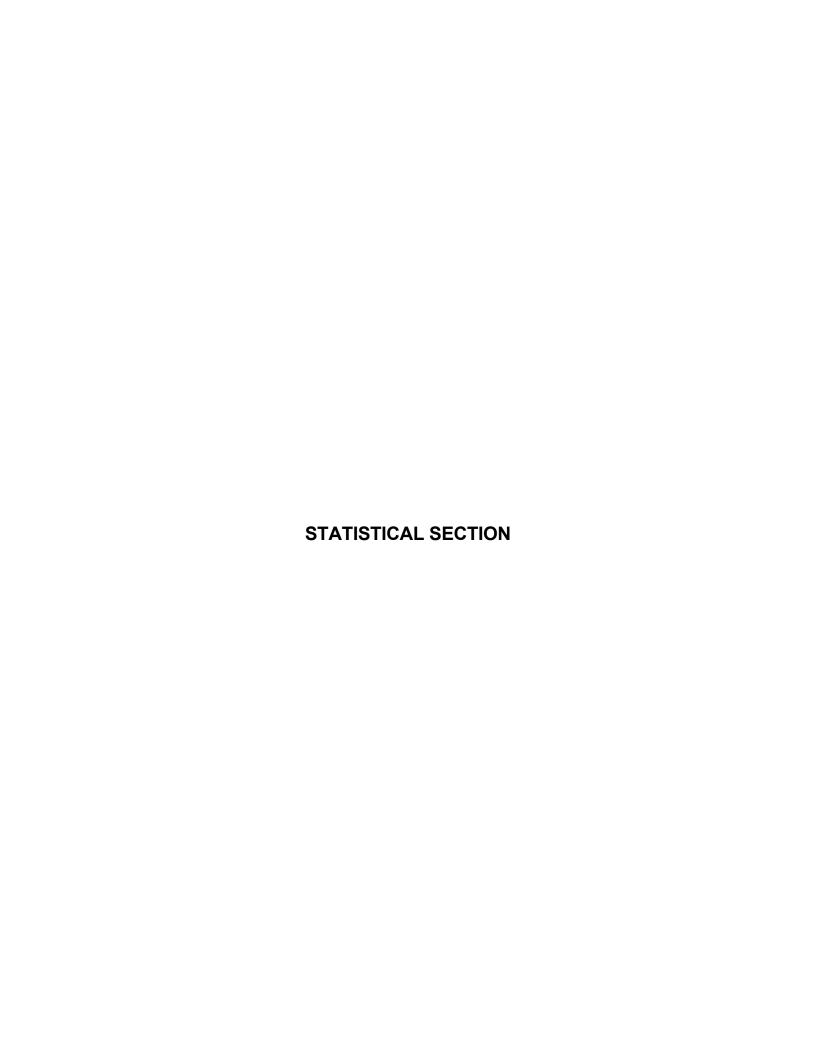
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - AGENCY FUNDS - Continued

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 18 Page 2 of 2

	Balance 01-01-18	Additions	Deductions	Balance 12-31-18	
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR FUND:					
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	
Total assets	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities: Due to other governments Due to others	\$ 178,145 92	\$ 169,678	\$ 178,145 <u>92</u>	\$ 169,678	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	\$ <u>178,237</u>	\$ <u>169,678</u>	
ADULT PROBATION FUND:					
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ <u>782,523</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$1,209,848	\$ 999,541	
Total assets	\$ <u>782,523</u>	\$ <u>1,426,866</u>	\$ <u>1,209,848</u>	\$ <u>999,541</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to others	\$ 51,020 731,503	\$ 73,159 1,544,052	\$ 51,020 1,349,173	\$ 73,159 926,382	
Total liabilities	\$ <u>782,523</u>	\$ <u>1,617,211</u>	\$ <u>1,400,193</u>	\$ <u>999,541</u>	
TOTALS – ALL AGENCY FUNDS:					
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ <u>2,031,116</u>	\$ 3,478,370	\$ 2,458,441	\$ 3,051,045	
Total assets	\$ <u>2,031,116</u>	\$ <u>3,478,370</u>	\$ <u>2,458,441</u>	\$ <u>3,051,045</u>	
Liabilities and Fund Balance					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to others Total liabilities	\$ 51,020 178,145 1,801,951 \$ 2,031,116	169,678 3,425,878	178,145 <u>2,419,621</u>	169,678 2,808,208	
i otai ilaviiities	ψ <u> </u>	Ψ <u> 3,000,713</u>	ψ <u>∠,040,700</u>	Ψ <u>J,UJT,U4J</u>	







Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of the County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and additional supplementary information say about the County's overall financial health.

