Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2019

> Prepared by: County Auditor's Office



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION





NAVARRO COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE

300 W 3rd Ave., Suite 4 Corsicana, Texas 75110 e-mail: auditor@navarrocounty.org

Terri L. Gillen County Auditor

Phone: (903) 654-3095 Fax: (903) 654-3097

Natalie Robinson, First Assistant Lisa Clay, Assistant Kaye Martin, Assistant Patty Mosley, Assistant Jan Wise, Assistant

June 29, 2020

Honorable District Judge of Navarro County and Honorable Members of the Navarro County Commissioners' Court

The County Auditor's Office proudly presents the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Navarro County, Texas for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This report is submitted in compliance with Section 114.025 of the *Texas Local Government Code*.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Navarro County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect county assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the basic financial statements will be free from material misstatement. Responsibility for internal controls is shared by the Commissioners Court, which is the governing body of the County, the County Auditor, who is appointed by the District Judge, and the County Treasurer. We believe that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions. We assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Navarro County's basic financial statements have been audited by Pattillo, Brown and Hill, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of this report.

The independent audit of the basic financial statements of Navarro County was part of a broader, federally mandated *Single Audit* designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements

involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are presented in the Compliance Section of the report.

Generally accepted accounting principles require a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The introduction includes this transmittal letter, the County's organizational chart and a list of principal officials. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Navarro County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the Financial Section of this report. The financial section also includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statement, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules in addition to the report of the independent auditors on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section of this report includes selected financial and demographic information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 44. This information is generally presented on a multi-year basis.

PROFILE OF NAVARRO COUNTY

Navarro County is located in north central Texas and is strategically central to the economic regions of Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico, as well as centrally located within the United States. The county region was opened for settlement by the Mexican colonization laws and was included in an impresario grant to Thomas J. Chambers on September 23, 1834. The first Texas legislature created the County from Robertson County on March 30, 1846 and designated the town of Corsicana as a temporary seat of justice. The County's name honors Jose Antonio Navarro, a Texas patriot who chose the name Corsicana in honor of the Isle of Corsica, his father's birthplace. The County encompasses an area of 1,086 square miles. According to the 2010 Census, the estimated population for the County was 47,812.

The County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four Commissioners and the County Judge, is the general governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5 Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. Commissioners serve four-year staggered terms, two members elected every two years. The County Judge is elected at large to serve a four-year term.

The Commissioners Court sets the tax rate, establishes policies for County operations, approves contracts for the County and develops and adopts the County budget within the resources as estimated by the County Judge as assisted by the County Auditor. The Commissioners Court is also responsible for developing policies and orders, approving financial commitments and appointing various department heads. The management and leadership provided by members of the Commissioners Court and the elected and appointed officials of other key County offices is crucial to the success of the County in financial management and growth.

The County Auditor has responsibilities for prescribing the systems and procedures for handling the finances of the County and "examining, auditing and approving" all disbursements from County funds prior to their submission to the Commissioners Court for approval.

The County provides many services not ordinarily provided by any other entity of government and provides additional services in cooperation with other local government units. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's planning and control. Budget hearings are posted annually in July, August and September, with the final budget approved by the Commissioners Court following the hearings. The final budget includes contingency and emergency reserve line items. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Most appropriated budgets are prepared by fund, function, department and category. Capital expenditures are approved on a line item basis. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual government fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

An understanding of the financial condition of Navarro County is enhanced through a perspective of the environment in which the County operates.

Local Economy – Employment numbers continue to decline during 2019. Navarro County had an unemployment rate of 2.92 percent, while the rate in December 2018 was 3.4 percent. However, the historic downtown district has made a major impact in Corsicana. New boutiques, coffee shops, Taylor's BBQ and a newly remodeled bistro are among a few.

Long-term Financial Planning – The Commissioners Court continues to be very active in economic development to insure and promote continued growth throughout the County. Vigorous efforts to attract new industry to the area by the Navarro County Commissioners' Court, City of Corsicana and the Corsicana-Navarro County Chamber of Commerce continue. Navarro County and the City of Corsicana share an Economic Development Director to oversee these efforts, and the prospect of continued growth in the local economy is very encouraging at this time.

Navarro County purchased three new properties, two lots and one building. The lots are for future expansion, which are currently being used as parking. The building will be utilized for offices and storage that were not able to move back into the courthouse after the courthouse restoration.

Navarro County residents should be optimistic about the new development taking place as a result of these cooperative efforts between our local governments and concerned residents. Our local economic development team continues to work diligently to create an atmosphere that attracts the type of business and industry that will allow Navarro County to continue to build the diversified economic base necessary to support and sustain growth and prosperity.

I would like to express my appreciation to the staff of the County Auditor's Office for their continuing diligence and dedication to the ever-changing responsibilities of the office. I would also like to thank the District Judge and the Commissioners' Court of Navarro County for their leadership and support during the past year.

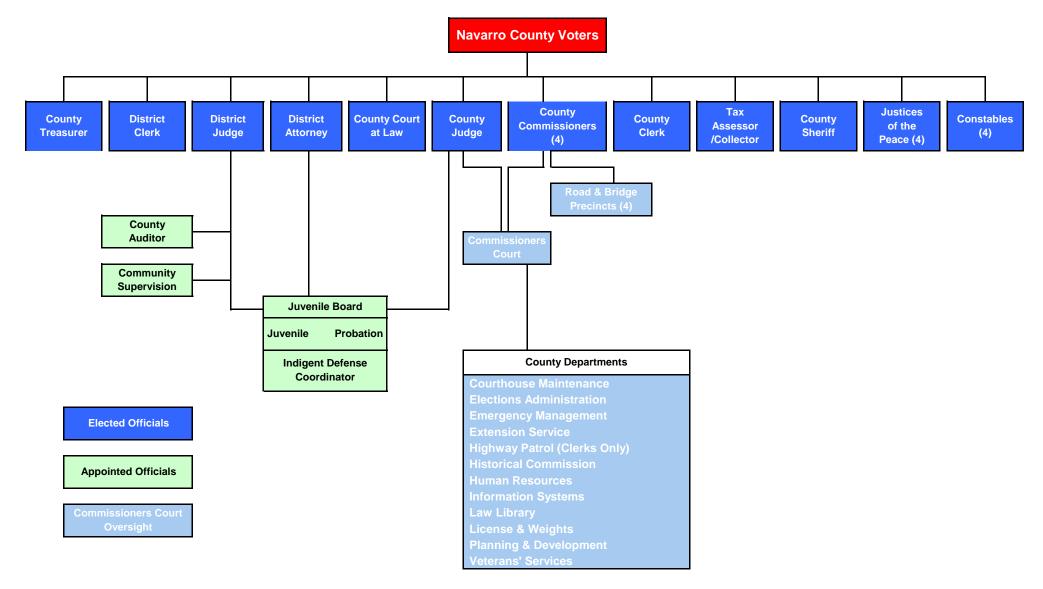
Sincerely,

Terri Gillen

Terri Gillen Navarro County Auditor

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Commissioners Court

H. M. Davenport, Jr.	County Judge
Jason Grant	Commissioner, Precinct 1
Eddie Perry	Commissioner, Precinct 2
Eddie Moore	Commissioner, Precinct 3
James Olsen	Commissioner, Precinct 4

Judicial

James Lagomarsino Amanda Putman Greta Jordan Darrell Waller Jackie Freeland Connie Hickman

Law Enforcement

Elmer Tanner William Dixion ** Mike Davis David Foreman Bobby Rachel Kipp Thomas Chris Aldama * Melanie Hyder *

Financial Administration

Terri Gillen * Ryan Douglas Mike Dowd

Recording Officials

Joshua Tackett Sherry Dowd Judge, 13th Judicial District Court Judge, County Court at Law Justice of the Peace, Precinct 1 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 2 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 3 Justice of the Peace, Precinct 4

County Sheriff Criminal District Attorney Constable, Precinct 1 Constable, Precinct 2 Constable, Precinct 3 Constable, Precinct 4 Adult Probation Director Juvenile Probation Director

County Auditor County Treasurer County Tax Assessor-Collector

District Clerk County Clerk

- * Appointed officials. All others are elected
- ** Appointed by the Governor of Texas



FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Navarro County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise of Navarro County, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Navarro County, Texas, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as presented in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Navarro County, Texas' basic financial statements and the financial statements of each of Navarro County Texas' nonmajor governmental and fiduciary funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2020, on our consideration of Navarro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering of Navarro County, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Pattillo, Brown & Hill, L.L.P.

Waco, Texas June 29, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

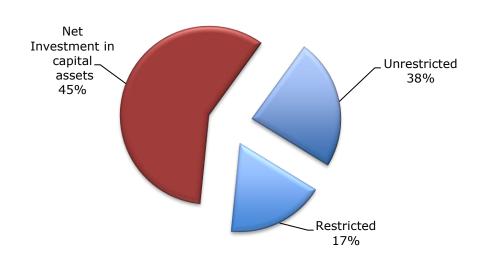


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As Management of Navarro County, Texas, (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditor's report on page 1 and the County's basic financial statements that begin on page 11.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• The total government-wide assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal year 2019 by \$17,102,725 and is reported as total net position. Of this amount, \$4,977,326 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$4,535,323 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position) and \$7,590,076 is net investment in capital assets.



Net Position by Category

- In contrast to the government-wide financial statements, the fund statements report a combined fund balance at year-end of \$13,172,909 of which \$7,427,280 or 56% represents unassigned fund balances.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund unassigned fund balance was \$7,427,280 or 32% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The County's long-term liabilities increased by \$6,664,915, primarily caused by an increase in the net Pension liability and the issuance of tax notes in the amount of \$1,100,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information is included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of County finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the County from an economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the County as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt).

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources and liabilities, and with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future years.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 – 12 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

 Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains 24 governmental funds: 21 Special Revenue Funds, 1 Debt Service Fund, 1 Capital Projects Fund and the General Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and HIDTA Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other 22 nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, road and bridge funds, and certain other special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 – 16 of this report.

• **Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Navarro County's own programs. The full accrual method of accounting is used for fiduciary funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. A description of all fiduciary funds held by the County can be found preceding page 63 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements on pages 18 - 39 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's budgetary schedules for the General Fund. The County adopts an annual budget for this fund. A budgetary comparison schedule, which includes the original and final budget and actual figures, has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 40 – 46 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 47 – 54 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,102,725 as of September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$1,534,600 as compared with the previous fiscal year. This decrease was primarily caused by increases in the County's net pension and total OPEB liabilities.

Part of the County's net position for the current fiscal year (29%) is made up of unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The largest portion of the County's net position is investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and infrastructure) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities			
	2019 2018			
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 15,677,167 <u>16,514,786</u> <u>32,191,953</u>	\$ 14,565,313 		
Deferred outflows of resources	5,449,396	1,701,733		
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,449,396	1,701,733		
Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	1,067,480 <u>18,680,749</u> 19,748,229	845,900 12,015,834 12,861,734		
Deferred inflows of resources	790,395	1,519,361		
Total deferred inflows of resources	790,395	1,519,361		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	7,590,076 4,535,323 4,977,326	8,081,111 4,243,582 6,312,632		
Total net position	\$ <u>17,102,725</u>	\$ <u>18,637,325</u>		

NAVARRO COUNTY'S NET POSITION

Assets as of September 30, 2019, reflect an increase of \$875,266, (3%) over assets at the end of fiscal year 2018. The increase in assets is caused primarily by the receipt of tax note proceeds of \$1,100,000, much of which was spent on the purchase of a new County building. Of Navarro County's total assets, the largest components are 1) capital assets of \$16,514,786, (51%), 2) cash and investments of \$12,926,750, (40%), 3) property taxes receivable of \$1,007,615, (3%), and 4) due from other governments of \$942,122 (3%). Capital assets are non-liquid assets and cannot be utilized to satisfy County obligations.

Total liabilities increased \$6,886,495, (54%) in comparison with fiscal year 2018 due to the significant increase in the County's pension and OPEB liabilities, as well as the issuance of the tax notes mentioned above. Navarro County's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$17,102,725 at the close of the fiscal year. Of this amount, \$4,535,323, (27%) represents *restricted net position* which represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Restrictions include statutory requirements, bond covenants and grant conditions. Another portion of the County's net position, \$7,590,076, (44%) reflects its *net investment in capital assets* (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment and infrastructure). The other significant portion of the County's net position for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$4,977,326, (29%) represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

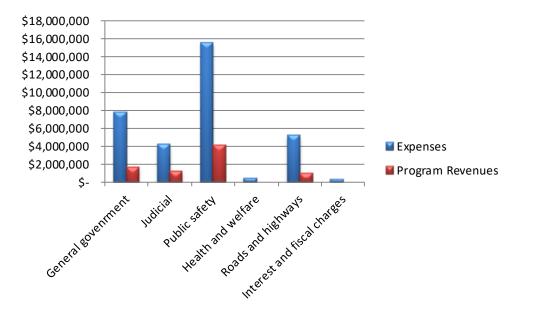
At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive net position in all three categories of net position for its governmental activities.

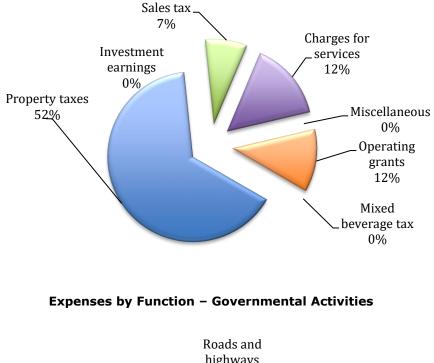
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$1,534,600 during the current fiscal year. A key element of this decrease includes depreciation expense on County-owned Capital Assets, as well as the County's expenses related to its pension and OPEB liabilities.

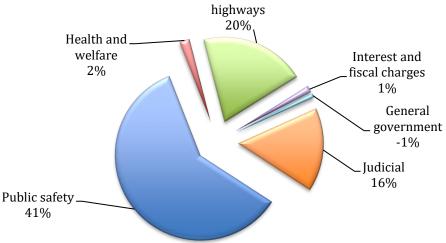
NAVARRO COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities				
		2019 2018			
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,321,953	\$	4,568,210	
Operating grants and contributions		3,898,159	·	3,716,526	
Capital grants and contributions		-		114,561	
General revenues:					
Property taxes		20,851,759		19,846,050	
Sales tax		2,691,975		2,405,730	
Taxes from the sale of alcohol		73,558		54,847	
Interest on investments		115,104		110,632	
Miscellaneous		145,081	_	173,749	
Total revenues		32,097,589	_	30,990,305	
Expenses:					
General government		7,810,731		7,593,764	
Judicial		4,193,313		4,043,770	
Public safety		15,553,041		14,576,160	
Health and welfare		500,000		487,557	
Roads and highways		5,212,407		5,222,591	
Interest and other charges on					
long-term debt		362,697	_	297,405	
Total expenses	_	33,632,189	_	32,221,247	
Change in net position	(1,534,600)	(1,230,942)	
Net position, beginning		18,637,325		20,284,340	
Prior period adjustment		-	(416,073)	
Net position, ending	\$	17,102,725	\$_	18,637,325	

Charges for services decreased \$246,257 (5%). Operating grants and contributions increased by \$181,633 (5%), property taxes increased by \$1,005,709 (5%) and sales tax revenue increased by \$286,245 (12%), resulting in an increase in total revenues of \$1,107,284 (4%). The increase in property taxes is the result of an increase in the taxable value of property in Navarro County.







FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, Navarro County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus on the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At September 30, 2019, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,172,909 a decrease of \$1,120,203 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$7,427,280 (56%) of the combined fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available to meet the County's current and future needs. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted or committed to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has been committed to pay flood control (\$1,250,723), road and bridge (\$2,034,942), public safety (\$591,273), records management and preservation (\$191,919), court security and technology (\$10,276) debt service (\$291,185), prepaid items (\$32,855), capital projects (\$3,164) and subsequent year's budget (\$1,339,292).

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Navarro County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,427,280, while total fund balance reached \$8,795,667. The fund balance of the County's General Fund increased \$713,438 during the current fiscal year. The primary causes for this increase were due to increased property tax revenues, as well as the issuance of tax notes.

The HIDTA (Texoma High Intensity Drug Trafficking) Fund, has no fund balance because it is funded entirely by intergovernmental revenue on a reimbursement basis. Revenues and expenditures have steadily increased as salaries and demand for services have increased.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The differences between the original expenditure budget and the final amended budget of the General Fund are attributable to the ongoing increase of inmates in the county jail and anticipated need to house inmates in Out of County facilities due to our maximum capacity.

During the year, budgetary estimates were exceeded by actual revenues by \$2,393,238. Actual expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by \$67,663. The net effect of under-realization of revenue and over-utilization of appropriations resulted in a positive variance of \$2,460,901.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Navarro County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of September 30, 2019, amounts to \$16,514,786 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmental Activities				
		2019		2018	
Land	\$	1,240,126	\$	1,240,126	
Buildings and improvements		10,763,332		10,369,580	
Machinery and equipment		3,709,790		4,132,647	
Infrastructure		801,538		1,009,021	
Total capital assets	\$	16,514,786	\$	16,751,374	

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included:

- The purchase of Sheriff's Department vehicles for a total of \$135,479.
- The County purchased a building for \$825,234 using the proceeds of tax notes.
- Purchase of a new tractor and mower for \$155,499.

Additional information regarding the County's capital assets can be found in Note II, C of this report.

Long-term Debt. At September 30, 2019, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$9,117,557. The County's bonded debt carries a rating of "A1" from Moody's Investor Services.

NAVARRO COUNTY'S OUTSTANDING DEBT AT YEAR-END

	Governmental Activities			
		2019		2018
General obligation bonds	\$	6,370,000	\$	6,680,000
Tax notes		1,100,000		-
Capital leases Compensated absences		1,454,710 192,847	_	1,990,263 206,546
	\$	9,117,557	\$	8,876,809

The net amount of long-term debt increased by \$845,553, this increase is a result of the issuance of tax notes along with continued payment on existing debt. Additional information on Navarro County's long-term debt can be found in Note II, E of this report.

County officials and investors will find the ratio of net general bonded debt outstanding and the amount of bonded debt per capita as useful indicators of the County's debt position. These indicators are shown in the statistical section (unaudited) of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Commissioners' Court has adopted the County's budget for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The budget was adopted based on estimated balances that would be available at the end of fiscal year 2019 and estimated revenues to be received in fiscal year 2020. The total available resources for all funds for fiscal year 2020 are \$11,630,792. For the County's General Fund, the 2020 budget utilizes \$1,339,292 of available funds.

The 2019 property tax rate was \$0.6270/\$100 valuation, the same rate as the previous year. As a result of an increase in taxable value, the County expects tax revenue collected during fiscal year 2020 to increase 16.11% from projected collections for fiscal year 2019. Additionally, the County's budget anticipates all other sources of revenue will remain at approximately the same levels as fiscal year 2019.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Auditor's office, 601 North 13th Street, Suite 6, Corsicana, Texas 75110.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 11,659,962
Investments	1,266,788
Accounts receivable, net	767,825
Property taxes receivable, net	1,007,615
Due from other governments	942,122
Prepaid items	32,855
Capital assets, net:	
Nondepreciable	1,240,126
Depreciable	15,274,660
Total assets	32,191,953
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	5,370,658
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	78,738
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,449,396
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	852,761
Accrued liabilities	7,061
Due to other governments	146,347
Accrued interest	61,311
Noncurrent liabilities:	01,011
Due within one year:	
Long-term debt	1,574,912
Total OPEB liability	69,386
Due in more than one year:	00,000
Long-term debt	7,542,645
Net pension liability	8,155,010
Total OPEB liability	1,338,796
Total liabilities	19,748,229
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	E33 008
Deferred inflows related to pensions	523,908
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	266,487
Total deferred inflows of resources	790,395
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	7,590,076
Restricted for:	
Flood protection projects	1,263,170
Repairs and construction of roads and bridges	2,182,938
Law enforcement	591,273
Records management and preservation	191,919
Court security and technology	10,276
Debt service	292,583
Capital projects	3,164
Unrestricted	4,977,326
Total net position	\$17,102,725



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		F	Program Revenu	e	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Fines, Fees, and Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary government Governmental activities:	\$ 7,810,731	¢ 1.645.036	¢ 80.081	¢ _	¢(6.076.614)
General government Judicial Public safety Health and welfare Roads and highways Interest and other charges	\$ 7,810,731 4,193,313 15,553,041 500,000 5,212,407	\$ 1,645,036 1,035,640 792,445 - 848,832	\$ 89,081 247,839 3,388,328 - 172,911	\$ - - - - -	\$(6,076,614) (2,909,834) (11,372,268) (500,000) (4,190,664)
on long-term debt Total governmental activities	<u> </u>	4,321,953	 		(<u>362,697</u>) (<u>25,412,077</u>)
Total primary government	\$ <u>33,632,189</u>	\$ <u>4,321,953</u>	\$ <u>3,898,159</u>	\$	(25,412,077)
General revenues: Taxes: Property Sales Mixed beverage Interest on investments Miscellaneous Total general revenues Change in net position Net position, beginning Net position, ending			20,851,759 2,691,975 73,558 115,104 <u>145,081</u> 23,877,477 (<u>1,534,600</u>) <u>18,637,325</u> \$ 17,102,725		

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General		HIDTA	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS	+	7 0 +	124 726	+ 4 070 062	
Cash Investments	\$ 6,664,3		124,726	\$ 4,870,863	\$ 11,659,962
	873,7 582,9		-	393,063 171,711	1,266,788 767,825
Accounts receivable, net Property taxes receivable, net	756,3		13,199	251,222	1,007,615
Due from other governments	542,5		- 356,497	43,078	942,122
Prepaid items	29,0		-	3,760	32,855
Due from other funds	1,588,4		-	209,284	1,797,741
Total assets	11,037,5		494,422	5,942,981	17,474,908
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	667,9	86	82,659	102,116	852,761
Accrued liabilities	6,3	19	-	742	7,061
Due to other governments	146,3	47	-	-	146,347
Due to other funds	146,2	49	411,763	1,239,729	1,797,741
Total liabilities	966,9	01	494,422	1,342,587	2,803,910
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	1,274,9	37	-	223,152	1,498,089
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,274,9	37	-	223,152	1,498,089
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable-prepaid items	29,0	95	-	3,760	32,855
Restricted for:	23/0	50		5,700	52,000
Flood protection projects	-		-	1,250,723	1,250,723
Repairs and construction				_,,	_//
of roads and bridges	-		-	2,034,942	2,034,942
Law enforcement	-		-	591,273	591,273
Records management and preservation	-		-	191,919	191,919
Court security and technology	-		-	10,276	10,276
Debt service	-		-	291,185	291,185
Capital Projects	-		-	3,164	3,164
Assigned for subsequent year's budget	1,339,2	92	_	-,	1,339,292
Unassigned	7,427,2		-	_	7,427,280
Total fund balances	8,795,6		-	4,377,242	13,172,909
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ <u>11,037,5</u>	<u>05</u> \$_	494,422	\$5,942,981	\$_17,474,908

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet		\$ 13,172,909
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		16,514,786
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized in the statement of net position. Accrued interest \$(Bonds payable (Tax notes payable (Capital leases payable Compensated absences (Deferred outflow related to pensions Deferred outflow related to OPEB Deferred inflow related to OPEB Deferred inflow related to OPEB Net pension liability (Total OPEB liability (Total long-term liabilities	61,311) 6,370,000) 1,100,000) 1,454,710) 192,847) 5,370,658 78,738 523,908) 266,487) 8,155,010) 1,408,182)	(14,083,059)
Long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are not reported in the funds. Fines and court costs Property taxes	621,565 876,524	
Total long-term assets Net position of governmental activities		<u>1,498,089</u> \$ <u>17,102,725</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	General	HIDTA	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 16,565,945 \$		\$ 4,512,248	\$ 21,078,193
Sales and other taxes	2,765,533	-	-	2,765,533
Intergovernmental	570,343	3,400,521	350	3,971,214
License and permits	-	-	848,832	848,832
Fees of office	1,889,690	-	342,001	2,231,691
Fines and forfeitures	503,639	-	524,441	1,028,080
Interest on investments	74,600	-	40,504	115,104
Other	251,938		22,508	274,446
Total revenues	22,621,688	3,400,521	6,290,884	32,313,093
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	6,436,252	-	188,589	6,624,841
Judicial	3,730,083	-	174,715	3,904,798
Public safety Health and welfare	10,619,618	3,400,521	-	14,020,139
Roads and highways	500,000	-	- 4,405,092	500,000 4,405,092
Debt service:	_	_	4,403,092	4,403,092
Principal	177,162	-	819,393	996,555
Interest and other	34,789	-	288,483	323,272
Tax note issuance costs	25,000	-		25,000
Capital outlay	1,136,072	-	176,393	1,312,465
Intergovernmental:				
Tax increment reinvestment	340,446			340,446
Total expenditures	22,999,422	3,400,521	6,052,665	32,452,608
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u>(377,734</u>)		238,219	(139,515)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	66,227	66,227
Transfers out	(11,191)	-	(55,036)	(66,227)
Sale of capital assets	2,363	-	1,856	4,219
Issuance of debt	1,100,000	-	-	1,100,000
Issuance of capital lease			155,499	155,499
Total other financing sources and uses	1,091,172		168,546	1,259,718
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	713,438	-	406,765	1,120,203
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8,082,229		3,970,477	12,052,706
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>8,795,667</u> \$	5	\$ <u>4,377,242</u>	\$ <u>13,172,909</u>

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	1,120,203
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital outlay Retirement of capital assets Depreciation expense Net adjustment	\$ 1,459,229 (19,605) <u>(1,676,212</u>)	(236,588)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position. Repayments:			
Certificates of obligation Capital lease Net adjustment	310,000 <u>691,052</u>		1,001,052
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Accounts receivable: Fines and court costs Other fees Property taxes Net adjustment	95,816 (84,886) <u>(226,434</u>)	(215,504)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		(1,255,499)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are recognized for transactions that are normally paid with expendable, available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized as an expenditure under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues.			
Interest on long-term debt Compensated absences OPEB expense Pension expense	(14,425) 13,699 (869,615) <u>(1,077,923</u>)		
Net adjustment		(1,948,264)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ <u>(</u>	1,534,600)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash Investments	\$ 6,049,157 496,398
Total assets	6,545,555
LIABILITIES Due to others	6,545,555
Total liabilities	\$6,545,555

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the County reflected in the accompanying financial statements conform to the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to state and local governments. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for local governments are those promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The most significant accounting and reporting policies of the County are described in the following notes to the financial statements.

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Navarro County is a public corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Texas. The Commissioners Court, which is composed of four commissioners and the County Judge, is the governing body of the County in accordance with Article 5, Paragraph 18 of the Texas Constitution. The County provides the following services as authorized by the statutes of the State of Texas: general government (e.g., tax collection), judicial (e.g., courts, juries, district attorney, etc.) public safety (e.g., sheriff, jail, etc.), roads and highways and health and welfare (e.g., assistance to indigents).

A financial reporting entity consists of the primary government and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the County are financially accountable, or the relationship to the County is such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the County. Each discretely presented component unit on the other hand, is reported in a separate column under component unit on the governmentwide statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government.

No component units are reported in this financial report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund transfers has been removed from the government-wide statements but continues to be reflected on the fund statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statement. The General Fund, the HIDTA Grant Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund meet criteria as major governmental funds. Each major fund is reported as a separate column in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds include other Special Revenue and Debt Service funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for nonmajor funds are presented within combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Major revenue types that have been accrued are district clerk and county clerk fees, justice of the peace fees, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The **<u>General Fund</u>** is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **HIDTA Grant Fund** accounts for all activities related to the Texoma High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area (HIDTA) through a grant from the Federal Office of National Drug Control Policy. The purpose of this grant is to provide resources to help federal, state and local law enforcement organizations invest in infrastructure and joint initiatives to confront drug-trafficking organizations in North Texas.

Additionally, the County reports Fiduciary funds in the form of Agency funds. These funds account for monies held for others and then it is disbursed to the appropriate group or held in a custodial capacity. These resources include funds for individuals in accordance with court decrees by the County or District Clerk, other taxing entities within the County, and the State of Texas. Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Position. The County's Fiduciary funds represent Agency Funds, which are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The Agency funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities are included on the Statement of Net Position. Because the assets are held in an agent capacity and are not available to support County programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund</u> <u>Balance</u>

1. Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes authorize the County to invest in bank certificates of deposit, obligations of the United States or its agencies, obligations of the State of Texas, obligations of other political subdivisions having at least an "A" credit rating, commercial paper, repurchase agreements and local government investment pools.

The County records investments at fair value in accordance with provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. All investment income is recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund's statement of activity and or statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance. Investments for the Entity are reported at fair value, except for the position in investment pools.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to" or "due from" other funds. Interfund activity reflected in "due to" or "due from" other funds is eliminated in the government-wide statements.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at the prior January 1 and become due on October 1 of the year in which assessed. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected in the government-wide statements based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property tax receivables for the prior year's levy are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Accounts receivables from other governments include amounts due from grantor agencies for approved grants for specific programs and reimbursements for services performed by the County. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time all eligibility requirements established by the provider have been met.

Reimbursements for services performed are recorded as receivables and revenues when they are earned in the government-wide statements. Included are fines and costs assessed by court action and billable services for certain contracts. Revenues received in advance of the costs being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue in the fund statements. Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The County records prepaid items using the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Infrastructure assets include County-owned roads and bridges.

