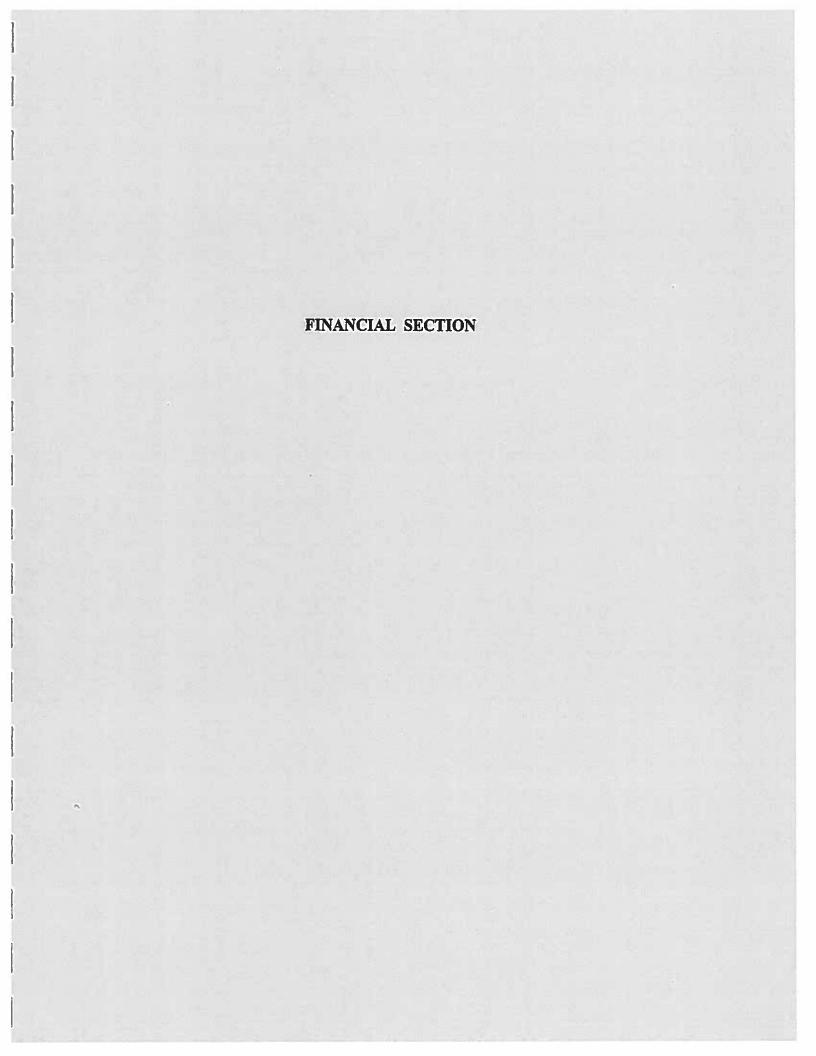
# CASS COUNTY, TEXAS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2007

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# MOORE and CAVER, Inc.

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903-796-7148 FAX 903-796-8755

UNQUALIFIED OPINION ON BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
ACCOMPANIED BY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND OTHER
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION INCLUDING THE
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable County Judge and Honorable Commissioners' Court Cass County, Texas

Members of the Court:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cass County, Texas (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's administrators. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Cass County, Texas as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 10 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Government Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 9, 2008 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Cass County, Texas' basic financial statements.

Although the combining schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, they have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Moore and Caver, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

June 9, 2008

#### -UNAUDITED-

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the commissioners of Cass County, discuss and analyze the County's financial performance for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 1, and the County's Basic Financial Statements which begin on page 12.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The County's net assets increased by \$911,137 as a result of this year's operations. Fines, forfeitures, charges for services and program revenues accounted for \$3,140,487 or 25.06% of total revenue, Operating Grants provided revenues totaling \$2,385,326 or 19.03%, and general revenues (including taxes but excluding losses on disposition of fixed assets) accounted for \$7,006,021 or 55.91%.

During the year, the County had expenses and losses on disposition of fixed assets that were \$911,137 less than the \$12,531,834 generated in tax and other revenues for governmental programs (before special items).

The general fund reported a positive fund balance of \$2,778,109.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13-14). These provide information about the activities of the County as a whole and present a longer-term view of the County's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 15) report the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the County's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of individuals and entities as required by statute or judicial order.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 22) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the County's individual funds.

#### -UNAUDITED-

# Reporting the County as a Whole

# The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the County's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the County is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Assets includes all the County's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the County's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The County's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by other non-grant sources (general revenues). All the County's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the County's net assets and changes in them. The County's net assets (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the County's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the County's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the County, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, the County's activities are presented as:

Governmental activities—the County's basic services are reported here. Property taxes, state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

# Reporting the County's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements begin on page 15 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the County as a whole. Laws and contracts require the County to establish some funds. The County's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like roads and bridge, jury, etc.). The County has one kind of fund—governmental, which uses the modified-accrual basis of accounting.