<u>Content</u> <u>Page</u>

Financial Trends 110-117

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity 118-123

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity 124-127

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Indicators

128-129

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

130-135

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 1

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 19,522,703	\$ 17,819,411	\$ 16,381,686	\$ 16,401,437	\$ 15,782,772
Restricted	5,034	3,978	1,096,131	935,092	816,242
Unrestricted	9,800,301	8,393,819	6,238,050	<u>5,812,670</u>	5,930,480
Total governmental activities net position	\$ <u>29,328,038</u>	\$ <u>26,217,208</u>	\$ <u>23,715,867</u>	\$ <u>23,149,199</u>	\$ <u>22,529,494</u>

Source:

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Net Position)

Notes:

GASB 68 was implemented in 2015, and only 2014 ending balances have been restated. GASB 75 was implemented in 2018, and only 2017 ending balances have been restated.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
\$ 17,259,548 842,358 5,973,418	\$ 23,077,392 3,447,500 2,236,338	\$ 20,110,391 2,393,253 2,241,129	\$ 20,889,826 999,683 (<u>8,101,188</u>)	987,684	
\$ <u>24,075,324</u>	\$ <u>28,761,230</u>	\$ <u>24,744,773</u>	\$ <u>13,788,321</u>	\$ <u>15,847,757</u>	

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 2

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:	¢ 2,000,507	¢ 2.017.1E0	¢ 2 220 1E2	¢ 2.572.000	ф Э E 4 Л E Э 4
General government Justice system	\$ 2,800,507 3,402,444	\$ 2,916,150 3,673,061	\$ 3,238,152 3,617,128	\$ 3,573,090 3,393,214	\$ 3,564,536 3,492,513
Public safety	3,846,603	3,301,813	3,441,085	3,379,800	3,472,513
Corrections and rehabilitation	2,229,983	2,396,883	2,246,252	2,036,930	2,261,328
Health and human services	1,283,782	1,397,815	1,364,578	1,354,286	1,390,657
Community and economic development	1,597,919	2,002,462	2,289,523	1,324,645	5,213,574
Infrastructure and environmental services	6,335,128	7,742,526	6,881,349	5,671,712	6,342,332
Intergovernmental			290,001	2,604,849	566,199
Interest and fiscal charges	53,070	46,788	40,020	37,868	30,073
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ <u>21,549,436</u>	\$ <u>23,477,498</u>	\$ <u>23,408,088</u>	\$ <u>23,376,394</u>	\$ <u>26,474,189</u>
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
General government	\$ 1,241,539	\$ 1,234,096			
Justice system	1,069,513	682,049	897,829	783,258	1,062,915
Public safety	3,266,384	3,196,198	3,157,683	3,226,989	3,323,250
Corrections and rehabilitation Health and human services	145,540 45,980	267,029 70,070	128,297 63,717	93,515 61,074	109,428 63,339
Community and economic development	144,380	205,118	196,767	200,410	188,626
Infrastructure and environmental services	83,753	387,145	278,522	112,564	129,682
Operating grants and contributions	2,500,369	2,383,709	2,214,978	4,251,542	5,511,435
Capital grants and contributions				1,201,012	165,879
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,497,458	8,425,414	<u>8,165,152</u>	10,012,620	<u>11,859,295</u>
Net (expense) revenue	\$ <u>(13,051,978</u>) \$ <u>(15,052,084</u>]	\$ <u>(15,242,936)</u>	\$ <u>(13,363,774</u>)	\$ <u>(14,614,894</u>)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Positio	n				
Governmental Activities:					
Taxes		\$ 11,501,213			
Investment income	65,041	99,083	267,556	33,357	97,781
Miscellaneous	246,078	340,958	230,264	133,153	165,217
Total general revenues	\$ <u>11,471,658</u>	\$ <u>11,941,254</u>	\$ <u>12,741,595</u>	\$ <u>12,925,329</u>	\$ <u>13,995,187</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>(1.580,320</u>) \$ <u>(3,110,830</u>]) \$ <u>(_2,501,341</u>)	\$ <u>(438,445</u>)	\$ <u>(619,707</u>)

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Statement of Activities)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
\$	4,030,366	\$ 4,414,046	\$ 4,594,032	\$ 6,821,388	\$ 7,149,969	
	3,652,376	4,085,240	4,008,884	4,695,643	4,655,067	
	3,892,339	4,279,120	4,404,045	5,670,232	5,045,927	
	2,334,817	2,575,842	2,692,576	3,811,044	3,492,005	
	1,418,957	1,508,231	1,450,050	1,474,631	1,431,115	
	1,160,109	1,382,101	1,210,022	1,946,369	1,168,712	
	5,228,877	6,158,182	8,580,302	7,639,725	7,422,500	
	2,304,056	1,191,733	7,130,930			
	29,542	154,903	124,987	105,756	109,841	
\$_	<u>24,051,439</u>	\$ <u>25,749,398</u>	\$ <u>34,195,828</u>	\$ <u>32,164,788</u>	\$ <u>30,475,136</u>	
\$	1,325,694	\$ 1,388,439	\$ 1,373,609	\$ 1,694,057	\$ 2,118,407	
*	1,374,752	1,972,518	248,067	2,086,607	2,454,436	
	3,398,955	3,292,142	2,821,947	3,216,636	3,447,637	
	140,975	154,935	179,924	870,203	844,217	
	72,083	64,854	72,149	89,472	123,678	
	180,042	228,692	214,760	344,333	318,288	
	352,573	411,784	392,615	1,661,543	1,633,287	
	1,322,719	1,225,197	1,065,975	2,636,558	2,648,962	
	2,870,484	8,441,394	7,100,204	<u>37,636</u>	221,828	
_	2,070,101	<u> </u>	7,100,201	37,000	221,020	
_	<u>11,038,277</u>	17,179,955	13,469,250	12,637,045	13,810,740	
۱¢	12 012 162)	\$ <u>(8,569,443</u>)	¢(20 726 578)	¢(10 527 7 <i>1</i> 2)	\$(16,664,306)	
Ψ <u>Γ</u>	<u>13,013,102</u>)	Ψ <u>(0,007,443</u>)	Ψ <u>(20,720,370</u>)	Ψ <u>(17,321,143</u>)	Ψ <u>(10,004,370</u>)	
\$	14,269,367	\$ 15,272,676	\$ 16,392,558	\$ 18,533,031	\$ 17,932,603	
	107,161	46,471	144,532	262,237	259,431	
_	182,468	<u>167,131</u>	173,033	<u>150,187</u>	531,798	
ф	14 550 007	ф 1E 4O/ 270	ф 1/ 710 100	ф 10 O4E 4EE	ф 10 700 000	
\$_	<u>14,558,996</u>	\$ <u>15,486,278</u>	\$ <u>16,/10,123</u>	\$ <u>18,945,455</u>	\$ <u>18,723,832</u>	
\$ <u>_</u>	1,545,834	\$ <u>6,916,835</u>	\$ <u>(4,016,455</u>)	\$ <u>(582,288</u>)	\$ <u>2,059,436</u>	