In the case of the initial capitalization of infrastructure assets, the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the County constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and recorded at historical cost. The reported cost excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and fixtures Trucks General equipment Computer hardware Cars	30 25 10 10 5 5 5 5

5. Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the County does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the County.

The County has recognized a liability for accumulated vacation leave where the employees' rights to receive benefits are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the County will compensate the employees through either paid time off or cash payments at termination.

Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for this amount is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities under governmental activities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Pension and OPEB contributions after measurement date These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in expected and actual OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Changes in OPEB actuarial assumptions This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five year period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Changes in OPEB actuarial assumptions This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.
- Difference in expected and actual pension and OPEB experience This difference is deferred and recognized over the estimated average remaining lives of all members determined as of the measurement date.

8. Fund Balance

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable items are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by resolution of Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision making authority. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless Commissioners' Court removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent is determined by Commissioners' Court.
- Unassigned: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

9. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

10. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expenses, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other post-employment benefits

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, OPEB related deferred outflows of resources, and OPEB expense, benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Contributions are not required but are measured as payments by the County for benefits due and payable that are not reimbursed by plan assets. Information regarding the County's total OPEB liability is obtained from a report prepared by a consulting actuary, Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company.

12. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Cash and Investments

As of September 30, 2019, the County held cash deposits in the amount of \$11,659,962, and also held investments in TexPool Prime with a weighted average maturity of 33 days in the amount of \$1,226,788. Other amounts deposited are held in agency funds and are not available to cover County expenditures.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U. S. Treasury, certain U. S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The County's investment pools represent investments in TexPool Prime, investment pools for state and local governments in Texas. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibilities over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an Advisory Board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value is the same as the value of shares.

Interest Rate Risk – In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the average dollar weighted maturity of its investment portfolios to a maximum of 270 days.

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be fully collateralized by U. S. Government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a fair value of not less than the principal amount of deposits. As of September 30, 2019, the County's deposit balance was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the County's name or by FDIC insurance.

Credit Risk – It is the County's policy to limit its investments to investment types with an investment quality rating not less than A or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The County's investment pool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

B. Property Taxes and Other Receivables

Property is appraised and a lien on such property becomes enforceable as of January 1, subject to certain procedures for rendition, appraisal, appraisal review and judicial review. Property taxes are levied by October 1 of the year in which assessed, or as soon thereafter as practicable. Taxes are due and payable, without penalty or interest, from October 1 of the year in which levied until January 31 of the following year. Taxes become delinquent February 1 of each year and are subject to simple interest and penalty of 7% in February, 9% in March, 11% in April, 13% in May, 15% in June, 18% in July and interest continues to accrue at 1% per month.

The County's taxes on real property are a lien against such property until paid. The County may foreclose on real property upon which it has a lien for unpaid taxes. The exception is homestead property belonging to persons 65 years of age or older who file for deferral or abatement. The County does make considerable effort to collect delinquent taxes before foreclosure proceedings. Delinquent taxes on property not otherwise collected are generally paid when there is a sale or transfer of the title of the property.

Any liens and subsequent suits against the taxpayer for payment of delinquent personal property taxes are barred unless instituted within four years from the time such taxes became delinquent. Unlike real property, the sale or transfer of most personal property does not require any evidence that taxes thereon are paid.

Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the Tax Assessor and Collector's Agency Fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed to the General, Road and Bridge, Flood Control and Debt Service Funds of the County. This distribution is based on the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The County participates in Tax Increment Finance (TIF) Districts. When a TIF District is created, with the approval of all participating governmental entities, the property included in the District has its assessed valuation frozen at that time for the duration of the District. As projects are developed, increasing the assessed valuation of the property, the incremental increases are returned to the entity which initially financed the improvements, i.e., County contribution, County bond funds or developer advances.

The following is a summary by fund of delinquent taxes receivable at September 30, 2019.

Property taxes receivable:		
General fund	\$ 1,	158,367
Road and bridge funds		260,795
Debt service fund		102,046
Flood control fund		21,890
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(535,483)
	\$ 1,	007,615

Article VIII, Section 9 of the Texas Constitution imposes a limit of \$0.80 per \$100 assessed valuation for general governmental services, including the payment of premium and interest on general obligation long-term debt in the Jury, General, Permanent Improvement and Road and Bridge Funds. In addition, a Special Road Tax of \$0.15 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 6790, VACS, and a Farm-to-Market and Lateral Road Tax of \$0.30 per \$100 valuation has been authorized by Article 7048a, VACS; however, of a total tax rate of \$1.25 authorized for the County, only \$0.6086 was levied for the 2018 tax roll.

Receivables at year-end for the government's individual major funds and nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	Grant Fund	Nonmajor	Total
Miscellaneous Court fines	\$ 21,690 	\$ 13,199 _13,199	\$ 171,711 	\$ 206,600 28,061,254 28,267,854
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	(27,500,029)			<u>(27,500,029</u>)
Total	\$ <u>582,915</u>	\$ <u>13,199</u>	\$ <u>171,711</u>	\$ <u>767,825</u>

Governmental funds report *deferred inflows of resources* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *deferred inflows of resources* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

General fund		
Delinquent property taxes	\$	683,542
Court fines		591,395
Total general fund		1,274,937
Nonmajor governmental funds Delinquent property taxes Total nonmajor governmental funds	_	223,152 223,152
Total governmental funds	\$	1,498,089

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ <u>1,240,126</u>	\$	\$	\$ <u>1,240,126</u>
Total assets not				
being depreciated	1,240,126			1,240,126
Capital assets, being depreciate	d:			
Buildings and improvements	22,150,079	922,761	-	23,072,840
Machinery and equipment	12,009,717	409,913	(41,640)	12,377,990
Infrastructure	24,874,303	126,555		25,000,858
Total capital assets being depreciated	59,034,099	1,459,229	<u>(41,640</u>)	60,451,688
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	(11,780,499) (7,877,070) (23,865,282)	(529,009) (820,473) (334,038)	29,343 	(12,309,508) (8,668,200) (24,199,320)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(43,522,851</u>)	<u>(1,683,520</u>)	29,343	<u>(45,177,028</u>)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	15,511,248	<u>(224,291</u>)	<u>(12,297</u>)	15,274,660
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ <u>16,751,374</u>	\$ <u>(224,291</u>)	\$ <u>(12,297</u>)	\$ <u>16,514,786</u>

Depreciation expense for fiscal year 2019 was charged to functions and programs of the County as follows:

General government	\$ 419,756
Public safety	541,928
Roads and highways	721,836
	\$ <u>1,683,520</u>

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Due to/from Other Funds

In the fund financial statements, interfund balances are the result of normal transactions between funds that will be liquidated in the subsequent fiscal year. The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General General Nonmajor governmental Nonmajor governmental	HIDTA Nonmajor governmental Nonmajor governmental General	\$	411,763 1,176,694 63,035 146,249
		\$	1,797,741

Expenditures incurred for the HIDTA grant program are paid by the General Fund and reimbursed by the granting agency. As a result, appropriate interfund balance entries are recorded to reflect these activities. The interfund balance between the General Fund and Nonmajor governmental funds resulted from the time lag between the dates that payments between funds were made.

Transfers in/out

In the fund financial statements, certain transfers were made in between funds to supplement another fund's sources and finance project expenditures. The following is a summary of transfers in and out for the year:

Transfers In	nsfers In Transfers Out		Amount
Nonmajor governmental Nonmajor governmental	General Nonmajor governmental	\$	11,191 55,036
		\$	66,227

E. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. The bonds are classified as a direct borrowing; should the County default on these bonds, any registered owner of the bonds is entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the County to make payment.

The bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Purpose Interest Rates		Amount		
Courthouse restoration	3.7%	\$	6,370,000		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the refunding bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmen	tal Activities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	320,000	229,770	549,770
2021	335,000	217,653	552,653
2022	350,000	204,980	554,980
2023	360,000	191,845	551,845
2024	375,000	178,248	553,248
2025-2029	2,100,000	667,850	2,767,850
2030-2034	2,530,000	236,055	2,766,055
Total	\$ <u>6,370,000</u>	\$ <u>1,926,401</u>	\$ <u>8,296,401</u>

Tax Notes

During fiscal year 2019, the County issued Limited Tax Notes, Series 2019 for the purpose of purchasing and improving a building. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.97% and mature in 2026. The notes are classified as a direct borrowing; should the County default on the notes, any registered owner of the notes are entitled to seek a writ of mandamus from a court of proper jurisdiction requiring the County to make payment.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the notes are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmenta	al Activities	
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	143,000	30,546	173,546
2021	147,000	26,240	173,240
2022	152,000	21,800	173,800
2023	157,000	17,211	174,211
2024	162,000	12,474	174,474
2025-2029	339,000	10,143	349,143
Total	\$1,100,000	\$118,414	\$1,218,414

Capital Leases

The County also, from time to time, finances certain equipment using lease arrangements. These leases are classified as direct borrowings and are secured by the purchased equipment. The leases are classified as capital leases due to the presence of a bargain-purchase option. Capital lease obligations as of September 30, 2019, are composed of the following individual issues:

Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$236,045; payable in monthly installments of \$3,585, including principal and interest at 2.99%, due December 19, 2019; secured by one John Deere motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2014.	\$	10,703
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$131,807; payable in monthly installments of \$2,354, including principal and interest at 2.75%, due April 15, 2017; secured by a John Deere Tractor/Mower purchased during fiscal year 2015.		11,691
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$133,652; payable in monthly installments of \$2,401, including principal and interest at 2.94%, due March 28, 2021; secured by a John Deere Tractor/Mower purchased during fiscal year 2016.		41,939
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$213,036; payable in three yearly installments of \$16,500 and a final lump sum payment of \$178,120, including principal and interest at 2.55%, due October 24, 2019; secured by a Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2017.		174,938
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$233,818; payable in three yearly installments of \$16,500 and a final lump sum payment of \$200,535, including principal and interest at 2.55%, due October 24, 2019; secured by a Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2017.		196,955
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$275,250; payable in three yearly installments of \$22,959 and a final lump sum payment of \$225,000, including principal and interest at 2.55%, due October 24, 2019; secured by a Caterpillar motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2017.		220,977
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$136,250; payable in monthly installments of \$4,438, including principal and interest at 2.99%, due February 15, 2023; secured by a Gradall motor grader purchased during fiscal year 2017.		172,633
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$136,250; payable in three annual installments of \$15,462 and a final lump sum payment of \$83,000, including principal and interest at 2.55%, due November 18, 2019; secured by a Mack truck with Maverick dump bed purchased during fiscal year 2017.		96,597
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$549,678; payable in three annual installments of \$196,796, including principal and interest at 3.75%, due October 31, 2020; secured by Election Equipment and Software purchased during fiscal year 2018.		372,516
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$99,783; payable in three annual installments of \$52,915, including principal and interest at 3.98%, due October 31, 2019; secured by a John Deere Backhoe purchased during Fiscal Year 2018.		50,888
Equipment lease with the original principal amount of \$155,499; payable in three annual installments of \$55,985, including principal and interest at 4.479%, due September 30, 2021; secured by a John Deere Tractor with Boom Mower purchased during fiscal year 2019.		104,873
Total capital leases	\$_1	.,454,710

The capital assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Machinery and equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 4,115,816 (<u>1,977,293</u>)
	\$ 2,138,523

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for capital lease obligations are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	<u> </u>	nterest	Totals
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,073,342 307,610 51,736 22,022	\$	38,542 10,297 1,519 168	\$ 1,111,884 317,907 53,255 22,190
	\$ 1,454,710	\$	50,526	\$ <u>1,505,236</u>

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

		Balance 09/30/18	 Additions	 Reductions	 Balance 09/30/19	-	Due Within One Year
G.O. Bonds Limited tax notes Capital leases Compensated absences	\$	6,680,000 - 1,990,263 <u>206,546</u>	\$ - 1,100,000 155,499 472,136	\$ 310,000 - 691,052 485,835	\$ 6,370,000 1,100,000 1,454,710 192,847	\$	320,000 143,000 1,073,342 38,569
Governmental activitie long-term liabilities	es \$	8,876,809	\$ 1,727,635	\$ 1,486,887	\$ 9,117,557	\$	1,574,911

The compensated absences, net pension liability and total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities was liquidated primarily by the General Fund and Road and Bridge Funds in prior years.

III. OTHER INFORMATION

A. <u>Risk Management</u>

The County maintains third party insurance coverage for general liability, property, automobile liability, public officials' liability, employee health and workers' compensation. There was no significant change in coverage from the prior year. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for fiscal years 2019 or 2018.

B. <u>Contingent Liabilities and Commitments</u>

The County has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grant. A contingent liability was not established because potential reimbursements are considered immaterial.

The County is involved in lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of such lawsuits and other claims is not presently determinable, the resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County.

C. Employee Retirement System

Plan Description

The County participates in a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at *www.tcdrs.org*.

All full and part-time non-temporary employees participate in the plan, regardless of the number of hours they work in a year. Employees in a temporary position are not eligible for membership.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits for all eligible employees. Benefit terms are established by the TCDRS Act. The benefit terms may be amended as of January 1, each year, but must remain in conformity with the Act.

Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	178
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	140
Active employees	318
	636

Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, as adopted by the employer's governing body. Participating employers are required to contribute at actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Under the state law governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each entity is determined annually by the actuary and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. The replacement life entry age actuarial cost method is used in determining the contribution rate. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to fund benefits in an orderly manner for each participate over his or her career so that sufficient funds are accumulated by the time benefit payments begin, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the County were required to contribute 7% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 10.38% and 10.46% in calendar years 2018 and 2019, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$1,520,260 and equal to the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.25% per year
Investment rate of return	8.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the following:

Depositing members	90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for males and 90% of the RP-2014 Active Employee Mortality Table for females, projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Service retirees, beneficiaries and non- depositing members	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP- 2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP- 2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP- 2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP- 2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Updated mortality assumptions were adopted in the actuarial valuation of December 31, 2017. All other actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2018, were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS is determined by adding inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information below are based on January 2019 information for a 10-year time horizon. The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2017. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index ⁽⁴⁾	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index $^{(5)}$	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2019 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expexted return minus the assumed inflation rate of 1.70% per Cliffwater's 2019 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.1%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		N	et Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	65,656,060	\$	63,327,713	\$	2,328,347
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		1,782,327		-		1,782,327
Interest on total pension liability $^{(1)}$		5,346,224		-		5,346,224
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	(104,263)		-	(104,263)
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		-		-		-
Refund of contributions	(93,760)	(93,760)		-
Benefit payments	(2,834,502)	(2,834,502)		-
Administrative expenses		-	(49,475)		49,475
Member contributions		-		982,941	(982,941)
Net investment income		-	(1,185,231)		1,185,231
Employer contributions		-		1,457,560	(1,457,560)
Other ⁽²⁾			(8,170)		8,170
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	69,752,086	\$	61,597,076	\$	8,155,010

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	Current 1% Decrease Discount Rate 7.1% 8.1%			1	1% Increase 9.1%		
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ \$	78,827,320 61,597,076 17,230,244	\$ \$	69,752,086 <u>61,597,076</u> 8,155,010	\$ \$	62,107,209 <u>61,597,076</u> 510,133	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separatelyissued TCDRS financial report. The report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,598,185. At year-end, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	01	Deferred Outflows f Resources	-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	401,157 3,844,941 1,124,560	\$	523,908 - - -
Total	\$	5,370,658	\$	523,908

\$1,124,560 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

For the Year Ended September 30,	
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ 1,368,033 522,864 551,821 1,279,472

D. Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Retiree Health Plan

Plan Description

In addition to the pension benefits described above, the Commissioners Court established a medical insurance benefit plan for retirees. This plan is administered by the County and it has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing arrangements. The Retiree Medical Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. A retiree is defined as someone who is receiving lifetime monthly Texas County and District retirement pension benefit payments and who retired directly from active employment with Navarro County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

Retirees are responsible for paying the premiums. Eligible retirees will be provided medical insurance benefits and eligible retirees may also cover their eligible dependents if elected within 60 days. The County will stop insurance coverage on the retiree and dependent on the last day of the month when one of the following occurs:

- 1. the retiree reaches age 65; or
- 2. the retiree fails to submit the required set premium rate.