Governmental funds—most of the County's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental

# -UNAUDITED-

activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

# The County as Trustee

# Reporting the County's Fiduciary Responsibilities

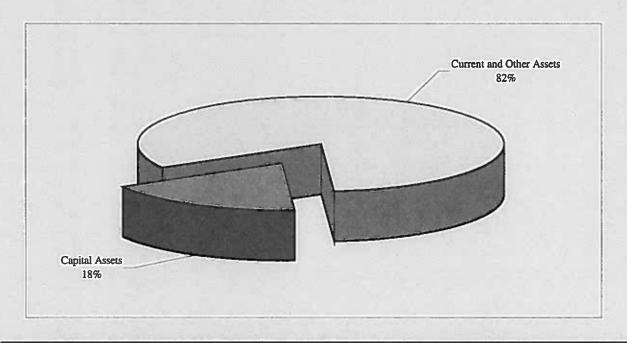
The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by escrow accounts held by the District Clerk and other monies held temporarily such as taxes and fines. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets on page 20. We exclude these resources from the County's other financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The County is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

# -UNAUDITED-

# Table I Cass County

# **NET ASSETS**

	% Change	Governmental Activities 2007	Governmental Activities 2006
Current and other assets	0.97	\$ 15,058,132	\$ 14,913,658
Capital assets	1.46	3,281,430	3,234,058
Total assets	1.06	18,339,562	18,147,716
Long-term liabilities	(7.78)	7,591,356	8,236,272
Other liabilities	20.41	1,491,638	1,238,759
Total liabilities	(4.14)	9,082,994	9,475,031
Net Assets:			
Invested in capital assets net of related debt	33.94	2,335,448	1,743,599
Restricted	(96.80)	1,402	43,959
Unrestricted – including			
reserved for capital projects	5.52	6,919,718	6,557,873
Total net assets	6.73	\$ 9,256,568	\$ 8,672,685



# -UNAUDITED-

# Table II Cass County

# **CHANGES IN NET ASSETS**

	%	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	Change	2007	2006
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Fines, Forfeitures and Charges for Services	0.84	\$ 3,140,487	\$ 3,114,227
Operating grants and contributions	(6.61)	2,385,326	2,554,151
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	(1.26)	5,558,178	5,629,157
Debt service taxes	60.00	563,296	352,119
Grants and contributions – not restricted	0.00	-0-	-0-
Investment Earnings	57.72	748,091	474,316
Miscellaneous	n/a	136,456	(1,479,015)
Total Revenue	17.73	12,531,834	10,644,955
Expenses:			
Administration and Financial	(0.78)	1,919,513	1,934,631
Road and Bridge	1.28	2,046,954	2,021,128
Corrections	0.64	2,079,004	2,065,736
Law Enforcement	4.60	2,964,469	2,833,982
Judicial	7.30	1,398,819	1,303,651
Community Services	6.45	567,218	532,845
Debt Service	874.41	485,208	55,490
Other	(47.26)	159,512	302,434
Total Expenses	5.17	11,620,697	11,049,897
Increase in net assets before transfers and special		911,137	(404,942)
items		(207.054)	65.016
Adjustments to carrying value of fixed assets		(327,254)	65,916
Net assets Beginning of Year		8,672,685	9,011,711
Net assets End of Year		\$ 9,256,568	\$ 8,672,685

# -UNAUDITED-

TABLE II CHART A – REVENUES

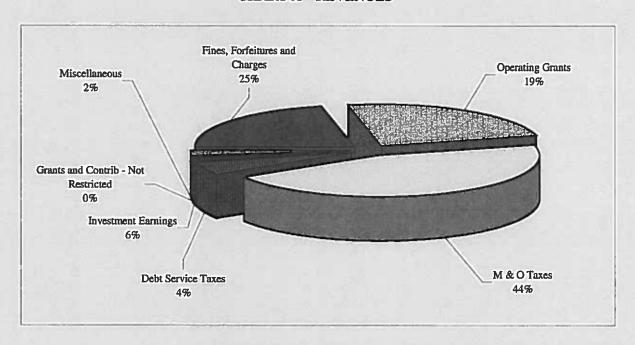
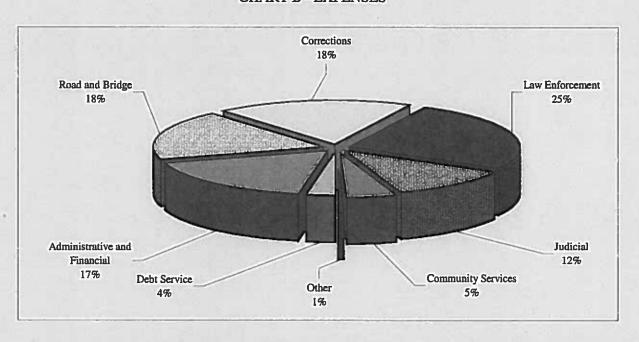


TABLE II CHART B - EXPENSES



#### -UNAUDITED-

During the year, the Commissioners court amended various appropriations of funds relating to preliminary studies of internal control systems and related to changing, unforeseen, costs.