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

ConsolEnd	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund: Non-spendable Restricted Committed	\$	\$ 282,669	\$ 292,680 931,516	\$ 387,339 1,027,113	\$ 337,048 1,224,842
Unassigned Unreserved	7,419,087	6,684,356	6,014,110	6,896,050	8,088,794
Total general fund	\$ <u>7,419,087</u>	\$ <u>6,967,025</u>	\$ <u>7,238,306</u>	\$ <u>8,310,502</u>	\$ <u>9,650,684</u>
All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted Unassigned	\$	\$ 1,100,257	\$ 1,103,170	\$ 894,586	\$ 816,480
Reserved Unreserved, Reported In:	4,924				
Special Revenue Funds	1,072,242				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ <u>1,077,166</u>	\$ <u>1,100,257</u>	\$ <u>1,103,170</u>	\$ <u>894,586</u>	\$ <u>816,480</u>
Total all governmental funds	\$ <u>8,496,253</u>	\$ <u>8,067,282</u>	\$ <u>8,341,476</u>	\$ <u>9,205,088</u>	\$ <u>10,467,164</u>

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds) GASB 54 implemented in 2010 resulting in change in fund balance categories.

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Table 3

	2014		2015	2016		2017			2018	
\$	617,348 1,654,219	\$	937,646 1,788,128	\$	408,330	\$	523,587	\$	893,161	
	7,925,903		7,623,601		1,436,849 9,056,754		1,686,685 10,736,520		1,487,792 14,058,826	
\$_	10,197,470	\$ <u></u>	10,349,375	\$ <u></u>	10,901,933	\$_	12,946,792	\$_	<u>16,439,779</u>	
\$	829,824	\$	3,432,048	\$	2,395,215	\$	2,093,668 759,419)	\$ (2,088,975 525,418)	
_		_		_		_		_		
\$ <u>_</u>	829,824	\$_	3,432,048	\$_	2,395,215	\$_	1,334,249	\$_	1,563,557	
\$_	11,027,294	\$_	13,781,423	\$_	<u>13,297,148</u>	\$_	<u>14,281,041</u>	\$_	18,003,336	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 4

D	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 11,124,689	\$ 11,422,107	\$ 12,219,087	\$ 12,766,067	\$ 13,790,874
Licenses and permits	818,549	813,885	792,739	794,878	780,770
Intergovernmental	2,478,021	2,130,808	2,255,663	4,273,126	5,679,217
Charges for services	4,524,898	4,959,784	4,622,755	4,445,502	4,692,877
Fines	415,196	358,715	409,390	379,955	359,083
Investment income	272,525	368,082	246,270	146,783	170,191
Miscellaneous	273,743	523,112	270,267	262,134	323,794
Total revenues	19,907,621	20,576,493	20,816,171	23,068,445	25,796,806
Expenditures:					
General government	2,646,612	2,683,735	2,805,567	3,067,887	3,262,721
Justice system	3,155,191	3,389,233	3,295,213	3,070,179	3,138,020
Public safety	3,547,744	2,967,366	3,090,014	2,996,188	3,206,246
Corrections and rehabilitation	2,018,431	2,161,546	2,087,751	1,906,351	2,102,157
Health and human services	1,208,428	1,316,134	1,261,528	1,254,709	1,283,214
Community and economic development	1,223,005	1,223,185	1,267,022	1,034,598	991,326
Infrastructure and environmental services	5,063,458	5,722,007	5,058,387	4,821,509	8,985,216
Intergovernmental	027 524	1,358,599	290,001	2,613,425	566,199
Capital outlay Debt Service:	927,524	1,300,099	1,388,221	1,059,886	1,145,088
Principal	130,000	135,000	145,000	212,555	278,751
Interest and fiscal charges	54,873	48,659	42,093	39,325	32,758
interest and issual charges			12,070	37,020	02,100
Total expenditures	<u>19,975,266</u>	21,005,464	20,730,797	22,076,612	24,991,696
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(67,645)	<u>(428,971</u>)	85,374	991,833	805,110
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	17.110	50.450	70.050	40.405	00.500
Transfers in	67,612	53,450	70,053	40,695	33,500
Transfers out	(67,612)	(53,450)	(70,053)	(40,695)	(33,500)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset			188,820		456,965
Issuance of capital lease Issuance of certificates of obligation bonds			100,020		400,900
Premium on issuance					
1 remidiff of issuance					
Total other financing sources (uses)	-0-	-0-	188,820	-0-	<u>456,965</u>
Extraordinary items	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
Net change in fund balances	\$ <u>(67,645)</u>	\$ <u>(428,971</u>)	\$ <u>274,194</u>	\$ <u>991,833</u>	\$ <u>1,262,075</u>
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.2%	1.3%

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports (Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances).