The County's contributions to the OPEB for the year ended September 30, 2019, were \$69,386, which equal benefit payments for retirees.

The number of employees currently covered by the benefit terms is as follows:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	51
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active employees	283
Total	334

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Inflation Rate	December 31, 2018 Individual Entry Age 2.50%
Salary Increases Demographic Assumptions	0.50% to 5.00%, not including wage inflation of 3.25% Based on the experience study covering the four year period ending December 31, 2016 as conducted for the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). For the OPEB valuation, the standard TCDRS retirement rates were adjusted to better reflect the County's experience.
Mortality	For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables are used with male rates multiplied by 130% and female rates multiplied by 110%. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis based on 110% of the ultimate rates of Scale MP- 2014.
Health care cost trend rates	Initial rate of 7.20% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 15 years.
Participation rates	25% of eligible retirees elect medical coverage; 60% of eligible retirees elect life insurance coverage
Discount rate	The discount rate changed from 3.31% as of December 31, 2017 to 3.71% as of December 31, 2018.

Projections of health benefits are based on the plan as understood by the County and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the County and its employees to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

A Single Discount Rate of 3.71% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This Single Discount Rate was based on the municipal bond rates as of the measurement date. The source of the municipal bond rate was Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

	т.	otal OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/2017	\$	810,678
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		53,683
Interest		26,576
Difference between expected and actual experience	(76,911)
	(883,835
Changes of benefit terms		,
Changes of assumptions	(220,469)
Benefit payments	(69,210)
Net changes		597,504
Balance at 12/31/2018	\$	1,408,182

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.31% to 3.71%, as well as updated assumptions on health care trend rates and participation in retiree life insurance. Changes in benefit terms reflect an increase in benefit for retiree life insurance from \$5,000 to \$20,000 and a corresponding increase in premium.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.71%) in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.71%)		Discount Rate (3.71%)		1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.71%)	
County's Total OPEB liability	\$	1,631,093	\$	1,408,182	\$	1,226,446

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the total OPEB liability if the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than what was used in measuring the total OPEB liability.

	 1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption		 1% Increase		
County's Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,347,942	\$	1,408,182	\$ 1,480,611		

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$939,001. At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred of Reso		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	11,401 34,889 32,448	\$	68,921 197,566 -	
Totals	\$	78,738	\$	266,487	

\$32,448 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date are due to benefit payments the County paid with own assets and will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts of the reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ended September 30,	Expe	OPEB nse Amount
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$((((25,093) 25,093) 25,093) 25,093) 25,093) 94,732)

E. TAX ABATEMENTS

The County enters into economic development agreements designed to promote development and redevelopment within the County, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the County. This program refunds property taxes as authorized under Chapter 312 of the Texas Tax Code.

The County has entered into various agreements that reduce property taxes. Agreements for a refund of property taxes call for a dollar for dollar tax refund for approved expenditures to encourage the maintenance and revitalization of the historic downtown area. For fiscal year 2019, the County rebated property taxes of \$14,727.

F. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued the following statements which become effective for fiscal years 2021 and 2022.

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* – This Statement improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The focus is generally on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and on the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. This Statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2021.

Statement No. 87, *Leases* – This Statement will improve the accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities previously classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financing the right to use an underlying asset. Under the Statement a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resource, enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. This Statement will become effective for the County in fiscal year 2022.

G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 1, 2019, the County opted into participation in the TCDRS Group Term Life (GTL) plan. The GTL plan offers benefits that are classified as OPEB in accordance with GASB 75. Accordingly, during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the County will assume a related total OPEB liability for a measurement period ending December 31, 2019.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) a Public Health Emergency of International Concern and on March 10, 2020, declared COVID-19 a pandemic. The impact of COVID-19 could negatively affect the County's operations, suppliers or other vendors, as well as intergovernmental entities and citizens it collects fees from. Subsequent shelter in place orders, labor shortages or other disruptions to the County's operations, or that of its suppliers and vendors, may adversely affect the County's ability to provide services to citizens and taxpayers. In addition, the epidemic and its effects could result in a widespread health crisis that may lead to an economic downturn, negatively affecting tax revenues, demand for services, and the value of investments including pension assets. As of the date of this report, the impact of COVID-19 on the County's financial statements or operations cannot be determined. The extent to which COVID-19 may affect the County's results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Navarro County Courthouse

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Variance with

				Final Budget
	Budgetec	Budgeted Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 15,610,300	\$ 15,610,300	\$ 16,565,945	\$ 955,645
Sales and other taxes	2,250,000	2,250,000	2,765,533	515,533
Intergovernmental	306,600	306,600	570,343	263,743
Fees of office	1,296,700	1,297,700	1,889,690	591,990
Fines and forfeitures	570,000	570,000	503,639	(66,361)
Interest on investments	52,500	52,500	74,600	22,100
Other	141,350	141,350	251,938	110,588
Total revenues	20,227,450	20,228,450	22,621,688	2,393,238
EXPENDITURES				
General government:				
Salaries	2,513,655	2,734,655	2,644,095	90,560
Benefits	1,076,690	1,077,114	1,059,783	17,331
Supplies	252,781	256,381	227,880	28,501
Other services	2,639,834	2,636,234	2,504,494	131,740
Capital outlay	189,807	289,807	958,490	(668,683)
Debt service:				
Principal	177,162	177,162	177,162	-
Interest and other charges	19,634	19,634	59,789	(40,155)
Intergovernmental	356,810	356,810	340,446	16,364
Total general government	7,226,373	7,547,797	7,972,139	(424,342)
Judicial:				
Salaries	2,006,622	2,006,622	2,134,568	(127,946)
Benefits	640,629	640,205	620,205	20,000
Supplies	68,400	66,400	64,864	1,536
Other services	863,803	865,803	910,446	(44,643)
Total judicial	3,579,454	3,579,030	3,730,083	<u>(151,053</u>)
Public safety:				
Salaries	6,128,384	6,128,384	5,958,883	169,501
Benefits	2,728,957	2,729,865	2,614,631	115,234
Supplies	973,446	972,447	784,073	188,374
Other services	1,388,470	1,388,562	1,262,031	126,531
Capital outlay	221,000	221,000	177,582	43,418
Total public safety	11,440,257	11,440,258	10,797,200	643,058
Health and welfare:				
Other services	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Total health and welfare	500,000	500,000	500,000	-
Total expenditures	22,746,084	23,067,085	22,999,422	67,663
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,518,634)	(2,838,635)	(377,734)	2,460,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(2,	_,,
Transfers out	-	-	(11,191)	(11,191)
Issuance of debt	-	-	1,100,000	1,100,000
Sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	2,363	(2,637)
Total other financing sources and uses	5,000	5,000	1,091,172	(1,086,172)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,513,634)	(2,833,635)	·	1,374,729
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	8,082,229	8,082,229	8,082,229	_,_, _, _,
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ 5,568,595	\$ 5,248,594	\$ 8,795,667	\$ 3,547,073
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Navarro County Courthouse

NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULE

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the HIDTA Grant, Victim Assistance Grant, and Capital Projects Funds, which adopt project-length budgets. The County does not adopt budgets for the Juvenile Case Manager Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund, County Clerk Records Management Fund, District Clerk Records Management Fund, County Clerk Archive Fund, Justice Court Building Security Fund, County Records Preservation Fund, Vital Statistics Fund, County & District Clerk Technology Fund, County Record Management & Preservation Fund, District Court Records Technology Fund, and Courthouse Restoration Funds either. All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Elected officials and department heads submit requests for appropriations to the budget officer, the County Judge, so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners Court for review by the second Monday in July. The Commissioners Court holds public work sessions and public hearings. A final budget must be prepared and adopted no later than September 30.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The County's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department (Sheriff's Office, County Auditor, etc.). The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level.

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the General Government and Judicial functions of the General Fund by \$389,854 and \$151,053, respectively, and in the Judicial function of the District Attorney Forfeiture Fund by \$55,387. These overages were funded with existing fund balance except for the overage in General Government, which was due to expenditures funded with the issuance of Tax Notes.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Measurement Date December 31,	2014			2015
Total Pension Liability				
Service Cost Interest total pension liability Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic	\$	1,637,150 4,156,387 - -	\$ (1,700,388 4,430,218 295,376) 648,765
(gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds	(62,881)	(720,373)
of contributions	(2,452,066)	(2,660,511)
Net change in total pension liability		3,278,590		3,103,111
Total pension liability - beginning		51,712,942		54,991,532
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	54,991,532	\$	58,094,643
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Employer contributions Member contributions Investment income net of	\$	1,319,809 863,421	\$	1,396,086 915,051
investment expenses Benefit payments refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	(3,381,156 2,452,066) 39,486)	(25,949 2,660,511) 37,897)
Other	(147,464	(28,448)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		3,220,298	(389,770)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		49,653,883		52,874,181
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	52,874,181	\$	52,484,411
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,117,351	\$	5,610,232
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		96.15%		90.34%
Pensionable covered payroll	\$	12,334,580	\$	13,072,157
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		17.17%		42.92%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

	2016		2017		2018
\$	1,816,511 4,671,943	\$	1,789,149 5,010,983	\$	1,782,327 5,346,224
	-		277,353		-
(429,487)	(27,148)	(104,263)
(2,665,751)	(2,882,136)	(2,928,262)
	3,393,216		4,168,201		4,096,026
	58,094,643	_	61,487,859		65,656,060
\$	61,487,859	\$	65,656,060	\$	69,752,086
\$	1,401,783 939,896	\$	1,382,250 965,647	\$	1,457,560 982,941
	3,883,461		8,133,121	(1,185,231)
(((2,665,751) 42,200) 223,097)	(((2,882,136) 42,115) 7,557)	(((2,928,262) 49,475) 8,170)
	3,294,092		7,549,210	(1,730,637)
	52,484,411		55,778,503		63,327,713
\$	55,778,503	\$	63,327,713	\$	61,597,076
\$	5,709,356	\$	2,328,347	\$	8,155,010
	90.71%		96.45%		88.31%
\$	13,072,157	\$	13,794,953	\$	14,042,013
	43.68%		16.88%		58.08%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	1,296,273	1,296,273	-	12,284,646	10.6%
2015	1,380,859	1,380,859	-	12,922,941	10.7%
2016	1,400,891	1,400,891	-	13,335,021	10.5%
2017	1,394,133	1,394,133	-	13,757,387	10.1%
2018	1,439,284	1,439,284	-	13,996,569	10.3%
2019	1,520,260	1,520,260	-	14,563,190	10.4%

Note: This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2014 is not available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Valuation Date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.				
Methods and assumptions used to de	termine contributions rates:				
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age				
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed				
Remaining Amortization Period	12.5 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2018 valuation)				
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market				
Inflation	2.75%				
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career including inflation.				
Investment Rate of Return	8.00%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including inflation.				
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.				
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.				
Changes in Plan Provisions Reflected in the Schedule	 2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected. 2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits earned after 2017. 2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 				

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS RETIREE HEALTHCARE BENEFIT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

Measurement Date December 31,		2017	2018		
A. Total OPEB liability					
Service cost Interest (on the Total OPEB Liability) Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience on the Total OPEB Liability Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	\$ (46,133 27,487 - 14,257 43,633 <u>38,436</u>)	\$ ((53,683 26,576 883,835 76,911) 220,469) <u>69,210</u>)	
Net change in Total OPEB liability		93,074		597,504	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		717,604		810,678	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		810,678		1,408,182	
B. Covered-employee payroll	\$	13,988,373	\$	14,235,631	
C. Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.80%		9.89%	

Notes to Schedule:

- This schedule is required to have 10 years of information, but the information prior to 2017 is not available.

-No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

- Changes in assumptions reflect annual change in the discount rate. For 2018, the participation assumption for retiree life insurance benefit and the health care trend assumption was modified.

- Changes in benefit terms reflect increases in the benefit and related premium for retiree life insurance.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Flood Control Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to specific flood control projects. Revenues in this fund are derived from restricted property taxes.

Road and Bridge Funds – These funds, reported by Commissioners' Precinct, are used to account for revenues and expenditures relating to road construction and maintenance. Revenues in these funds are derived from restricted property taxes.

District Attorney Forfeiture Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the District Attorney's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure.*

Sheriff Seizure Fund – This fund is used to account for money and property forfeited to the County Sheriff's office as a result of drug seizures under Chapter 59 of the *Texas Code of Criminal Procedure*.

Juvenile Case Manager Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to juvenile case managers.

Courthouse Security Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to security for the courthouse and other buildings housing courts.

Justice Court Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to maintenance of technological enhancements for a justice court and continuing education and training for enhancement for a justice court

County Clerk Records Management Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management in the County Clerk's Office.

District Clerk Records Management Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management in the District Clerks Office.

County Clerk Archive Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the preservation and restoration of the County Courts records archive.

Justice Court Building Security Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to security devices and services for buildings housing justice of the peace courts.

County & District Clerk Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the costs of continuing education and training for the judges and clerks on technological enhancements and for the purchase and maintenance of technological enhancements.

Vital Statistics Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to conduct the operations within the Vital Statistics Program.

County Records Preservation Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to filing of civil cases in county and district courts and to be used for the preservation of court records.

County Record Management & Preservation Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to records management on a countywide basis.

District Court Records Technology Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to the preservation and restoration of the District Courts records archive.