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 11,620,697. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 13 and 14, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through County taxes was only \$5,210,337 because some of the costs were paid by fines, forfeitures and those who benefited from the programs (\$3,140,487) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$2,385,326) or by interest income and other revenues (\$884,547).

#### THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As the County completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on pages 15) reported a combined fund balance of \$13,887,246, which is above last year's total of \$13,614,930. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is an decrease of \$804,209 (of which \$382,024 was due to transfers to the Debt Service Fund) in the County's General Fund and an increase in the capital projects fund, due to investment income related to unspent bond proceeds, of \$381,230.

Over the course of the year, the Commissioners Court revised the County's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. These revisions included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year to reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in September 2006). The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The County's General Fund balance of \$2,778,109 reported on page 15 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$2,779,546 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 19.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At the end of 2007, the County had \$6,668,463 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment, administration, law enforcement, court and maintenance. There was a net increase in capital assets of \$745,418 over last year due to start of work on the new justice center.

#### Debt

At year-end, the County had outstanding bonds of \$7,500,000, which was a decrease of \$520,000 or 6.48% of the beginning balance.

#### -UNAUDITED-

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

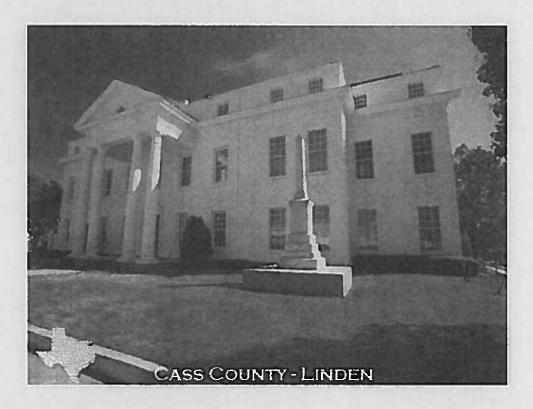
The County's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2008 budget, tax rates.

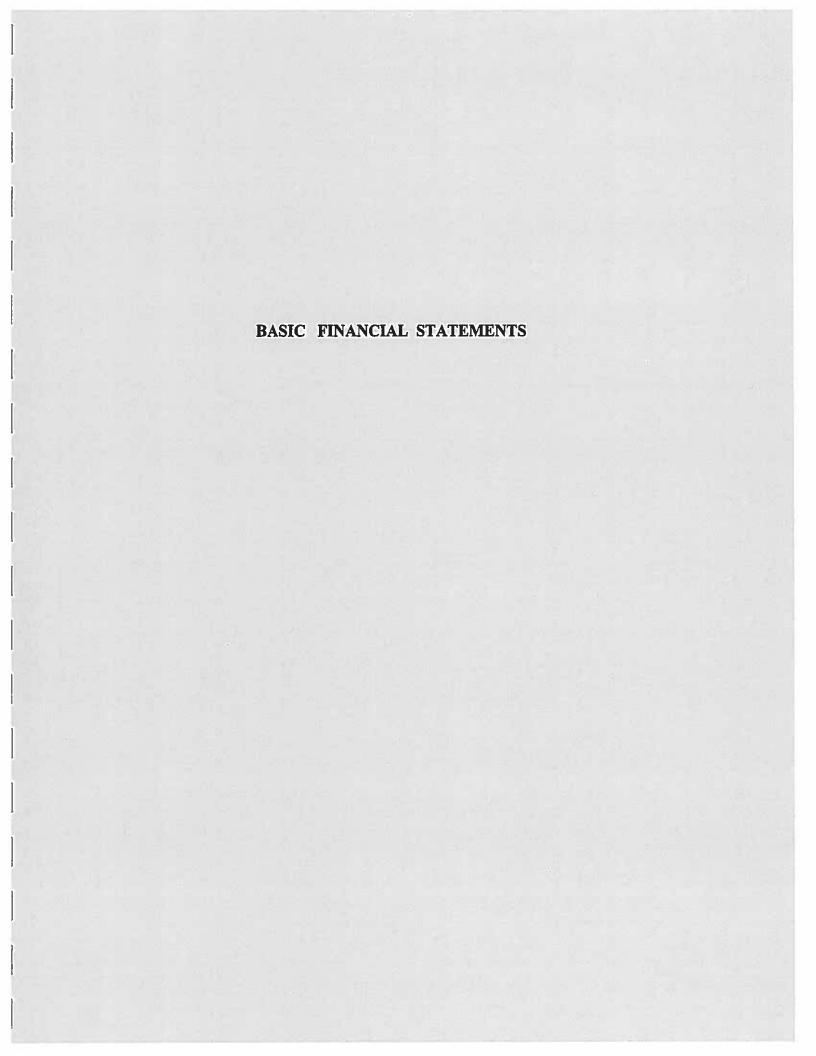
These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2008. Indicators and factors which materially influence the budget are amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget, budgeted expenditures and the County future capital expenditure needs.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to decrease as of the close of 2008.

#### CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the County's business office, at Cass County, P.O. Box 152, Linden, Texas 75563.





ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$221,490
Investments	13,965,052
Accounts Receivable	233,554
Due from Other Governments	49,647
Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	632,675
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(44,286)
Land	156,820
Buildings, net	1,369,431
Furniture and Equipment, net	900,553
Construction in Progress	854,626
Leased Property Under Capital Leases, net	0
Total Assets	18,339,562
LIABILITIES	
Current	
Accounts Payable	355,841
Due to Other Governments	123,070
Deferred Revenues	1,012,727
Long-term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	276,356
Due in More Than One Year	7,315,000
Total Liabilities	9,082,994
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,335,448
Restricted - Debt Service	1,402
Unrestricted - including reserved for capital projects	6,919,718
Total Net Assets	\$9,256,568

	EXPENSES	FINES, FORFEITURES AND OPERATING REVENUES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Administration and Finance	\$1,919,513	\$704,729	\$255,852
Roads and Public Works	2,046,954	1,100,955	
Corrections	2,079,004	263,774	1,849,301
Law Enforcement	2,964,469	924,070	52,330
Judicial	1,398,819	86,559	75,051
Community Services	567,218	48,867	152,792
Debt Service	485,208		
Other Expenses	159,512	11,533	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	11,620,697	3,140,487	2,385,326

#### General Revenues:

Property Taxes Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes Levied for Debt Purposes Grants and Contributions not Restricted Investment Earnings Transfers to Other Governmental Entities Loss on Dispostion of Various Capital Assets Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue Total General Revenues and Transfers

> Change in Net Assets Net Assets, Beginning Net Assets, Ending

# Exhibit B-1

	mora t
CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
	(\$958,932)
	(945,999)
	34,071
	(1,988,069)
	(1,237,209)
	(365,559)
	(485,208)
	(147,979)
	(6,094,884)
	771
	\$5,558,178
	563,296
	0
	748,091
	(36,374)
	0
	172,830
	7,006,021
	911,137
	(327,254)
	8,672,685
	\$9,256,568

ASSETS:	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash	\$21,116	\$29.283	\$1,855	\$6,683	\$172,075	\$231,012
Investments	3,303,930	1,494,437	52,866	7,238,526	1,875,293	13,965,052
Accounts receivable	185,614	31,065	2,431	1,200,000	14,444	233,554
Property taxes receivable - delinquent	400,037	133,355	61,394		37,889	632,675
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(28,002)	(9,335)	(4,297)		(2,652)	(44,286)
Due from other funds	66,000	(5,555)	(.,==,,		200	66,200
Due from other governmental agencies	13,828				35,819	49,647
Construction in Progress	13,020	<u> îka</u>		854,626	1000000	854,626
TOTAL ASSETS	\$3,962,523	\$1,678,805	\$114,249	\$8,099,835	\$2,133,068	\$15,988,480
LIABILITIES & FUND EQUITY:						
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable	\$209,845	\$70,458			\$75,538	\$355,841
Accounts payable-bank overdraft					9,522	9,522
Deferred revenues	845,299	113,063	\$52,847		535,392	1,546,601
Due to other funds	6,200		60,000			66,200
Due to other governments	123,070					123,070
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,184,414	183,521	112,847	0	620,452	2,101,234
FUND EQUITY:						
Restricted fund balance		1,495,284	1,402	8,099,835	1,436,969	11,033,490
Unreserved fund balance	2,778,109	100000000000000000000000000000000000000			75,647	2,853,756
	2,778,109	1,495,284	1,402	8,099,835	1,512,616	13,887,246
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-					

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets September 30, 2007

#### **Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds**

\$13,887,246

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$ 5,496,112 and the accumulated depreciation was \$ 3,016,241. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net assets.

(5,756,401)

Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year's capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net assets.

1,000,142

The current year's depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.

(408, 292)

Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net assets.

533,873

Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$9,256,568

# CASS COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGESS IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	\$3,845,761	\$1,246,849	\$572,020		\$363,696	\$6,028,326
Taxes	224,643	749,586	0571,010			974,229
Licenses and permits	411,867	74,836			1,961,499	2,448,202
Intergovernmental revenues - miscellaneous	111,097	74,000			17,925	129,022
Intergovernmental revenues - grants	The second control of the Co.				328.319	678,260
Charges for services	349,941	281,039			42,320	1,262,058
Fines and forfeitures	938,699	Transaction, Asset Co.	1,306	\$381,230	76,734	748,091
Earnings on investments	214,037	74,784	1,300	\$361,230	172,830	225,697
Miscellaneous revenues	11,533	41,334	,	11/6	172,630	223,071
Total revenues	6,107,578	2,468,428	573,326	381,230	2,963,323	12,493,885
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						1 050 450
Administration and finance	1,870,478					1,870,478
Roads and public works		1,812,117				1,812,117
Corrections					2,079,004	2,079,004
Law enforcement	2,858,560					2,858,560
Judicial	1,022,185				370,799	1,392,984
Community services	339,128				160,589	499,717
Other expenditures	130,741				28,771	159,512
Debt service:						
Principal on debt	45,406	79,511	520,000			644,917
Interest on debt	2,916	4,207	477,257			484,380
Related fees	178	BOME !	650			828
	174,614	205,753			2,331	382,698
Capital outlay	. 11,041				1-7	
Total expenditures	6,444,206	2,101,588	997,907	0	2,641,494	12,185,195
Excess of revenues over (under)		244.040	(404 501)	201 220	221 920	308,690
expenditures	(336,628)	366,840	(424,581)	381,230	321,829	300,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES & (USES):						
Loan proceeds						424.004
Transfers to other governmental entities					(36,374)	(36,374)
Transfers from other funds		2,130,000	382,024		107,051	2,619,075
Transfers to other funds	(467,581)	(2,130,000)	100		(21,494)	(2,619,075)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(467,581)	0	382,024	0	49,183	(36,374)
Excess of revenues and other sources over						
(under) expenditures and other uses	(804,209)	366,840	(42,557)	381,230	371,012	272,316
Fund balance, October 1	3,582,318	1,128,444	43,959	7,718,605	1,141,604	13,614,930
Adjustments						
						\$13,887,246