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
\$ 13,286,586 805,842	\$ 14,171,108 766,767	\$ 16,833,700 770,097	\$ 18,184,334 756,759	\$ 19,851,001 772,907	
3,465,873	9,719,811	8,304,186	2,512,824	2,443,565	
4,923,019	4,985,894	4,431,355	4,417,327	4,830,075	
406,122	420,317	429,327	435,100	491,568	
189,396	167,131	173,033	259,106	252,452	
1,150,101	306,915	343,087	311,556	764,204	
24,226,939	30,537,943	31,284,785	26,877,006	29,405,772	
3,112,170	3,320,691	4,819,501	5,662,847	5,931,771	
3,239,914	3,626,356	3,540,786	3,611,473	3,867,564	
3,437,289	3,750,060	3,821,650	4,129,307	3,967,106	
2,159,036	2,358,621	2,455,704	2,347,663	2,415,983	
1,297,399	1,339,962	1,342,124	1,344,985	1,289,160	
1,025,094	1,193,530	1,074,855	1,722,320	1,035,798	
5,252,783	5,787,483	5,980,068	4,037,783	4,813,896	
2,304,056	989,112	6,442,116			
1,662,313	8,807,972	1,569,425	3,016,712	1,784,087	
303,265	512,668	594,965	456,156	475,036	
24,858	132,629	127,864	112,560	117,251	
23,818,177	31,819,084	31,769,058	26,441,806	25,697,652	
408,762	<u>(1,281,141</u>)	(484,273)	435,200	3,708,120	
34,500	34,500	34,500	34,500	34,499	
(34,500)		(34,500)	(34,500)	,	
(01/000	, (01,000)	(01,000)	12,148	14,175	
151,371	1,224,946 2,750,000 60,325		536,545		
151,371	4,035,271	-0-	548,693	<u>14,175</u>	
-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-	
\$ <u>560,133</u>	\$ <u>2,754,130</u>	\$ <u>(484,273</u>)	\$ <u>983,893</u>	\$ <u>3,722,295</u>	
1.5%	2.8%	2.4%	2.4%	2.5%	

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 5

Fiscal Year	Assessed Real Property	 Assesses Non-Real Property	1	Less: Fax-exempt Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	 Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Taxable Value
2009	\$ 4,381,977,682	\$ 95,029,605	\$(491,074,920) \$	3,985,932,367	0.274980	\$ 3,985,932,367	100.00%
2010	3,533,533,063	1,116,722,810	(510,369,654)	4,139,886,219	0.274780	4,139,886,219	100.00%
2011	3,412,943,688	1,553,978,640	(552,937,135)	4,413,985,193	0.281620	4,413,985,193	100.00%
2012	4,085,451,154	950,761,254	(546,317,547)	4,489,894,861	0.298780	4,489,894,861	100.00%
2013	3,997,000,381	1,127,092,670	(560,957,690)	4,563,135,361	0.320990	4,563,135,361	100.00%
2014	2,347,521,763	2,791,886,570	(559,982,098)	4,579,426,235	0.358670	4,579,426,235	100.00%
2015	3,179,148,560	1,660,523,790	(579,127,165)	4,260,545,185	0.395680	4,260,545,185	100.00%
2016	3,535,169,802	1,477,166,650	(746,127,230)	4,266,209,222	0.419980	4,266,209,222	100.00%
2017	3,860,625,616	1,442,071,480	(994,209,738)	4,308,487,358	0.418980	4,308,487,358	100.00%
2018	4,485,887,994	1,538,427,351	(1,576,741,549)	4,447,573,796	0.417580	4,447,573,796	100.00%

Source: Matagorda County Central Appraisal District



DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

Table 6

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
	Tax Rate				
Cities: Bay City Palacios	0.52934	0.56424	0.56981	0.57191	0.56794
	0.72717	0.81316	0.85787	0.85787	0.85787
School Districts: Bay City ISD Matagorda ISD Palacios ISD Tidehaven ISD Van Vleck ISD	1.32000	1.32000	1.32000	1.32000	1.32394
	1.14924	1.16361	1.16720	1.17000	1.16373
	1.06000	1.06000	1.08500	1.09500	1.10000
	1.03500	1.00500	1.00500	1.19864	1.21760
	1.01000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000	1.04000
Matagorda County: County	0.27498	0.27478	0.28162	0.29878	0.32099
Utility Districts: Beach Road Municipal Utility District Caney Creek Municipal Utility District	0.11302	0.11661	0.11909	0.12549	0.12943
	0.36229	0.36243	0.37594	0.38161	0.39387
Special Districts: Coastal Plains Groundwater District Matagorda County Conservation &	0.00448	0.00448	0.00448	0.00479	0.00476
Reclamation Matagorda County Drainage District #1 Matagorda County Drainage District #1 Matagorda County Drainage District #3 Matagorda County Drainage District #4	0.00497	0.00481	0.00456	0.00470	0.00522
	0.09329	0.09627	0.09628	0.09524	0.08600
	0.06200	0.04384	0.03691	0.03366	0.03731
	0.01700	0.01700	0.01700	0.01700	0.01500
	0.18097	0.21448	0.23000	0.22311	0.22380
Matagorda County Hospital District Matagorda County Navigation District #1 Matagorda County Palacios Seawall	0.18588 0.03793	0.18851 0.03874	0.20003 0.03874	0.23163 0.03938	0.25600 0.03872
Commission Matagorda County Water Control Improvement District #2	0.01700	0.01736	0.01700	0.01820	0.01650
	0.14799	0.14850	0.17494	0.17494	0.20745
Matagorda County Water Control Improvement District #6 Port of Bay City Authority	0.23000 0.03245	0.23493 0.03116	0.24955 0.03175	0.26632 0.03284	0.26632 0.03645