Courthouse Restoration Fund – This fund is to account for fee revenues and expenditures related to donations received for the courthouse restoration project.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

The **Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources to pay principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The *Capital Projects Fund* is used to account for expenditures for construction and renovation of County buildings and facilities.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		Road	Road	Road
	Flood	and Bridge	and Bridge	and Bridge
	Control	Precinct 1	Precinct 2	Precinct 3
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 1,246,282	\$ 296,194	\$ 246,247	\$ 562,267
Investments	2,244	32,413	80,332	68,718
Accounts receivable	350	42,346	42,341	42,346
Property taxes receivable, net	14,294	42,572	42,574	42,574
Due from other governments Prepaid items	-	20,879 810	- 1,225	22,199 1,035
Due from other funds		4,310	4,301	14,182
Total assets	1,263,170	439,524	417,020	753,321
Total assets	1,203,170	439,324	417,020	/33,321
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	-	22,602	3,031	9,289
Accrued liabilities	-	128	-	614
Due to other funds		317,078	3,638	131,126
Total liabilities		339,808	6,669	141,029
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable revenue	12,447	36,999	36,999	36,999
Total deferred inflows of resources	12,447	36,999	36,999	36,999
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable - prepaid items	-	810	1,225	1,035
Restricted for:				
Flood protection projects	1,250,723	-	-	-
Repairs and construction		61 007	272 127	E74 2E9
of roads and bridges Law enforcement	-	61,907	372,127	574,258
Records management and preservation	-	-	-	-
Court security and technology	-	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects				
Total fund balances	1,250,723	62,717	373,352	575,293
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$_1,263,170	\$ 439,524	\$417,020	\$ 753,321

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

		District			Justice		County and		
		Clerk	County		Court		District		
	F	Records	Clerk		Building		Clerk		Vital
	Ma	nagement	Archive		Security		Technology		Statistics
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	9,299 \$	134,269	\$	34,026	\$	4,878	\$	16,030
Investments		-	-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable		-	-		-		-		-
Property taxes receivable, net		-	-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-	-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-	-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		28,418	55,036	-			10,528	-	13,918
Total assets		37,717	189,305	-	34,026		15,406	_	29,948
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable		7,777	4,325		-		-		-
Accrued liabilities		-	- 184,980		- 27 677		-		-
Due to other funds		·		-	27,677			-	
Total liabilities		7,777	189,305	-	27,677			-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Unavailable revenue			-	-		÷	-	-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources			-	_	-		-	-	-
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable - prepaid items		-	-		-		-		-
Restricted for:									
Flood protection projects		-	-		-		-		-
Repairs and construction									
of roads and bridges		-	-		-		-		-
Law enforcement			-		-		-		-
Records management and preservation		29,940	-		-		15,406		29,948
Court security and technology		-	-		6,349		-		-
Debt service		-	-		-		-		-
Capital Projects			-	_	-		-	_	-
Total fund balances		29,940	-	_	6,349	-	15,406	-	29,948
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	37,717 \$	189,305	\$	34,026	\$	15,406	\$	29,948
	т	<u> </u>		т_	,-=•	Ϋ.	,	т-	

Pr	County Records reservation	County Record Management and Preservation	District Court Records Technology	Debt Service	Courthouse Restoration	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	13,405 - - - - - 31,152 44,557	\$ 31,117 - - - - - - 31,117	39,953	\$ 284,999 2,261 - 66,634 - - - - 353,894	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 104,294 10,744 - - - - - - 115,038	\$ 4,870,863 393,063 171,711 251,222 43,078 3,760 209,284 5,942,981
		10 2,013 2,023	-	- - - -	- - 	2,690 - 109,184 111,874	102,116 742 1,239,729 1,342,587
				62,709 62,709	<u> </u>		<u> 223,152</u> 223,152
	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,760
	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,250,723
	44,557 - - 44,557 44,557	- 29,094 - - - 29,094	- - -	- - 291,185 - - 291,185	- - - - - - -	- - - - 3,164 - 3,164	2,034,942 591,273 191,919 10,276 291,185 3,164 4,377,242
\$	44,557	\$31,117	\$42,781	\$353,894_	\$	\$115,038	\$5,942,981_

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Flood Control			Road and Bridge Precinct 1		Road and Bridge Precinct 2		Road nd Bridge Precinct 3
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	304,190	\$	897,373	\$	897,374	\$	897,377
Intergovernmental	Ŧ	350	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-
Licenses and permits		-		212,208		212,208		212,208
Fees of office		-		43,133		43,148		43,132
Fines and forfeitures		-		100,867		100,867		100,867
Interest on investments		7,926		3,535		4,396		6,627
Other		-				19,870		-
Total revenues		312,466		1,257,116		1,277,863		1,260,211
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-
Roads and highways		103,686		1,057,709		1,137,261		949,763
Debt service:				122 770		75 274		250 261
Principal Interest and other		-		132,779 5,899		75,274 24,953		250,261 9,436
Capital outlay		-		3,052		3,842		9,430 169,499
		102 696			_			
Total expenditures		103,686		1,199,439		1,241,330		1,378,959
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		208,780		57,677		36,533	(118,748)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		461		1,395
Issuance of capital lease		-		-	_	-		155,499
Total other financing sources (uses)		-			_	461	-	156,894
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		208,780		57,677		36,994		38,146
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,041,943		5,040	_	336,358		537,147
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	1,250,723	\$	62,717	\$	373,352	\$	575,293

	Road and Bridge Precinct 4	A	District Attorney orfeiture		Sheriff Seizure	Juvenile Case Manager		Courthouse Security Fund		Justice Court Technology Fund		R	County Clerk ecords agement
\$	897,374	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
_	212,208 43,148 100,867 9,596 219		- 114,130 3,492 -		- - 6,843 1,646 -		871 - -		39,807 - - -		- 10,392 - - -		- 7,043 - - -
-	1,263,412		117,622		8,489		871		39,807		10,392	. <u> </u>	7,043
	- - 1,156,673		- 70,387 -		- 8,432 -		- - -		- 67,588 -		- 24,536 -		16,339 - -
	51,079 6,019 -		- -		- -		- -		- -		- -		- - -
-	1,213,771		70,387	_	8,432		-		67,588		24,536		16,339
	49,641		47,235		57		871	(27,781)	(14,144)	(9,296)
	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		11,191 - -		- -	(- 55,036) -
-	-		-	_	-	_	-		- 11,191		-	(- 55,036)
_	49,641		47,235		57		871	(16,590)	(14,144)	(64,332)
-	977,699		175,245		252,679		115,186		16,590		18,071		64,525
\$_	1,027,340	\$	222,480	\$	252,736	\$	116,057	\$		\$	3,927	\$	193

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	District Clerk Records Manageme	County Clerk nt Archive	Justice Court Building Security	County and District Clerk Technology
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Interest on investments Other	\$ - - - 16,82 - - -		\$ - - - 188 - - - -	\$ - - 2,921 - - -
Total revenues	16,82	8 54,768	188	2,921
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Judicial Roads and highways Debt service: Principal Interest and other Capital outlay Total expenditures EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	54 - - - - - 54 16,27	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3,772 - - - <u>-</u> - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Issuance of capital lease Total other financing sources (uses)	- - - -	55,036 - - - 55,036	- - - - -	- - - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	16,27	<u>9 (53,045</u>)	<u>(3,584</u>)	2,921
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	13,66	1 53,045	9,933	12,485
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>29,940</u> \$ <u>-</u> \$			\$ <u>15,406</u>

Vital Statistics		County Records Preservation		County Record Management and Preservation		District Court Records Technology		Debt Service		Courthouse Restoration		Capital Projects		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	618,560	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,512,248 350
	_		-		-		-		-		-		-		848,832
	4,159		2,275		11,876		18,312		-		-		-		342,001
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		524,441
	-		-		-		-		2,348		-		938		40,504
_	-				-		-	-	-		2,419		-	_	22,508
	4,159		2,275		11,876		18,312	-	620,908		2,419		938		6,290,884
	-		-		6,433		-		-		2,419		-		188,589
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		174,715
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,405,092
	_		-		-		-		310,000		_		-		819,393
	-		-		-		-		242,176		-		-		288,483
	-						-	_	<u> </u>		-		-		176,393
	-		-		6,433		-	-	552,176		2,419		-		6,052,665
								-			<u> </u>				
	4,159		2,275		5,443		18,312		68,732		-		938		238,219
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	,	66,227
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	(55,036) 1,856
	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		155,499
_	_		_		_		_	-	_		_		_	_	168,546
								-						_	100,510
_	4,159		2,275		5,443		18,312	-	68,732		-		938		406,765
	25,789		42,282		23,651		24,469	-	222,453	<u>,</u>			2,226		3,970,477
\$_	29,948	\$	44,557	\$	29,094	\$	42,781	\$	291,185	\$		\$	3,164	\$	4,377,242



Navarro County Courthouse

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES



Navarro County Courthouse

FLOOD CONTROL

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	unts Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	
REVENUES Property taxes Intergovernmental Interest on investments Total revenues	\$ 	287,200 - 5,500 292,700	\$	287,200 - 5,500 292,700	\$	304,190 350 7,926 312,466	\$	16,990 350 2,426 19,766
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways: Other services Total expenditures	_	400,000 400,000	_	400,000 400,000	_	103,686 103,686		296,314 296,314
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	(107,300) <u>1,041,943</u>	(107,300) <u>1,041,943</u>		208,780 1,041,943		316,080 -
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	934,643	\$	934,643	\$	1,250,723	\$	316,080

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeter Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Property taxes License and permits Fees of office Fines and forfeitures	\$ 876,000 213,000 34,500 86,500	\$ 876,000 213,000 34,500 86,500	\$ 897,373 212,208 43,133 100,867	\$ 21,373 (792) 8,633 14,367
Interest on investments Total revenues	<u>3,000</u> 1,213,000	<u>3,000</u> 1,213,000	<u>3,535</u> 1,257,116	<u> </u>
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways: Salaries Benefits Supplies Other services Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures	347,684 157,943 416,500 362,290 134,570 5,905 - 1,424,892	347,684 157,943 414,665 361,065 134,570 5,905 3,060 1,424,892	329,395 143,803 254,730 329,781 132,779 5,899 3,052 1,199,439	18,289 14,140 159,935 31,284 1,791 6 <u>8</u> 225,453
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(211,892)	(211,892)	57,677	269,569
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	5,040	5,040	5,040	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$ <u>(206,852</u>)	\$ <u>(206,852</u>)	\$ 62,717	\$269,569

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Original	l An	nounts Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	<i>*</i>	976 000	<i>*</i>	076 000	÷	007 274	<i>~</i>	21 274
Property taxes Intergovernmental	\$	876,000 500	\$	876,000 500	\$	897,374	\$	21,374 500)
License and permits		213,000		213,000		212,208	(792)
Fees of office		34,500		34,500		43,148	(8,648
Fines and forfeitures		86,500		86,500		100,867		14,367
Interest on investments		3,000		3,000		4,396		1,396
Other				_		19,870		19,870
Total revenues	_	1,213,500	-	1,213,500	_	1,277,863		64,363
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		397,315		406,315		373,734		32,581
Benefits		181,069		181,069		165,522		15,547
Supplies		513,500		515,173		478,099		37,074
Other services		120,000		154,355		119,906		34,449
Debt service:						75 774		4 221
Principal Interest		79,605 20,630		79,605 20,630		75,274	(4,331
		20,030		3,842		24,953 3,842	(4,323)
Capital outlay			-					
Total expenditures	_	1,332,119	-	1,360,989	_	1,241,330		119,659
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(118,619)		(147,489)		36,533		184,022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Sale of capital assets			-			461		461
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	-		461		461
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(118,619)		(147,489)		36,994		184,483
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING	_	336,358	-	336,358		336,358		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	217,739	\$	188,869	\$	373,352	\$	184,483

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Bu Origina	dgeted Amo al	ounts Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES Property taxes License and permits Fees of office Fines and forfeitures Interest on investments Total revenues	86,	,000 ,500 ,000 ,000	876,000 213,000 34,500 86,000 3,000 1,212,500	\$	897,377 212,208 43,132 100,867 <u>6,627</u> 1,260,211	\$ (21,377 792) 8,632 14,867 3,627 47,711
EXPENDITURES Roads and highways: Salaries Benefits Supplies Other services Debt service: Principal Interest Capital outlay Total expenditures		155 ,900 ,200 ,840 ,160 ,225	391,640 178,155 461,400 237,200 120,840 4,160 66,725 1,460,120		323,841 145,471 332,435 148,016 250,261 9,436 169,499 1,378,959	(((67,799 32,684 128,965 89,184 129,421) 5,276) 102,774) 81,161
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(239,	,620) (247,620)	(118,748)		128,872
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sale of capital assets Issuance of capital lease Total other financing sources (uses)	- 		- - -		1,395 155,499 156,894		1,395 155,499 156,894
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		,620) (247,620)		38,146		285,766
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING FUND BALANCES, ENDING	<u> </u>	, <u>147</u> , <u>527</u> \$	537,147 289,527	\$	537,147 575,293	\$	- 285,766

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND - PRECINCT 4

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Amounts Original Final Ac						riance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	876,000	\$	876,000	\$	897,374	\$	21,374
License and permits		213,000		213,000		212,208	(792)
Fees of office		34,500		34,500		43,148		8,648
Fines and forfeitures		86,500		86,500		100,867		14,367
Interest on investments		6,000		6,000		9,596		3,596
Other	_	-		-	_	219		219
Total revenues	_	1,216,000		1,216,000	-	1,263,412		47,412
EXPENDITURES								
Roads and highways:								
Salaries		398,565		406,565		339,872		66,693
Benefits		181,320		181,320		147,060		34,260
Supplies		622,000		625,500		296,692		328,808
Other services		434,900		431,400		373,049		58,351
Debt service:								
Principal		51,295		51,295		51,079		216
Interest		6,021		6,021		6,019		2
Capital outlay	_	60,000		60,000	_			60,000
Total expenditures	—	1,754,101	_	1,762,101	-	1,213,771		548,330
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(538,101)	(546,101)		49,641		595,742
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		977,699	_	977,699	-	977,699		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	439,598	\$	431,598	\$_	1,027,340	\$	595,742

DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

							Fir	riance with al Budget
		Budgeted	i Amoi					Positive
		Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	114,130	\$	114,130
Interest on investments		1,000		1,000		3,492		2,492
Total revenues		1,000		1,000		117,622		116,622
EXPENDITURES Judicial: Other services		15,000		15,000		70,387	(55,387)
Total expenditures		15,000		15,000		70,387	(55,387)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(14,000)	(14,000)		47,235		61,235
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		175,245		175,245		175,245		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	161,245	\$	161,245	\$	222,480	\$	61,235

SHERIFF SEIZURE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted Original	l Amoı	unts Final	 Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES							
Forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 6,843	\$	6,843
Interest on investments		500		500	 1,646		1,146
Total revenues		500		500	 8,489		7,989
EXPENDITURES							
Public safety:							
Supplies		8,000		8,000	3,914		4,086
Other services		22,000		22,000	 4,518		17,482
Total expenditures		30,000		30,000	 8,432		21,568
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(29,500)	(29,500)	57		29,557
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		252,679		252,679	 252,679		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	223,179	\$	223,179	\$ 252,736	\$	29,557

DEBT SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Original			unts Final	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		64.0.000		640.000		± /	1 2 (0)
Property taxes	\$	619,900	\$	619,900	\$ 618,560	\$(1,340)
Interest on investments		1,500		1,500	 2,348		848
Total revenues		621,400		621,400	 620,908	(<u>492</u>)
EXPENDITURES Debt service:							
Principal		310,000		310,000	310,000		-
Interest		242,925		242,925	 242,176		749
Total expenditures		552,925		552,925	 552,176		749
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		68,475		68,475	68,732		257
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		222,453		222,453	 222,453		
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	290,928	\$	290,928	\$ 291,185	\$	257

AGENCY FUNDS

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held by the County as an agent for individual private organizations and other governments. The following are the County's Fiduciary Funds:

County Treasurer – This fund is used as a clearing account for the allocation of resources collected by fee offices, pending audit and distribution to other entities.