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

# Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$272,316

Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year's capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net assets.

1,000,142

Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.

(408, 292)

Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net assets.

46,971

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$911,137

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	m 1-4-3		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or
	Budgeted A Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
EVENUES:	** ***	en 200 600	\$3,845,761	(\$53,739)
Taxes	\$3,899,500	\$3,899,500	224,643	48,643
Licenses and permits	176,000	176,000 225,000	411,867	186,867
Intergovernmental revenues - miscellaneous	225,000		111,097	71,297
Intergovernmental revenues - grants	39,800	39,800	349,941	77,741
Charges for services	272,200	272,200 817,000	938,699	121,699
Fines and forfeitures	817,000	170,000	214,037	44,037
Earnings on investments	170,000	2,500	11,533	9,033
Miscellaneous revenues	2,500		6,107,578	505,578
Total revenues	5,602,000	5,602,000	0,107,578	303,570
XPENDITURES:				
Current:	. 055.050	1 025 004	1,870,478	(34,594)
Administration and finance	1,865,368	1,835,884	1,070,470	(34,554)
Roads and public works				0
Corrections	2 662 600	2,861,216	2,858,560	2,656
Law enforcement	2,552,500	1,023,133	1,022,185	948
Judicial	1,011,100	339,154	339,128	26
Community services	515,150		130,741	275
Other expenditures	225,000	131,016	130,741	210
Debt service:	22.500	45 500	45,406	94
Principal on debt	37,500	45,500	2,916	84
Interest on debt	***	3,000 500	178	322
Related fees	500			(46,745)
Capital outlay	118,557	127,869	174,614 6,444,206	(76,934)
Total expenditures	6,325,675	6,367,272	0,444,200	(10,754)
xcess (deficiency) of Revenues over		Darren en		400 644
(under) Expenditures	(723,675)	(765,272)	(336,628)	428,644
THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Loan proceeds			0	0
Transfers In	2,500	2,500	0	(2,500)
Transfers Out	(40,000)	(40,000)	(467,581)	(427,581)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(37,500)	(37,500)	(467,581)	(430,081)
Net Change In Fund Balances	(761,175)	(802,772)	(804,209)	(1,437)
Fund balance, October 1 (Beginning)	3,582,318	3,582,318	3,582,318	0
Fund balance, September 30 (Ending)	\$2,821,143	\$2,779,546	\$2,778,109	(\$1,437)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE **BUDGET TO ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND**

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Budgete	d Amounts	Acutal Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES:	#500 000	#£30.000	\$572,020	\$52,020
Taxes	\$520,000	\$520,000	\$372,020 0	0 0
Intergovernmental Revenue	500	500		806
Earnings on investments	500	500	1,306	800
Total revenues	520,500	520,500	573,326	52,826
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Debt service:				
Principal on debt	521,350	521,350	520,000	1,350
Interest on debt	477,650	477,650	477,257	393
Related fees	1,000	1,000	650	350
Total expenditures	1,000,000	1,000,000	997,907	2,093
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over				
(under) Expenditures	(479,500)	(479,500)	(424,581)	2,093
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers from other funds	384,500	384,500	382,024	2,476
Transfers to other funds	The past of the		0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	384,500	384,500	382,024	2,476
Net Change In Fund Balances	(95,000)	(95,000)	(42,557)	52,443
Fund balance, October 1 (Beginning)	43,959	43,959	43,959	0
Fund balance, September 30 (Ending)	(\$51,041)	(\$51,041)	\$1,402	\$52,443

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets September 30, 2007

	AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$619,213
Restricted investments - District Clerk	1,575,757
Accounts receivable	
Total Assets	2,194,970
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	120,700
Due to other governments	424,043
Due to other entities	1,650,227
Total Liabilities	2,194,970
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted Net Assets	0
Total Net Assets	\$0

# NOTE I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cass County, Texas (the "County") is governed by an elected four-member Commissioners' Court and an elected County Judge, with the Commissioners' Court serving as the principal decision-making body of the County. The County Judge serves as an administrative official and votes with the Court as a tiebreaker only. The County performs all local governmental functions within its jurisdiction.