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor and Palacios ISD Tax Assessor

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate	Tax Rate
0.60209	0.60209	0.60209	0.65500	0.65500
0.85787	0.84000	0.84000	0.85351	0.85351
1.34064	1.34064	1.33120	1.43701	1.55222
1.14831	1.15074	1.14587	1.13958	1.13541
1.10500	1.13500	1.13500	1.13500	1.13500
1.33118	1.37897	1.26111	1.25540	1.22275
0.98840	1.03410	1.01400	1.01400	1.25325
0.35867	0.39568	0.41998	0.41898	0.41758
0.13454	0.13317	0.14102	0.13811	0.13641
0.39000	0.39387	0.38865	0.38918	0.40008
0.00495	0.00500	0.00499	0.00478	0.00478
0.00577	0.00646	0.00691	0.00721	0.00765
0.07750	0.07158	0.06554	0.05138	0.04178
0.04590	0.05287	0.05132	0.05107	0.05230
0.01500	0.01500	0.01635	0.01825	0.02089
0.22249	0.25000	0.26629	0.24150	0.23800
0.27624	0.30147	0.31270	0.32096	0.32159
0.04681	0.04427	0.04442	0.04474	0.04533
0.01761	0.01761	0.01786	0.01841	0.01945
0.21179	0.21179	0.20055	0.20292	0.19822
0.26632	0.25511	0.25511	0.25511	0.25511
0.04044	0.04539	0.04856	0.05072	0.05389

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018				2009	
	2018 Taxable		% of Total		2009 Taxable		% of Total
	Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
NDC	ф 7 27 202 500	1	1/ 500/		ф 1 074 2/7 042	1	27.0507
NRG	\$ 737,393,580		16.58%		\$ 1,074,367,942	I	26.95%
Tres Palacios Gas Storage	216,184,450		4.86%				
Equistar Chemical, LP	141,512,300	3	3.18%		190,058,810	2	4.77%
Ingleside Ethylene, LLC	133,780,000	4	3.01%				
Oxea Corporation	112,936,240	5	2.54%		74,495,240	3	1.87%
Williams Fld Svcs - Gulf Coast C	Co. 91,348,220	6	2.05%		35,488,360	9	0.89%
Kinder Morgan Texas Pipeline	69,326,670	7	1.56%				
Texas Brine Corporation	62,035,970	8	1.39%				
AEP Texas Central Company	55,099,470	9	1.24%				
Celanese LTD Chemical	49,448,530	10	1.11%		33,760,990	10	0.85%
Flint Hills Resources Inv					73,317,920	4	1.84%
Valerus Compression Services					49,903,900	5	1.25%
Square Mile Energy, LLC					44,276,200	6	1.11%
Midtex Gas Storage Company					36,956,570	7	0.93%
Devon Energy Production					35,593,420	8	0.89%
Total	\$ <u>1,669,065,430</u>		37.52%		\$ <u>1,648,219,352</u>		41.35%
Total Taxable Assessed Value	\$ <u>4,447,573,796</u>				\$ <u>3,985,932,367</u>		

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor

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Table 8

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

						_		Within the of the Levy			_	Total Collec	tions to Date	_
_	Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of Fiscal Year End	Ac	ljustments	Adjusted Levy		Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years		_	Amount	Percentage of Levy	_
	2009	\$ 11,384,047	\$(36,452) \$	11,347,595	\$	11,315,231	99.71%	\$	3,628	\$	11,318,859	99.75%	6
	2010	12,129,877	(19,938)	12,109,939		12,080,093	99.75%		3,814		12,083,907	99.79%	0
	2011	12,644,542	(203,558)	12,440,984		12,407,390	99.73%		5,337		12,412,727	99.77%	0
	2012	13,635,349	(298,185)	13,337,164		13,285,597	99.61%		9,729		13,295,326	99.69%	0
	2013	14,701,308	(1,021,222)	13,680,086		13,614,562	99.52%		18,555		13,633,117	99.66%	0
	2014	15,282,252		25,106	15,307,358		14,122,704	92.26%		1,115,680		15,238,384	99.55%	0
	2015	16,882,334	(64,509)	16,817,825		16,034,255	95.34%		694,130		16,728,385	99.47%	6
	2016	18,101,810		46,842	18,148,652		17,604,870	97.00%		398,152		18,003,022	99.20%	0
	2017	18,638,936		17,362	18,656,298		18,403,238	98.64%				18,403,238	98.64%	6
	2018	18,813,107	(34,403)	18,778,704		5,615,533	29.90%				5,615,533	29.90%	6