District Clerk – This fund is used to account for monies held on behalf of individuals in accordance with court ordered decrees by the District Clerk.

Tax Assessor and Collector – This fund is used to record tax collections which are deposited intact pending audit and distribution to the state and other taxing authorities.

Juvenile Probation and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of juvenile probationers.

Community Supervision and Corrections – This fund is used to account for funds received from the State of Texas for supervision, rehabilitation and placement of adult probationers.

Inmate Commissary – This fund is used to account for inmate deposits which may be used by inmates to purchase miscellaneous personal items.

Special Lake – This fund is used to account for mortgage payments received from property owners and held in escrow for improvement due to default on a performance bond.

Special Forfeiture – This fund is used to account for cash seized by law enforcement personnel prior to court order as to its disposition.

Economic Development – This fund is used to account for funds available to the Corsicana Navarro County Economic Development commission to be used to further economic development in Navarro County.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2019		
COUNTY TREASURER						
Assets: Cash Investments	\$ 1,627,568 278,856	\$ 3,977,343 7,000	\$ 3,817,664 	\$ 1,787,247 285,856		
Total assets	1,906,424	3,984,343	3,817,664	2,073,103		
Liabilities: Due to others	1,906,424	3,984,343	3,817,664	2,073,103		
Total liabilities	1,906,424	3,984,343	3,817,664	2,073,103		
DISTRICT CLERK Assets:						
Cash	1,528,741	2,194,988	1,964,300	1,759,429		
Total assets	1,528,741	2,194,988	1,964,300	1,759,429		
Liabilities:						
Due to others	1,528,741	2,194,988	1,964,300	1,759,429		
Total liabilities	1,528,741	2,194,988	1,964,300	1,759,429		
TAX ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR						
Assets: Cash	1,888,761	90,852,147	91,355,737	1,385,171		
Total assets	1,888,761	90,852,147	91,355,737	1,385,171		
Liabilities: Due to others	1,888,761	90,852,147	91,355,737	1,385,171		
Total liabilities	\$1,888,761	\$	\$ <u>91,355,737</u>	\$ <u>1,385,171</u>		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	0	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions		Deductions		Balance September 30, 2019	
JUVENILE PROBATION AND CORRECT	IONS							
Assets:								
Cash	\$	74,200	\$	404,145	\$	384,460	\$	93,885
Investments		10,624	-	267		-		10,891
Total assets		84,824	_	404,412		384,460		104,776
Liabilities:								
Due to others		84,824	_	404,412		384,460		104,776
Total liabilities		84,824	_	404,412		384,460		104,776
COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND COR	RECTION	<u>NS</u>						
Assets: Cash		136,965		1,214,309		1,148,409		202,865
Investments		94,334		2,368		-		96,702
		·		· · ·				· · · ·
Total assets		231,299	_	1,216,677		1,148,409		299,567
Liabilities:								
Due to others		231,299	_	1,216,677		1,148,409		299,567
Total liabilities		231,299		1,216,677		1,148,409		299,567
INMATE COMMISSARY								
Assets:						524 744		
Cash		513,545	_	556,856		534,711		535,690
Total assets		513,545	_	556,856		534,711		535,690
Liabilities:								
Due to others		513,545	_	556,856	_	534,711		535,690
Total liabilities	\$	513,545	\$_	556,856	\$	534,711	\$	535,690

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

	Bala Octob 201	er 1,	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2019
SPECIAL LAKE					
Assets: Cash	¢	238 \$	5 -	¢ _	\$ 238
Investments	\$	238 \$ 96,586	2,424	\$ - 	\$
Total assets		96,824	2,424		99,248
Liabilities:					
Due to others		96,824	2,424		99,248
Total liabilities		96,824	2,424		99,248
SPECIAL FORFEITURE					
Assets:					
Cash	20	08,259	94,481	18,108	284,632
Investments		1,721	17		1,738
Total assets	2	09,980	94,498	18,108	286,370
Liabilities:					
Due to others	2	09,980	94,498	18,108	286,370
Total liabilities	2(09,980	94,498	18,108	286,370
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT					
Assets:					
Investments		2,180	21		2,201
Total assets		2,180	21		2,201
Liabilities:					
Due to others		2,180	21		2,201
Total liabilities	\$	2,180 \$	<u> </u>	\$	\$2,201
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
Assets:					
Cash		78,277 \$		\$ 99,223,389	\$ 6,049,157
Investments	48	34,301	12,097		496,398
Total assets	6,40	52,578	99,306,366	99,223,389	6,545,555
Liabilities:					
Due to others	6,40	52,578 <u></u>	99,306,366	99,223,389	6,545,555
Total liabilities	\$6,40	<u>52,578</u> \$	99,306,366	\$ <u>99,223,389</u>	\$ <u>6,545,555</u>

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of Navarro County, Texas' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	66
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	74
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future	80
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic information indicators to help the reader understand the environment within the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	85
Operating Information These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs.	87

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fisca	l Yea	r	
		2019	2018		2017	 2016
Governmental activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,590,076	\$ 8,081,111	\$	9,007,054	\$ 9,278,430
Restricted		4,535,323	4,243,582		4,119,555	5,803,287
Unrestricted		4,977,326	 6,312,632		7,157,731	 7,779,915
Total governmental activities net position	ו <u> </u>	17,102,725	 18,637,325		20,284,340	 22,861,632
Primary government:						
Net investment in capital assets		7,590,076	8,081,111		9,007,054	9,278,430
Restricted		4,535,323	4,243,582		4,119,555	5,803,287
Unrestricted		4,977,326	 6,312,632		7,157,731	 7,779,915
Total primary government net position	\$	17,102,725	\$ 18,637,325	\$	20,284,340	\$ 22,861,632

Source: Navarro County financial records.

	Fiscal Year													
	2015	2014 2013		2013		2012		2011	2010					
÷	9,958,598 3,862,529 8,293,305	\$	9,908,273 2,712,943 9,048,509	\$	9,803,913 3,168,519 7,345,700	\$	8,797,242 3,242,834 5,894,974	\$	9,430,394 2,816,039 4,833,839	\$	9,269,955 2,930,176 4,099,230			
	22,114,432		21,669,725		20,318,132		17,935,050		17,080,272		16,299,361			
	9,958,598 3,862,529 8,293,305		9,908,273 2,712,943 9,048,509	_	9,803,913 3,168,519 7,345,700	_	8,797,242 3,242,834 5,894,974		9,430,394 2,816,039 4,833,839	_	9,269,955 2,930,176 4,099,230			
	22,114,432	\$	21,669,725	\$	20,318,132	\$	17,935,050	\$	17,080,272	\$	16,299,361			

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	I Yea	r		
		2019		2018		2017		2016
EXPENSES Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	7,810,731	\$	7,593,764	\$	7,163,449	\$	7,647,872
Judicial	Ψ	4,193,313	Ψ	4,043,770	Ψ	3,644,029	Ψ	3,248,964
Public safety		15,553,041		14,576,160		14,330,396		13,370,878
Health and welfare		500,000		487,557		500,000		503,212
Roads and highways		5,212,407		5,222,591		5,827,624		7,592,634
Interest on long-term debt		362,697		297,405		309,293		287,545
Total expenses		33,632,189		32,221,247		31,774,791		32,651,105
		00,002,107		02/221/217				02,001,100
PROGRAM REVENUES								
Governmental activities:								
Fees, fines and charges for services:								
General government		1,645,036		1,510,633		1,500,684		1,577,749
Judicial		1,035,640		1,272,763		1,118,802		1,079,082
Public safety		792,445		944,774		423,771		506,491
Roads and highways		848,832		840,040		840,960		859,288
Operating grants and contributions		3,898,159		3,716,526		3,721,451		7,351,399
Capital grants and contributions				114,561		-		-
Total governmental activities								
program revenues		8,220,112		8,399,297		7,605,668		11,374,009
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUES								
Governmental activities	(25,412,077)	(23,821,950)	(24,169,123)	(21,277,096)
Total primary government	<u> </u>	/	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	¢(25,412,077)	\$(23,821,950)	\$(24,169,123)	\$(21,277,096)
net expense	\$ <u>(</u>	23,412,077)	Ф <u>(</u>	23,821,930)	Ф <u>(</u>	24,109,123)	Ф <u>(</u>	21,277,090)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER O	HAN	GES IN NET PO	озіті	ION				
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	20,851,759	\$	19,846,050	\$	18,883,935	\$	18,572,564
Sales tax		2,691,975		2,405,730		2,413,970		2,318,730
Mixed beverage		73,558		54,847		39,561		54,841
Investment earnings		115,104		110,632		102,379		74,715
Miscellaneous		145,081		173,749		151,986		103,507
Gain from sale of capital assets		-		-		-		-
Total governmental activities		23,877,477		22,591,008		21,591,831		21,124,357
Total primary government		23,877,477		22,591,008		21,591,831		21,124,357
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								
Governmental activities	(1,534,600)	(1,230,942)	(2,577,292)	(152,739)
Governmental activities	<u> </u>	1,004,000	<u> </u>	1,230,742)	<u> </u>	2,311,272)	<u> </u>	132,737
Total primary government	\$ <u>(</u>	1,534,600)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,230,942)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,577,292)	\$ <u>(</u>	152,739)
Prior period adjustment/								
Change in accounting principle	_	-	(416,073)		_		_
5 51 1								

Source: Navarro County financial records

					Fisca	I Yea	r				
	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	9,829,863 2,917,168 12,809,589 500,000 4,954,679 <u>314,164</u> 31,325,463	\$	5,872,106 2,891,502 11,743,805 507,518 5,023,067 197,330 26,235,328	\$	5,524,778 2,639,512 11,475,382 499,458 4,598,346 94,699 24,832,175	\$	6,422,406 2,577,079 11,710,531 381,695 4,678,001 95,089 25,864,801	\$	5,448,604 2,366,579 11,736,012 556,640 4,770,681 <u>88,544</u> 24,967,060	\$	5,117,148 2,424,728 11,144,461 684,043 4,616,494 172,797 24,159,671
	1,524,324 955,981 555,948 801,772 7,699,167 -		1,449,906 1,051,255 546,332 821,436 3,573,267 -		1,144,977 1,163,573 637,884 863,382 3,102,887 -		1,434,271 1,062,082 807,349 1,050,148 3,422,795 -	_	1,153,912 1,099,509 675,639 740,960 3,739,851 -		1,438,917 1,205,051 789,429 881,836 3,096,307 -
	11,537,192		7,442,196		6,912,703		7,776,645		7,409,871		7,411,540
(19,788,271)	(18,793,132)	(17,919,472)	(18,088,156)	(17,557,189)	(16,748,131)
\$ <u>(</u>	19,788,271)	\$ <u>(</u>	18,793,132)	\$ <u>(</u>	17,919,472)	\$ <u>(</u>	18,088,156)	\$ <u>(</u>	17,557,189)	\$ <u>(</u>	16,748,131)
\$	18,041,387 2,241,653 51,999 114,256 117,139 -	\$	17,221,450 2,700,800 50,967 103,166 92,095 -	\$	17,321,497 2,156,560 39,558 85,328 125,849 -	\$	16,697,629 2,028,797 35,789 79,613 101,106 -	\$	16,185,572 1,964,652 34,685 71,411 81,780 -	\$	15,319,390 1,730,180 37,202 32,848 265,427 -
	20,566,434		20,168,478		19,728,792		18,942,934		18,338,100		17,385,047
	20,566,434		20,168,478		19,728,792		18,942,934		18,338,100		17,385,047
	778,163		1,375,346		1,809,320		854,778		780,911		636,916
\$	778,163	\$	1,375,346	\$	1,809,320	\$	854,778	\$	780,911	\$	636,916
(333,456)	(23,753)		573,762					(3,531,211)

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Yea	r		
	 2019	2018		2017		2016
General fund						
Reserved for prepaid items	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, undesignated	-	-		-		-
Nonspendable	29,095	29,095		51,881		155,818
Assigned	1,339,292	2,451,033		2,191,056		1,887,195
Unassigned	 7,427,280	 5,602,101		6,211,211		6,882,261
Total general fund	 8,795,667	 8,082,229		8,454,148		8,925,274
All other governmental funds						
Reserved for:						
Debt service	-	-		-		-
Capital projects fund	-	-		-		-
Prepaid items	-	-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:						
Special revenue funds	-	-		-		-
Restricted	4,377,242	3,970,477		3,980,564		4,860,184
Unassigned	 -	 	_		(1,043,304)
Total all other						
governmental funds	\$ 4,377,242	\$ 3,970,477	\$	3,980,564	\$	3,816,880

Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: In fiscal year 2011 the County implemented GASB Statement No. 54.