The County prepares its general purpose financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by Governmental Accounting Standards Court and other authoritative sources identified in *Statements on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Public Accountants and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the County, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GAAP. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits geographic boundaries of the County and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the County is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, no potential component units met the above criteria; therefore, none were included in the reporting entity.

# B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Cass County, Texas' nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the County operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the County. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the County to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the County's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for County operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The County considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road And Bridge Special Revenue Fund(s) — These funds are aggregated on the financial statement and have the primary purpose of allocating revenues to the various precincts of the County where each elected commissioner is responsible for maintenance of County infrastructure.

Debt Service Funds — The County accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The County accounts for major construction in progress through this fund.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type(s):

#### Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds — The County accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the County or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

#### Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds - These custodial funds are used to account for organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. If any unused resources are declared surplus, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Commissioners' Court for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program

# E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Cash Equivalents

The County considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### 2. Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the District's policy is to report market investments and short-term interest earning investment contracts at amortized cost. The term "short-term" refers to investments, which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase which approximates market value (generally recorded at fair value).

#### 3. Inventories

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at FIFO cost and they include consumable maintenance, instructional, and office items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories as of the balance sheet date are considered immaterial and not booked.

#### 4. Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

#### 5. Vacation and Sick Leave

Vacations are granted to all full-time permanent employees of the County. The number of days range from five (5) to fifteen (15) days, depending upon length of continuous service. No more than one year's vacation accrual may be carried over at the end of any calendar year, and at termination, all accrued vacation must be used. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying general-purpose financial statements. However, in the event of an employee's death, any accrued vacation shall be paid to his or her beneficiary.

All full-time permanent employees of the County are eligible to accrue up to a maximum of thirty (30) days of compensated sick leave at a rate of six days per year. Employees are not entitled to payment for unused sick leave upon termination. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying general-purpose financial statements

#### 6. General Fixed Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Other Vehicles	5 - 8 years
Furniture	5 - 8 years
Computer Equipment	3 - 5 years

The County has no restriction on any assets.

# 7. Due From (To) Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in all affected funds in the period in which transactions are executed in the normal course of operations. See Note IV-C for additional discussion of interfund receivables and payables.

#### 8. Fund Equity

Unreserved undesignated fund equity for governmental funds indicate available amounts for the budgeting of future operations. The unreserved designated fund equity for governmental funds indicates unreserved funds that have been earmarked by Court Resolution for specific purposes and

are therefore not available for general expenditures to be appropriated in the following period unless amended by future Court action. Reserved fund balance is that portion of fund equity that is not available for appropriation that has been legally separated for specific purposes. As of September 30, 2007, Reserved Fund Balance included \$ 1,402 for Debt Service and \$-0- for other reserves. Other, non-general, Fund Balances were restricted in the amount of \$11,032,088.

#### 9. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2007, the County purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there are no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

# NOTE II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year are as follows:

Capital Assets		Accumulated	Net Value at the	Change in
at the Beginning of the year	Historic Cost	Depreciation	Beginning of the Year	Net Assets
Land	156,820		156,820	
Buildings	1,981,487	604,267	1,377,220	
Furniture & Equipment	2,894,529	1,989,178	905,351	
Leased Equipment under	463,276	422,796	40,480	
Capital Leases	. A 1/5		0	
Construction in Progress Change in Net Assets	-0-	-0-		2,479,871
Long-term Liabilities				
At the Beginning of the year			Payables at the	
			Beginning of the Year	
Bonds Payable			7,552,000	
Capital Leases			684,272	
Change in Net Assets				(8,236,272)
Adjustment to Net Assets				(5.756.401)

# B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Assets
Net Current Year Capital Outlay	No. of the last		
Land	-0-		
Buildings	24,650		
Construction in Progress	-0-		
Furniture and Fixtures	330,575		
Leased Equipment			255,005
Total Capital Outlay	355,225	<u>355.225</u>	<u>355,225</u>
Debt Principal Payments(Receipts)			
Bond Principal	520,000		
Notes Payable	106,219		
Capital Leases	18,698		*****
Total Principal	644,917	<u>644,917</u>	644,917
Payments			
Total Adjustment to Net Assets		<u>1.000.142</u>	1.000.142

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	Amount	Adjustments to Change in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net <u>Assets</u>
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue	226.017	(226,917)	
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies	226,917		
Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible) from Current Year Levy	207,972	207,972	
Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible) from Prior Year Levy	325,901		325,901
Reclassify entries - Prior year asset list correction	65,916	65,916	
Total		46,971	533,873

# NOTE III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

# A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Commissioner's Court adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund. The County is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures compared to actual revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The County compares the final amended budgeted to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund and Debt Service Fund Budget(s) reports appear in Exhibit C-5 and C-6.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to September 20 the County prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Court is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the Court legally enacts the budget through passage of a resolution. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Court. Amendments are presented to the Court at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Court approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Court, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the County has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. There were no significant amendments.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure account level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Court. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	September 30, 2007 <u>Fund Balance</u>
Appropriated Budget Funds Non-appropriated Budget Funds	\$ -0- 0-
All Special Revenue Funds	<u>s -0-</u>

5. The County does not employ encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase order and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Court appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources.