Source: Matagorda County Tax Assessor-Collector

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS
RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 9

		G	ove	rnmental Activi	ties				
Fiscal Year	Certificates of Obligation ¹		Capital <u>Leases</u>		Total Outstanding Debt		Percentage of Personal Income	Population	Debt per Capita
2009	\$	1,105,000	\$		\$	1,105,000	0.10%	37,265	29.65
2010		970,000				970,000	0.09%	36,978	26.23
2011		825,000		188,820		1,013,820	0.08%	36,763	27.58
2012		675,000		126,265		801,265	0.07%	36,809	21.77
2013		520,000		459,478		979,478	0.08%	36,547	26.80
2014		355,000		620,634		975,634	0.08%	36,592	26.66
2015		2,987,310		1,359,864		4,347,174	0.32%	36,519	119.04
2016		2,804,294		944,431		3,748,725	0.26%	36,770	101.95
2017		2,698,129		1,129,820		3,827,949	0.26%	37,187	102.94
2018		2,585,072		764,784		3,349,856	0.22%	36,840	90.93

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

¹ Presented net of original issuance premiums

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Go	overnm	ental Activit				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds(1)	Availa	Amounts ble in Debt ce Fund(2)		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property(3)	Per Capita(4)
	, ,		· · · · ·				
2018	\$ 2,585,072	\$	37,574	\$	2,547,498	0.06%	69
2017	2,698,129		32,956		2,665,173	0.06%	72
2016	2,804,294		26,002		2,778,292	0.07%	76
2015	2,987,310		6,191		2,981,119	0.07%	82
2014	355,000		14,657		340,343	0.01%	9
2013	520,000		18,055		501,945	0.01%	14
2012	675,000		13,787		661,213	0.01%	18
2011	825,000		11,363		813,637	0.02%	22
2010	970,000		7,505		962,495	0.02%	26
2009	1,105,000		4,924		1,100,076	0.03%	30

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Detailed Notes on all Funds)

- 1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental activities, net of original issue premiums.
- 2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments.
- 3) See the of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on page 118 for property value data.
- 4) Population date can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 128.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT As of December 31, 2018 Table 11

Governmental Unit	(Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable		Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
City of Bay City City of Palacios	\$	12,421,721 4,280,000	100.00% 100,00%	\$	12,421,721 4,280,000
Tidehaven ISD		64,415,470	100.00%		64,415,470
Palacios ISD		6,258,898	94.08%		5,888,121
Bay City ISD		94,747,263	100.00%		94,747,263
Van Vleck ISD		66,603,768	100.00%		66,603,768
Matagorda County Navigation District #1		1,160,000	100.00%		1,160,000
Caney Creek Municipal Utility District		2,611,000	100.00%		2,611,000
Beach Road Municipal Utility District		647,190	100.00%	_	647,190
Sub-total Overlapping Debt					252,774,533
Matagorda County, Texas direct debt				_	3,349,856
Total Direct & Overlapping Debt				\$_	<u>256,124,389</u>

Source: Outstanding debt and applicable percentages provided by each governmental unit.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with geographic boundaries of the County. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the property taxpayers of the County. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the property taxpayers should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible forepaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 12

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013			
Debt limit	\$ 597,889,855	\$ 620,982,933	\$ 1,103,496,298	\$ 1,122,473,715	\$ 1,140,783,840			
Total net debt applicable to limit	1,100,076	977,505	813,637	661,213	501,945			
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>596,789,779</u>	\$620,005,428	\$ <u>1,102,682,661</u>	\$ <u>1,121,812,502</u>	\$ <u>1,140,281,895</u>			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.18%	0.16%	0.07%	0.06%	0.04%			
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018			
Debt limit	\$ 1,144,856,559	\$ 1,062,200,105	\$ 1,066,552,306	\$ 1,074,456,667	\$ 1,109,345,951			
Total net debt applicable to limit	349,747	2,936,191	2,830,296	2,665,173	2,547,498			
Legal debt margin	\$ <u>1,144,506,812</u>	\$ <u>1,059,263,914</u>	\$ <u>1,063,722,010</u>	\$ <u>1,071,791,494</u>	\$ <u>1,106,798,453</u>			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.03%	0.28%	0.27%	0.25%	0.23%			
		Legal Debt Margir	n Calculation for the	e Current Fiscal Ye	ear			
	Assessed Value Debt Limit (25% of		\$ 4,447,573,796 1,111,893,449					
	Debt Applicable to General Obliga Less: Amount	2,585,072						
	General Obliga		37,574					
	Total Net Debt Ap	oplicable to Limit			2,547,498 \$ 1,109,345,951			
	Legal Debt Margin							

Sources: Matagorda County Appraisal District and Matagorda County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table	13

 Fiscal Year	Population(1)	Per Capita Income (1)	Personal Income (Thousands of Dollars)	Public School Enrollment(2)	Unemployment Rate(3)
2018	36,840	\$ 40,827	\$ 1,504,079	7,255	5.7%
2017	37,187	39,090	1,453,644	7,150	6.7%
2016	36,770	39,493	1,452,173	7,264	7.8%
2015	36,519	37,324	1,363,043	7,121	7.3%
2014	36,592	35,426	1,296,291	7,022	6.7%
2013	36,547	33,696	1,231,490	7,009	9.1%
2012	36,809	33,287	1,225,279	7,096	9.4%
2011	36,763	32,955	1,211,531	7,159	16.4%
2010	36,978	30,409	1,124,476	7,182	10.3%
2009	37,265	28,809	1,073,586	7,373	7.0%