				Fisca	I Year	-				
	2015	2014		 2013		2012	 2011	2010		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	215,777 2,942,509	
	136,034 1,794,505 6,463,774	_	116,597 1,555,065 6,865,925	 135,414 1,060,301 5,539,526		174,495 818,362 4,014,022	 193,186 744,101 3,045,402		- - -	
_	8,394,313		8,537,587	 6,735,241		5,006,879	 3,982,689		3,158,286	
	-		-	-		-	-		103,316	
	-		-	-		-	-		354,212 -	
	- 5,954,054 -		- 8,526,005 -	- 2,950,428 -		- 2,964,017 -	- 2,527,278 -		2,215,786 - -	
\$	5,954,054	\$	8,526,005	\$ 2,950,428	\$	2,964,017	\$ 2,527,278	\$	2,673,314	

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2019		2018		2017		2016
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$	21,078,193	\$	19,755,712	\$	18,936,898	\$	18,488,480
Sales tax and other		2,765,533		2,460,577		2,453,531		2,373,571
Intergovernmental		3,971,214		3,966,130		4,242,687		7,168,446
Licenses and permits		848,832		840,040		840,960		859,288
Fees of office		2,231,691		2,142,721		2,085,721		1,825,932
Fines and forfeitures		1,028,080		1,160,767		1,082,732		1,041,716
Interest on investments		115,104		110,632		102,379		74,715
Other		274,446		366,227		226,915		479,586
Total revenues		32,313,093		30,802,806		29,971,823		32,311,734
EXPENDITURES								
General government		6,624,841		6,810,425		6,406,587		6,349,701
Judicial		3,904,798		4,002,336		3,445,310		3,200,762
Public safety		14,020,139		13,674,261		12,989,948		12,449,378
Health and welfare		500,000		487,541		500,000		500,000
Roads and highways		4,405,092		4,554,721		5,064,510		6,917,665
Capital outlay		1,312,465		949,619		1,810,583		3,639,988
Debt service								
Principal		996,555		574,130		666,614		529,393
Interest and fiscal charges		323,272		296,666		300,608		285,919
Costs of debt issuance		25,000				-		-
Intergovernmental		340,446		338,579		349,278		446,328
Total expenditures		32,452,608		31,688,278		31,533,438		34,319,134
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>(</u>	139,515)	\$ <u>(</u>	885,472)	\$ <u>(</u>	1,561,615)	\$ <u>(</u>	2,007,400)
OTHER FINANCING								
SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	66,227	\$	-	\$	420,381	\$	-
Transfers out	(66,227)		-	(420,381)		-
Issuance of debt		1,100,000		-		-		-
Issuance of capital lease		155,499		649,461		1,149,854		398,399
Sale of capital assets		4,219		2,931		104,319		2,788
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		1,259,718		652,392		1,254,173		401,187
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	<u>.</u>	1,120,203	(233,080)	(307,442)	(1,606,213)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT/								
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	\$	-	\$ <u>(</u>	148,926)	\$	-	\$	-
DEBT SERVICES (PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST) AS PERCENTAGE OF								
NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES	_	4.34%	_	2.84%	_	3.26%	_	2.60%

Source: Navarro County financial records

Note: Sales tax and other were reported as intergovernmental revenue prior to fiscal year 2012.

				Fisca	al Yea	ar				
	2015		2014	 2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	17,990,383 2,293,652	\$	17,307,346 2,751,767	\$ 17,429,129 2,196,118	\$	16,751,283 2,064,586	\$	16,197,999 -	\$	15,136,228 -
	7,098,835		3,201,627	2,843,181		3,327,917		5,688,961		4,829,871
	801,772		821,436	863,382		1,033,756		740,960		881,836
	2,030,619		2,005,119	2,001,608		1,984,300		1,399,448		1,694,932
	989,641		1,021,187	1,179,205		1,254,762		1,112,967		1,411,351
	114,256		103,166	85,328		79,610		71,405		32,837
	714,786		421,333	 362,247		181,103		523,036		664,126
	32,033,944		27,632,981	 26,960,198		26,677,317		25,734,776		24,651,181
	9,398,667		5,806,092	5,195,928		5,299,995		4,818,429		4,957,144
	2,982,851		2,874,039	2,638,214		2,571,547		2,361,726		2,417,668
	12,367,418		11,030,465	10,825,767		11,024,892		11,071,165		10,499,944
	500,000 4,345,828		507,436 4,358,484	500,000 4,040,821		381,695 4,147,150		556,545 4,225,633		683,546 4,078,947
	4,345,828 4,473,887		4,358,484 2,106,721	4,040,821		4,147,150		4,225,633		4,078,947 985,149
	4,473,007		2,100,721	1,555,224		500,795		1,073,119		905,149
	849,867		767,002	812,771		670,254		648,714		571,523
	335,851		57,072	65,021		76,632		104,333		110,943
	-		78,675	-		-		-		-
	436,490		472,638	 495,265		489,714		424,810		143,882
	35,690,859		28,058,624	 26,107,011		25,230,674		25,284,474		24,448,746
\$ <u>(</u>	3,656,915)	\$ <u>(</u>	425,643)	\$ 853,187	\$	1,446,643	\$	450,302	\$	202,435
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		7,500,000	-		-		-		-
	131,807		296,103	831,858		-		207,484		335,790
	38,416		7,463	 29,728		14,286	_	20,581		2,316
	170,223		7,803,566	 861,586		14,286	_	228,065		338,106
(3,486,692)		7,377,923	1,714,773		1,460,929		678,367		540,541
<u> </u>				 .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						0.07011
\$ <u>(</u>	333,456)	\$ <u>(</u>	23,753)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
	<u>3.32</u> %		2.94%	 3.36%		2.96%	_	2.98%	_	<u>2.79</u> %

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Residential Property		 Commercial Property		Other Property	 Personal Property
2019	\$	1,507,145,422	\$ 2,310,056,480	\$	753,423,366	\$ 1,239,012,900
2018		1,479,572,425	2,162,767,437		807,114,404	895,253,992
2017		1,365,507,347	2,073,336,020		787,903,490	859,879,723
2016		1,239,467,692	1,917,182,983		711,249,302	839,283,030
2015		1,173,268,641	1,736,195,562		695,298,377	859,851,373
2014		1,148,198,826	1,512,051,300		635,984,345	753,950,248
2013		1,165,633,315	1,448,349,624		632,067,059	781,049,711
2012		1,152,388,951	1,292,242,432		633,892,992	839,663,470
2011		1,513,783,990	852,681,050		622,943,740	843,596,443
2010		1,487,441,940	825,815,170		609,080,740	806,975,884

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Notes:

- a Property is assessed at actual value; therefore, the assessed values are equal to actual value.
- b Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Less: Tax-exempt Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Total Direct Tax Rate			
\$ 1,396,902,375	\$ 4,648,935,793	0.6270			
1,298,517,979	4,406,198,399	0.6270			
1,277,639,610	3,808,986,970	0.6270			
1,117,222,178	3,589,960,829	0.6270			
963,963,545	3,500,650,408	0.6270			
841,438,429	3,208,746,290	0.6270			
817,576,497	3,209,523,212	0.6270			
800,054,544	3,118,133,301	0.6270			
794,462,630	3,038,542,593	0.6270			
809,535,410	2,919,778,324	0.6270			

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATE (PER \$ 100 ASSESSED VALUE)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

				Fisca	l Year			
		2019		2018		2017		2016
Country dive at water								
County direct rates General	¢	0.4925	¢	0.4925	\$	0.4925	÷	0.4925
Debt Service	\$	0.4925	\$	0.4925	Þ	0.4925	\$	0.4925
		0.0184 0.1071		0.0184 0.1071		0.0184		0.0184
Road and bridge								
Flood control		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090		0.0090
Total direct rate		0.6270		0.6270		0.6270		0.6270
Cities								
Barry		0.4053		0.4034		0.4034		0.3851
Blooming Grove		0.4550		0.4230		0.4801		0.4801
Corsicana		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272		0.6272
Dawson		0.4324		0.4308		0.4234		0.4234
Emhouse		0.2524		0.2943		0.2943		0.2943
Frost		0.5394		0.5504		0.5690		0.5690
Goodlow		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897		0.0897
Kerens		0.6805		0.6922		0.6735		0.6839
Rice		0.5728		0.5990		0.5990		0.5990
Richland		0.2800		0.2341		0.2359		0.2330
School Districts								
Blooming Grove		1.0762		1.1300		1.1300		1.1300
Corsicana		1.2831		1.3703		1.3703		1.3703
Dawson		1.3894		1.4654		1.2922		1.2922
Frost		1.42430		1.59250		1.17425		1.2208
Kerens		1.3300		1.4400		1.4400		1.1100
Mildred		1.2859		1.3928		1.2812		1.2812
Rice		1.5249		1.6265		1.6265		1.3365
Colleges								
Navarro College		0.1164		0.1218		0.1218		0.1183

Source: Navarro County Appraisal District

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments that apply to property owners within Navarro County. Not all overlapping rates apply to all County property owners. For example, although the total Direct Rate for Navarro County applies to all County property owners, a specific City's tax rate applies only to those taxpayers whose property is located within the City's geographic boundaries. The Navarro College rate applies to all County property owners.

		Fisca	l Year			
 2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	 2010
\$ 0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270	\$ 0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270	\$ 0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270	\$	0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270	\$ 0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270	\$ 0.4909 0.0200 0.1071 0.0090 0.6270
0.3851 0.4821 0.6272 0.4000 0.2943 0.5573 0.0897 0.6817 0.5500 0.2330	0.3851 0.4821 0.6272 0.4000 0.2943 0.5657 0.0897 0.6817 0.5351 0.2330	0.3851 0.4821 0.6272 0.4000 0.2943 0.5600 0.0897 0.6434 0.4999 0.2330		0.3661 0.4900 0.6272 0.4000 0.2943 0.5300 0.0897 0.6434 0.4700 0.2189	0.3349 0.4900 0.6272 0.4000 0.3072 0.5000 0.0897 0.6434 0.4700 0.2056	0.3393 0.4859 0.6272 0.3783 0.3072 0.5000 0.0897 0.6434 0.4200 0.2056
1.1300 1.2830 1.2900 1.2404 1.1100 1.2812 1.3800	1.1300 1.2830 1.2900 1.2550 1.1100 1.2980 1.4200	1.1300 1.2830 1.2900 1.2550 1.1100 1.2906 1.4200		1.1300 1.2830 1.2900 1.2550 1.1100 1.2798 1.4200	1.1300 1.2830 1.2900 1.2550 1.1100 1.2798 1.4200	1.1200 1.2830 1.2900 1.2550 1.1200 1.2498 1.4200
0.1202	0.1202	0.1190		0.1190	0.1190	0.1190

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (Unaudited)

				Fisca	l Yea	r		
	-	2	019			2	010	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value ^a	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Seaway Crude Pipeline LP	\$	148,696,190	1	5.11%	\$	-	5	- %
Oncor Electric Delivery CO LLC	т	74,965,750	2	2.57%	т	48,008,780	2	2.24%
Guardian Industries LLC		70,065,430	3	2.41%		-	6	- %
NALCO Company LLC		51,807,050	4	1.78%		31,867,020		1.48%
Magellan Pipeline CO LP		51,552,560	5	1.77%		19,760,200		0.92%
Energy Transfer Fuel LP		49,214,430	6	1.69%		29,956,070		1.40%
Pactiv Foam		48,548,330	7	1.67%		-		- %
Permian Express Partners		47,859,090	8	1.64%		-	3	- %
True Value Company		46,146,090	9	1.58%		25,173,180		1.17%
Russell Stover Chocolates LLC		42,771,170	10	1.47%		-		- %
HD USA 5147		-		- %		61,084,750	1	2.84%
Russell Stover Chocolates LLC - Abated		-		- %		47,028,340	4	2.19%
Guardian Industries - Abadted		-		- %		36,583,990	7	1.70%
National Ind. Portfolio Borrowers		-		- %		19,051,900	8	0.89%
Kohl's Dist Center #607 - Abated					-	19,001,110	10	0.88%
Total	\$	631,626,090		21.69%	\$_	337,515,340		15.72%
Total taxable assessed value	\$	2,911,765,385		100.00%	\$	2,147,378,633		100.00%

Source: Navarro Central Appraisal District

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Collected wi Fiscal Year of		Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy as of Fiscal Year End ^a	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Collections	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2019	\$ 21,015,271	\$ 20,461,517	97.36%	-	\$ 20,461,517	97.36%	
2018	19,641,289	19,176,629	97.63%	412,775	19,589,404	97.63%	
2017	18,667,254	18,186,299	97.42%	153,083	18,339,382	98.24%	
2016	18,321,633	17,838,796	97.36%	151,249	17,990,045	98.19%	
2015	18,337,365	17,493,815	95.40%	158,191	17,652,006	96.26%	
2014	16,919,911	16,550,804	97.82%	164,639	16,715,443	98.79%	
2013	16,978,004	16,526,542	97.34%	251,194	16,777,736	98.82%	
2012	16,418,058	15,936,147	97.06%	352,559	16,288,706	99.21%	
2011	15,971,578	15,029,327	94.10%	850,169	15,879,496	99.42%	
2010	15,531,325	14,513,973	93.45%	942,922	15,456,895	99.52%	

Source: Navarro County Tax Assessor/Collector

Notes:

a - Tax levies consider supplemental value changes during the initial fiscal year.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities											
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds					Capital Leases		Total Long-term Debt	of Pe	entage ersonal ome ^{b,c}	Per Capita ^b	
2018	\$	6,370,000	1,10	00,000	\$	1,454,710	\$	8,924,710		0.47%	180.	06
2018		6,680,000		-		1,990,263		8,670,263		0.48%	178.	03
2017		6,970,000		-		1,627,121		8,597,121		0.49%	176.	53
2016		7,245,000		-		868,881		8,066,012		0.49%	166.	23
2015		7,500,000		-		936,531		8,436,531		0.49%	174.	59
2014		8,030,000		-		929,231		8,959,231		0.53%	185.	90
2013		1,020,000		-		910,130		1,930,130		0.11%	40.	18
2012		1,500,000		-		411,043		1,911,043		0.11%	39.	75
2011		1,970,000		-		611,297		2,581,297		0.16%	53.	99
2010		2,430,000		-		592,527		3,022,527		0.34%	63.	32

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. b See Table 13 for personal income and population data.

TABLE 10

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	G	ieneral Bonded	Debt Outstanding					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Notes	Capital Leases	Total	Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service	Net General Bonded Debt	Percentage of Actual Taxable Property Value ^b	Per Capita ^c
2018	\$ 6,370,000	\$1,100,000	\$ 1,454,710	\$8,924,710	\$ 292,583	\$ 8,632,127	0.19%	174.16
2018	6,680,000	-	1,990,263	8,670,263	210,359	8,459,904	0.19%	173.71
2017	6,970,000	-	1,627,121	8,597,121	133,507	8,463,614	0.22%	173.79
2016	7,245,000	-	868,881	8,113,881	63,905	8,049,976	0.22%	165.90
2015	7,500,000	-	936,531	8,436,531	2,243	8,434,288	0.24%	174.54
2014	8,030,000	-	929,231	8,959,231	99,927	8,859,304	0.28%	183.82
2013	1,020,000	-	910,130	1,930,130	120,433	1,809,697	0.06%	37.67
2012	1,500,000	-	411,043	1,911,043	91,369	1,819,674	0.06%	37.85
2011	1,970,000	-	611,297	2,581,297	94,083	2,487,214	0.08%	51.86
2010	2,430,000	-	592,527	3,022,527	107,392	2,915,135	0.10%	61.04

Source: Navarro County financial records

Notes: a - Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

b - See Table 5 for property value data.

c - See Table 13 for population data.