# NOTE IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

# A. DEPOSITORY CONTRACT LAW

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the **Depository Contract Law**. The depository bank places approved pledged securities

for safekeeping and trust with the County's agency bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2007, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$3,954,668 and the bank balance was \$5,054,735. The County's combined deposits were fully insured at all times by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the County and held by the County's agent.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit (under secured):

- a. Depository: First National Bank, Linden, Texas
- b. The fair market value of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was: \$9,485,721.
- c. The largest combined balances of cash, savings, and time deposit accounts totaled \$7,389,420 and occurred during the month of January 2007.
- d. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the largest combined balance was \$254,721.

The Public Funds Investments Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the area of investment practice, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy addresses the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rate of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capability, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificate of deposits. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligation of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificate of deposits, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptance, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investments pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. Temporary investments are reported at cost, which approximates market, and are secured, when necessary, by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or obligations of items 1-4 above at 102% of the investment's market value. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Both cash deposits and investments held at a financial institution can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are:

- Category 1 Cash or investments that are insured, registered, or held by the County or its agent in the County's name.
- Category 2 Cash or investments that are uninsured and unregistered held by the counterparty's trust department or agency in the County's name.
- Category 3 Uninsured and unregistered held by the counter-party, its trust department, or its agency, but not in the County's name.

Based on these three levels of risk, the following table categorizes the County's investments at September 30, 2007.

Investment	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Carrying Amount	Market Value
General Fund Certificates of deposit TexPool	\$1,534,978		1,768,953	\$1,534,978 1,768,953	\$1,534,978 1,768,953
Special Revenue Fund Certificates of deposit TexPool	2,143,682		1,226,048	2,143,682 1,226,048	2,143,682 1,226,048
Capital Projects Certificates of deposit TexPool	1,653		7,236,872	1,653 7,236,872	1,653 7,236,872
Debt Service Fund Certificates of deposit Totals	52,866 \$ 3,733,179		-0- \$10.231.873	52,866 \$ 13,965,052	<u>52,866</u> \$13,965,052

Maturity information relating to the County's investments at September 30, 2007 are shown below:

Weighted Average Maturity (Years)

Tex Pool - Texas Local Government Investment Pool

less than I year

Certificates of Deposit

less than 1 year

# County's Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>: State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. Authorized collateral to secure funds must be by eligible securities to the extent and in the manner required by the Public Funds Collateral Act. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the County complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Foreign Currency Risk: The County does not invest in foreign currency, therefore has no foreign currency risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Investments:</u> For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Since the government invests in only external investment pools that meet the requirements of Government Code 2256.016 and 2256.019, they have no custodial credit risk for investments.

The County invests in an external investment pool. Financial reports issued by the pool can be obtained from First Public, LLC, 7620 Guadalupe, Austin, TX 78752. The pool is registered with the SEC and has an AAA rating.

# B. PROPERTY TAXES AND RECEIVABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2007 consisted of the following:

	Net Property		
	Taxes	Accounts	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$ 372,035	\$ 185,614	\$ 557,649
Special Revenue Funds	159,257	45,509	204,766
Debt Service Funds	57,097	2,431	59,528
Total	\$ 588,389	\$ 233,554	\$ 821,943

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The County levies its taxes on October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll on August 1, 2006, upon which the levy for the 2006-07 fiscal year was based, was \$1,142,078,335. The roll was subsequently decreased to a year-end assessed value of \$1,141,014,504. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to penalty and interest charges plus 15% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended September 30, 2007, to finance General Fund operations, Special Revenue and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$.404851, \$.061915 and \$.049903 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$.516669 per \$100 valuation (a decrease of \$0.042861 per \$100 of valuation)

Current tax collections for the year ended September 30, 2007, were 96% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the County is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of September 30, 2007, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$372,035, \$159,257 and \$57,097 for the General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds respectively.

# C. INTERFUND PAYABLES AND RECEIVABLES

Inter-fund balances at September 30, 2007, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

3.	Due to Other Funds	Due from Other Funds
General Fund: General Fund	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000
Special Revenue Debt Service	200	60,000
Special Revenue General Fund		200
Debt Service Fund: General Fund	60,000	
Total	\$ 66,200	\$ 66,200

#### D. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

		Prim	ary Government	Balance
	Balance 10/01	Addition	Deletions	9/30
Land Buildings and Impr. Furniture & Equipment Leased Equipment Capital Leases	\$ 156,820 1,981,487 2,894,529 463,276	\$ -0- 24,650 330,575 -0-	\$ -0- -0- 37,500 -0-	\$ 156,820 2,006,137 3,187,604 463,276
Total at Historical Cost	\$ 5,496,112	\$ 355,225	\$ 37,500	\$ 5,813,837
Construction in Progress	<b>S</b> 426,933	\$ 427,693	s -0-	s 854,626
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings Furniture & Equipment Leased Equipment – Capital Leases	\$ 604,267 1,989,178 422,796	\$ 32,439 335,373 40,480	\$ -0- 37,500 -0-	\$ 636,706 2,287,051 463,276
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,016,241	\$ 408,292	\$ 37,500	\$ 3,387,033