- Sources: (1) Bureau of Economic Analysis (2) Texas Education Agency

 - (3) Texas LMCI Tracer 2

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Table 14

		2018			2009	
	Number		% of Total	Number		% of Total
	of		County	of		County
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	Rank	<u>Employment</u>	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	<u>Employment</u>
South Texas Project	1,166	1	7.51%	1,189	1	7.46%
Tenaris	702	2	4.52%	1,107	'	7.4070
Bay City ISD	537	3	3.46%	641	2	4.02%
Matagorda Hospital	301	4	1.94%	234	6	1.47%
Matagorda County	241	5	1.55%	247	4	1.55%
Palacios ISD	223	6	1.44 %	246	5	1.54%
Oxea	183	7	1.18 %	138	10	0.87%
Lyondell	160	8	1.03 %			
City of Bay City	152	9	0.98 %	212	7	1.33%
Van Vleck ISD	158	10	1.02%	167	8	1.05%
Wal-Mart	135		0.87%	271	3	1.70%
Tidehaven ISD	140		0.90%	145	9	0.91%
Total	4,098		26.40%	3,490		21.90%

Source: Texas LMCI Tracer – Total County employment for current year

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 15

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government	34	34	34	34	34	35	32	31	30	36
Justice system	37	37	37	34	34	34	42	36	42	47
Public safety	47	48	48	49	49	48	45	42	42	46
Corrections & rehabilitation	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	53	53
Health & human services	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	8
Community & economic										
development	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	7	8	9
Infrastructure & environmen	tal									
services	<u>35</u>	33	37	37	37	39	32	33	34	39
Total	205	204	208	206	206	208	203	192	217	238

Source: Human Resources and Auditor's Office



MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 16

Function	2009	2010	Fiscal Year 2011	2012	2013
General Government:					
Births filed	389	404	386	355	474
Deaths filed	258	273	258	287	281
Marriage license applications	265	321	327	328	309
Registered voters	20,806	21,116	20,543	21,358	20,525
Auto titles	5,489	4,513	5,491	5,686	5,731
Justice System					
District Court					
Civil cases filed	764	399	425	386	383
Civil case dispositions	933	414	330	371	304
Criminal cases filed	538	718	413	379	488
Criminal case dispositions	548	879	483	554	553
County Court					
Civil cases filed	52	64	75	67	74
Civil case dispositions	30	65	71	61	67
Criminal cases filed	935	968	986	1,001	982
Criminal case dispositions	1,073	1,096	4,955	1,112	989
Justices of the Peace					
Civil cases filed	408	363	385	374	416
Civil case dispositions	166	141	181	866	413
Criminal cases filed	6,599	5,351	4,955	3,931	3,381
Criminal case dispositions	5,153	3,848	4,626	5,500	3,566
Public safety					
Total calls for service	7,851	7,863	7,976	7,605	6,262
Total arrests	744	970	791	680	800
	,	770	,,,	300	000
Corrections and Rehabilitation	1 500	1 722	1 000	1 201	2.017
Number of inmates per year	1,582	1,732	1,808	1,391	2,017
Health and Human Services					
Food permits issued	245	250	249	242	234
Food inspections	362	*	*	*	*
Septic permits issued	104	123	111	97	109
Building permits issued	367	375	333	297	330
Electrical permits issued	210	446	498	510	488

Sources: Various County department records *: Information not available

Fiscal Year					
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
571	514	545	596	440	
284	286	293	311	280	
276	307	325	324	282	
20,978	20,656	21,535	21,352	21,153	
5,717	5,621	5,561	5,093	5,369	
307	337	435	464	847	
355	254	217	266	793	
334	260	360	465	326	
508	512	560	424	451	
000	0.12	000		10.1	
73	58	63	83	66	
58	88	78	63	59	
850	729	784	719	603	
1,013	942	1,017	658	740	
1,013	742	1,017	030	740	
414	418	416	406	862	
368	396	361	367	685	
3,452	2,906	3,068	3,539	4,355	
2,032	2,412	2,719	2,779	3,765	
6,552	7,287	7,513	7,571	10,025	
799	718	727	807	832	
2,083	1,866	1,075	1,322	2,199	
2,000	.,000	.,6.0	.,022	=7.77	
238	253	266	244	249	
*	*	*	*	*	
148	124	136	157	158	
373	290	281	372	385	
516	100	100	571	481	
2.0			-··		

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 17

	Fiscal Year						
<u>Function</u>	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		
General Government Buildings	42	42	42	42	42		
Public Safety Sheriff vehicles Fire and ambulance	48 48	55 48	53 48	53 48	46 50		
Infrastructure and Environmental Services County roads (miles) County bridges	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87		
Community and Economic Development County parks	9	9	9	9	9		

Sources: Various County department records

Fiscal Year						
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
42	42	42	43	44		
48 51	49 51	49 51	53 51	52 54		
1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87	1,126 87		
9	9	9	9	9		







Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 El Campo Office: 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Matagorda County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2018-001, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Herrener, Masters & Hungford, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 26, 2019

Kennemer, Masters & Lunsford

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS Limited Liability Company

Lake Jackson Office: 8 West Way Court Lake Jackson, Texas 77566 979-297-4075 Angleton Office: 2801 N. Velasco Suite C Angleton, Texas 77515 979-849-8297 El Campo Office: 201 W. Webb El Campo, Texas 77437 979-543-6836

Independent Auditor's Report
On Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal
Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Matagorda County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2018.