Navarro County Courthouse

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

		Percentage Overlapping Navarro County	Net Debt	Subtotals
Taxino	Jurisdiction	County	Net Debt	Subtotals
County-wide	,			
-	ro County	<u>100.00%</u>	8,924,710	
Total direct debt		<u>100.00%</u>	\$	8,924,710
Cities				
Angus	5	100.00%	-	
Barry		100.00%	-	
	ning Grove	100.00%	-	
Corsio	5	100.00%	39,260,000	
Daws	on	100.00%	-	
Emho	use	100.00%	-	
Eurek		100.00%	-	
Frost		100.00%	-	
Good	ow	100.00%	-	
Keren		100.00%	-	
Mildre		100.00%	-	
	ro Valley	100.00%	-	
Oak V	-	100.00%	-	
Powel	•	100.00%	-	
Retre		100.00%	-	
Rice		100.00%	-	
Richla	ind	100.00%	-	
Stree		100.00%		
	Total Cities	<u>100.00%</u>	<u> </u>	
School District (% of asses	ssed value)			
-	ning Grove	100.00%	1,090,000	
Bynur	n	1.51%	8,939	
Corsio	cana	99.53%	86,661,625	
Daws	on	98.94%	8,141,039	
Ennis		1.33%	1,095,480	
Fairfie	eld	6.60%	705,458	
Frost		84.95%	5,697,389	
Hubba	ard	1.10%	50,979	
Keren	S	100.00%	16,920,000	
Mildre	ed	100.00%	19,190,000	
Rice		100.00%	24,184,592	
Worth	iam	<u>21.01%</u>	751,350	
	Total School Districts	<u>43.36%</u>	164,496,851	
Colleges				
_	ro College	<u>100.00</u> %	21,580,773	
Total indirect debt				<u>225,337,624</u>
Total direct and overlappir	ıg debt		\$	234,262,334

Sources: Net debt information in this table was obtained by direct contact with each jurisdiction without further verification, except school districts. School District information obtained from TEA web site.

Note: The Percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the taxing entity's taxable value that is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by the taxing entity's total taxable assessed value.

NAVARRO COUNTY, TEXAS LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Year	
	2019	2018	2017	2016
Assessed value of real property	\$ 4,648,935,793	\$ 4,406,198,399	\$ 3,808,986,970	\$ 3,589,960,829
Debt limit rate	5%	5%	5%	5%
Debt limit Debt applicable to limit:	232,446,790	220,309,920	190,449,349	179,498,041
Total bonded debt Less: amount set aside for repayment	7,470,000 292,583	6,680,000 210,359	6,970,000 <u>63,905</u>	7,245,000 2,243
Total net debt applicable to limit	7,177,417	6,469,641	6,906,095	7,242,757
Legal debt margin	\$225,269,373	\$	\$ <u>183,543,254</u>	\$
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.09%	2.94%	3.63%	4.04%

Source: Navarro County financial records

Under Legislative provision, any county, any political subdivision of a county, any number of adjoining counties, or any political subdivision of the state, or any defined district now or hereafter to be described and defined within the State of Texas, and which may or may not include towns, villages, or municipal corporations, upon a vote of two-thirds majority of the resident property taxpayers voting thereon who are qualified electors of such district or territory to be affected thereby, in addition to all other debts, any issue bonds or otherwise lend its credit in any amount not to exceed one-fourth of the assessed valuation of the real property of such district or territory, except that the total bonded indebtedness of any city or town shall never exceed the limits imposed by other provisions of this Constitution, and levy and collect taxes to pay the interest thereon and provide a sinking fund for the redemption thereof.

		Fisca	al Year							
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010					
\$ 3,500,650,408 <u>5%</u>	\$ 3,208,746,290 <u>5%</u>	\$ 3,118,133,301 <u>5%</u>	\$ 3,038,542,593 <u>5%</u>	\$ 2,919,778,324 <u>5%</u>	\$ 2,816,672,430 <u> </u>					
175,032,520	160,437,315	155,906,665	151,927,130	145,988,916	140,833,622					
7,500,000 99,927 7,400,073	8,030,000 <u>120,432</u> 7,909,568	1,500,000 91,369 1,408,631	1,970,000 94,083 1,875,917	2,430,000 107,392 2,322,608	2,850,000 177,069 2,672,931					
\$ <u>167,632,447</u>	\$	\$ 154,498,034	\$ 150,051,213	\$143,666,308	\$138,160,691					
4.23% 4.93% 0.90% 1.23% 1.59% 1.9										

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population ^a	Personal Income (thousands of dollars) ^a	County Per Capita Personal Income ^a	School Enrollment ^b	Unemployment Rate ^c	State of Texas Per Capita Personal Income ^a	United <u>States</u> Per Capita Personal Income ^a
2019	49,565	\$ 1,879,580	\$ 37,922	9,915	2.92%	\$ 50,355	\$ 53,820
2018	48,701	1,799,965	36,960	9,919	3.40%	47,362	51,640
2017	48,701	1,743,642	35,803	9,984	3.60%	46,942	50,392
2016	48,523	1,719,801	35,443	9,866	4.40%	47,636	49,571
2015	48,323	1,729,577	35,792	9,866	4.10%	47,015	48,190
2014	48,195	1,700,127	35,276	9,941	4.90%	45,669	46,049
2013	48,038	1,776,685	36,985	9,768	6.70%	43,862	44,765
2012	48,077	1,731,253	36,010	9,650	8.80%	43,271	44,200
2011	47,956	1,604,752	33,463	9,666	6.10%	41,016	42,332
2010	47,760	1,522,923	31,887	9,644	9.30%	38,065	40,144

Sources:

- a Texas Workforce Commission , U. S Census Bureau , Bureau of Economic Analysis
- b Texas Education Agency
- c U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Department of Labor

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

(Unaudited)

		2()19	
			Percentage of	
Employer	Nature of Business	Employees	<u>Employment^a</u>	
Corsicana I.S.D	Government / Education	891	4.55%	
Russell Stover Candies	Candy Manufacturing	636	3.25%	
Navarro College	College	568	2.90%	
Watkins Construction	Energy	505	2.58%	
Navarro Regional Hospital	Hospital	442	2.26%	
Navarro County	Government/County	360	1.84%	
Walmart	Retail	350	1.79%	
Corsicana Mattress	Mattress/Bedding	306	1.56%	
City of Corsicana	Government/City	275	1.40%	
Kohl's Distribution Center	Warehousing/retail	263	1.34%	
Guardian Industries	Glass Manufacturing	256	1.31%	
Oil City Iron Works	Castings	214	1.09%	
Pactiv	Manufacturing	192	0.98%	
Total		5,258	26.85%	

Source: Corsicana/Navarro County Chamber of Commerce

a - September 30, 2019, total employment per Texas Workforce Commission

19,585



Navarro County Courthouse

FULL TIME EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
General government										
Elected/appointed officials	10	10	8	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Clerical	40	40	37	37	38	39	38	38	37	37
Building maintenance	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Environmental	-	-	-	#	1	2	2	2	2	2
Judicial										
Judges/justices of the peace	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
Criminal District Attorney	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant prosecutors	7	7	8	8	6	6	6	5	5	5
Paraprofessionals	5	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	5	5
Clerical	18	18	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Public safety										
County sheriff	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Constables	- 4	4	- 4	- 3	4	4	- 4	- 4	- 4	- 4
Patrol/CID	30	30	30	29	28	28	27	28	28	40
Jailers	70	68	73	70	62	59	61	 72	 72	77
Administration	13	13	13	13	11	11	10	12	12	5
Juvenile probation	1	1	10	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Communications	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Health and welfare	10	15	10	10	15	15	15	10	15	15
Indigent health care	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Roads and highways										
County Commissioners	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Road employees	27	27	31	28	32	31	30	34	34	34
Total	254	252	251	240	235	233	231	248	248	258

Source: Navarro County Treasurer

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
Function/Program		2019		2018		2017		2016
General Government								
Auditor's office								
Accounts payable checks issued	\$	5,257	\$	7,078	\$	3,322	\$	6,781
Treasurer's office	т	-,	т	.,	т	-,	т	-,
Payroll checks issued		925		700		807		826
Cash receipts issued		3,445		4,046		3,104		3,383
County clerk		-, -		,		-, -		- /
Marriage licenses issued		335		308		309		358
Declarations of informal marriage		12		4		12		6
Birth certificates issued		3,639		3,141		3,127		3,273
Death certificates issued		594		487		449		442
Tax office								
Title transactions		12,407		11,024		12,725		11,802
Registration transactions		36,313		35,878		242,178		50,911
Tax certificates issued		1,472		1,361		1,748		1,801
Liquor receipts issued		14		18		15		15
Beer and wine receipts issued		31		30		29		45
Elections administration								
Number of registered voters		29,150		28,064		28,000		27,738
Judicial								
District court								
Civil cases filed		847		728		678		642
Civil cases disposed		824		728		800		779
Criminal cases filed		669		602		385		538
Criminal cases disposed		594		605		555		556
Juvenile cases filed		10		8		10		13
Juvenile cases disposed		13		10		7		20
Statutory County court								
Civil cases filed		544		539		421		451
Civil cases disposed		590		566		439		354
Criminal cases filed		606		510		373		433
Criminal cases disposed		560		499		433		376
Juvenile cases filed		16		11		7		14
Juvenile cases disposed		14		7		21		11
County court								
Civil cases filed		74		196		231		416
Civil cases disposed		75		60		33		116
Criminal cases filed		1,824		1,709		1,812		2,507
Criminal cases disposed		2,206		1,019		1,173		2,831
Justices of the peace								
Civil cases filed		1,232		1,402		962		706
Civil cases disposed		1,195		1,258		722		653
Criminal cases filed		4,713		7,606		6,848		6,715
Criminal cases disposed		5,796		6,199		4,673		5,485

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

				al Year			
 2015	 2014	2013		2012	 2011	 2010	
\$ 7,146	\$ 7,146	\$	7,652	\$	7,374	\$ 8,474	\$ 9,232
912	912		875		1,060	1,568	1,706
3,127	3,127		3,267		3,205	3,538	2,727
346	346		420		393	400	395
17	17		9		8	9	14
571	571		489		580	474	470
418	418		423		422	379	393
11,469	11,469		11,480		11,324	10,554	10,079
51,056	51,056		51,123		50,368	49,015	48,819
1,635	1,635		1,734		1,768	1,569	1,602
15	15		14		22	16	25
27	27		41		40	13	11
25,924	25,924		26,947		26,631	26,448	26,233
761	761		736		821	1,264	1,377
685	685		986		920	1,035	1,401
522	522		609		705	827	777
537 18	537 18		554		829 32	876 28	873 51
18	18		11 15		32 18	28	51
15	15		15		10	20	22
435	472		486		342	-	-
435	472		486		342	-	-
348	366		384		224	-	-
298	391		286		121	-	-
15	21		14		20	-	-
17	15		13		14	-	-
88	88		152		109	438	183
65	65		105		301	126	144
1,581	1,581		1,769		1,781	2,937	1,382
1,539	1,539		1,649		1,755	1,833	1,702
667	667		667		625	549	475
638	638		617		452	403	402
7,182	7,182		7,295		6,255	6,813	8,130
5,973	5,973		6,136		4,539	7,285	7,915

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year								
Function/Program		2019		2018		2017		2016	
Public Safety									
County jail									
Detention officers	\$	70	\$	68	\$	70	\$	70	
Total persons jailed		2,878		3,490		3,424		3,122	
Average prisoner days		241		255		236		218	
Cost per prisoner day	\$	62.00	\$	58.77	\$	63.50	\$	68.75	
County sheriff									
Administration officers		13		13		13		13	
Patrol officers		22		22		22		21	
Detectives		8		8		8		8	
Environmental officers		-		-		-		-	
Arrests - NCSO		1,107		1,204		1,587		1,551	
Warrants served- NCSO		1,500		-		-		-	
Communications									
Communications officers		13		13		13		13	
911 calls		22,936		24,106		24,312		26,359	
Calls for service		38,892		36,491		24,191		31,884	
NCSO vehicles									
Vehicles in fleet		75		69		73		69	
Miles driven		948,194		846,885		1,079,169		1,004,800	
Average miles per vehicle		14,815		13,233		16,862		14,562	
Gasoline used (gallons)		67,600		67,757		79,060		72,000	
Health and welfare									
Number of pauper burial/cremation		6		2		3		-	
Indigent health care									
Applications approved for assistance		-		-		-		-	
Texas AgriLife Extension Service									
Number of educational presentations		413		397		143		346	
Number of participants in									
educational presentations		7,246		10,462		153,486		38,443	
Roads and highways									
Miles of roadways chip sealed		-		-		2		-	
Miles of roadways reconstructed		2		5		2		10	
Miles of roadways overlayed		2		13		8		2	
Number of culverts installed		60		64		60		97	

Source: Various County Departments

Notes: Miles of roadway are estimated.

Fiscal Year												
2015		2014			2013		2012		2011		2010	
\$	68 3,552 200	\$	60 3,493 215	\$	59 3,596 211	\$	72 3,884 193	\$	72 4,232 205	\$	72 4,201 194	
\$	78.84	\$	64.29	\$	64.57	\$	71.13	\$	65.74	\$	71.70	
	13 21 8 - 1,738 676		12 21 7 1,690 559		13 22 7 1 1,788 558		12 21 7 2 1,815 538		12 24 7 2 1,858 633		12 24 7 2 1,406 699	
	13 27,630 17,265		12 25,269 16,585		12 23,368 16,481		13 22,798 16,524		13 22,777 16,841		13 20,532 17,443	
	45 878,043 19,365 67,100		61 1,181,277 19,365 83,600		66 916,939 13,893 65,040		66 885,112 13,411 68,693		66 878,032 13,304 67,605		66 932,488 14,129 64,720	
	-		-		1		-		2		6	
	-		-		-		-		-		192	
	136		136		498		581		338		332	
	9,191		9,191		9,310		16,082		11,825		20,405	
	- 2 6 84		- 2 6 84		- 1 11 107		16 2 7 91		16 30 16 95		1 82 35 47	

CAPITAL ASSETS AND INFRASTRUCTURE STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
Function/Program	2019	2018	2017	2016		
General government						
Courthouse	1	1	1	1		
Touchscreen voting machines	182	152	150	150		
Security scan systems	4	4	4	4		
Annex	3	1	1	1		
Public safety						
Justice center	1	1	1	1		
Sheriff's vehicles	75	70	85	87		
Emergency management						
Mobile command center	1	1	1	1		
Emergency operations center	1	1	1	1		
Roads and highways						
County maintenance facilities	5	5	5	5		
Miles of road	916	916	916	916		
Bridges	85	85	85	85		

Sources:

County Auditor - Capital Asset Listing Sheriff's Office Texas Department of Transportation County Commissioners

Fiscal Year								
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010			
1	1	1	1	1	1			
147	147	140	139	135	135			
4	4	4	3	3	3			
1	1	-	-	-	-			
1	1	1	1	1	1			
61	61	66	73	67	68			
1	1	1	1	1	1			
1	1	1	1	1	1			
5	5	5	5	5	5			
916	916	916	916	916	916			
85	85	85	85	85	85			



Navarro County Courthouse