 $www.\ kmandl.com-Email:\ kmkw@kmandl.com$

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court of Matagorda County, Texas

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Herrener, Masters & Hungford, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas June 26, 2019

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. One internal control finding, required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No
 - 7. Major programs include:
 - 14.228 Community Development Block Grant
 - 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000.
 - 9. Low Risk Auditee: Yes.
- II. Findings related to the financial statements.
 - 1. Schedule Reference Number 2018-001: Lack of control over the bank reconciliation process.

Criteria: The County is expected to perform bank reconciliations in a timely manner to mitigate potential risks related to cash and the proper recording of cash transactions.

Condition: The County did not perform bank reconciliations for at least three major bank accounts during the year ended December 31, 2018. The County performed the bank reconciliations on these three accounts subsequent to the end of the year upon the arrival and request of the external auditors.

Cause: The lack of control over the bank reconciliation process was caused by a lack of experience which resulted in a lack of oversight and performance of timely bank reconciliations. There was a new County Treasurer in the year ended December 31, 2018 and this resulted in a lack of knowledge related to the importance of a timely bank account reconciliation process. The risk created by the lack of timely bank account reconciliations was also not mitigated by any other departments or functions within the County.

Effect: This presents potential risks related to fraud, incorrect and untimely recording of cash transactions and potential non-compliance with federal and state programs.

Recommendation: We recommend that the County maintain current bank account reconciliations through a monthly reconciliation process.

Questioned Cost/Basis: None

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal award.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS Year Ended December 31, 2018

None.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule Reference Number 2018-001: Lack of control over the bank reconciliation process.

Corrective Action Planned: The County Treasurer will strengthen controls over the bank reconciliation process by performing these timely, on a monthly basis. The County Auditor will oversee this process to determine that this corrective action plan is being performed and maintained.

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 19 Page 1 of 2

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Contract/ Program Number	Ind C	oenditures irect Costs or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development: Direct:				
Community Development Block Grant Community Development Block Grant	14.228 14.228	713082 DRS220112	\$	12,000 114,321
Community Development Block Grant	14.228	7216321		<u> 165,404</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPME	NT		\$	291,725
U.S. Department of Interior: Direct:				
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226		\$	9,743
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			\$	9,743
U.S. Department of Justice: Direct:				
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program Passed Through Texas Facilities Commission:	16.605	2019-APBX-05-76	\$	9,014
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	3100302		44,297
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	3522501		31,200
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	3267301		27,010
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			\$	111,521
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services: Passed Through Texas Department of Family & Protective Services:				
Foster Care Title IV-E Legal Foster Care Title IV-E Welfare	93.658 93.658	23940147 23940146	\$	13,170 1,930
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			\$ <u></u>	<u> 15,100</u>

MATAGORDA COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Exhibit 19 Page 2 of 2

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Contract/	Expenditures Indirect Costs
Pass-Through Grantor/	CFDA	Program	or Award
Program Title	Number	<u>Number</u>	Amount
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:			
Passed Through Texas Department of Public Safety:			
Disaster Grants Public Assistance		4332-DR-TX-P0000001-30353 \$	64,735
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4702	98,031
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4703	7,445
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4704	11,234
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4705	9,753
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4707	13,421
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4709	3,369
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4710	26,195
Disaster Grants Public Assistance	97.036	4332-DR-TX-P0000001-4715	3,768
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	18TX-EMPG-0528	30,356
Passed Through Texas Office of the Governor:			
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2018-SS-00022-S01	123,238
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2017-SS-00005	17,463
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	EMW-2016-SS-00056	113,605
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY		\$	522 <u>,613</u>
TOTAL G.S. BELTAKTIMENT OF HOMELAND SEGUKITI		$\Psi_{\underline{\hspace{-0.05cm}-\hspace{-0.05cm}-}}$	322,013
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		¢	950,702
TOTAL I EDERAL ASSISTANCE		$\Psi_{\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}}$	750,702
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS		\$ <u>-</u>	291,725
TYPE A PROGRAM		\$ <u></u>	750,000

NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended December 31, 2018

1. The County uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designated to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designated to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types were utilized to account for federal awards.

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. Federal financial assistance not required to be reported in other funds is accounted for in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund unless required to be reported in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Federal financial assistance for the construction of major capital facilities generally is accounted for in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund, Special Revenue Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, a component of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures/expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS - Continued Year Ended December 31, 2018

- 3. The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.
- 4. Indirect Costs The County received no reimbursements for indirect costs during the year ended December 31, 2018.
- 5. As of December 31, 2018, the County included \$ 237,951 on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards from the Public Assistance Grant CFDA #97.036 for expenditures that were incurred in previous fiscal years. The Federal Emergency Management Agency approved the project worksheets related to the \$ 237,951 in the current fiscal year.
- 6. The County has elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