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Administration and Finance	\$ 21,562
Roads and Public Works	207,485
Law Enforcement	105,909
Judicial	5,835
Community Services	<u>67,501</u>
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 408,292

#### E. LOANS PAYABLE

During July 2004, the County acquired a motor grader for Precinct #1. A loan in the amount of \$117,000 was obtained from 1<sup>st</sup> National Bank of Linden under Local Government Code Section 271.005. The capitalized cost of the asset, as of the date of purchase, was \$117,630. During May 2005, this loan was refinanced at a lower interest rate. The monthly payments are \$2,748 and it has an effective interest rate of 4.5%. As of September 30, 2007, the balance due on this loan was \$32,182.

During January 2004, the County acquired a backhoe for Precinct #2. A loan in the amount of \$49,395 was obtained from 1st National Bank of Linden under Local Government Code Section 271.005. The capitalized cost of the asset, as of the date of purchase, was \$49,395. During May 2005, the loan was refinanced at a lower interest rate. Monthly payments are \$1,613 and it has an effective interest rate of 4.5%. As of September 30, 2007, the balance due on this loan was \$-0-.

During 2005, the County acquired a loader for Precinct #3. A loan in the amount of \$65,608 was obtained from 1st National Bank of Linden under Local Government Code Section 271.005. The capitalized cost of the asset, as of the date of purchase, was \$65,608. The monthly payments are \$1,770 and it has an effective interest rate of 4.5%. As of September 30, 2007, the balance due on this loan was \$20,722.

During 2005, the County acquired an imaging system. A loan in the amount of \$121,324 was obtained from 1st National Bank of Linden under Local Government Code Section 271.005. The capitalized cost of the asset, as of the date of purchase, was \$121,324. The monthly payments are \$3,282 and it has an effective interest rate of 4.5%. As of September 30, 2007, the balance due on this loan was \$38,452.

	Balance October 1, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2007
Motor Grader Backhoe Loader Imaging System	\$ 62,955 18,873 40,543 	\$ -0- -0- -0-	\$ 30,773 18,873 19,821 36,752	\$ 32,182 -0- 20,722 
Totals	<u>\$ 197,575</u>	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>\$ 106,219</u>	<u>\$ 91.356</u>

Presented below is a summary of the loans' annual requirements to maturity:

Fiscal Year	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest Amount	Total
2008	\$ 91,356	\$ 2,242	\$93,598
2009	-0-	-0-	-0-
2010	-0-	-0-	-0-
2011	-0-	-0-	-0-
2012	-0-	-0-	-0-
Thereafter	0-	-0-	0-
Total	<u>\$ 91.356</u>	\$ 2,242	\$ 93.598

# F. COMMITMENTS UNDER LEASES

There were several commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment as of year-end. Net rental expenses for the year ended September 30, 2007, was \$16,450.

# Capital Leases

The County has various copiers under capital lease agreements designated under Local Government Code Section 271.005. Aggregate capitalized costs equaled \$51,210 with interest rates ranging from 6.00% to 8.50%. Monthly payments for all machines combined equals \$1,160 and they have an aggregate payable balance, as of September 30, 2007, of \$-0-.

During March 2004, the County acquired a New Holland Motor Grader under a long-term capital lease agreement under Local Government Code Section 271.005. The capitalized cost in the General Fixed Assets, as of the date of lease inception, was \$108,538 and the capitalized lease payable at September 30, 2007 is \$-0- and the monthly payments (which started in March 2004) are \$2,033.17. The effective interest rate is 4.809%.

During September 2004, the County upgraded their computer system. The capitalized cost in the General Fixed Assets, as of the date of lease inception, was \$164,042 and the capitalized lease payable at September 30, 2007 is \$-0- and the monthly payments are \$3,889.00. The effective interest rate is 6.500%.

Presented below is a summary of the leases' annual requirements to maturity:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Principal <u>Amount</u>	Interest Amount	<u>Total</u>
2008	-0-	-0-	-0-
2009	-0-	-0-	-0-
2010	-0-	-0-	-0-
2011	-0-	-0-	-0-
2012	-0-	-0-	-0-
Thereafter		0-	
Total	\$ -0-	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>s -0-</u>

#### G. BONDS PAYABLE

Long-term debt includes general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and loans.

During the year ended September 30, 2007, the following changes occurred in bond liabilities reported in the general long-term debt account group:

	Balance October 1, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2007
Series 2006 Cert of Obl. Series 2000 GO Rfd Bd	7,500,000 400,000	-0- -0- -0-	-0- 400,000 120,000	7,500,000 -0- -0-
Series 2000 Tax Notes Totals	120,000 \$ 8,020,000	<u> </u>	\$ 520,000	\$ 7,500,000

#### Bonds

March 18, 1991, the County issued \$2,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 1991, dated April 1, 1991 for the purpose of constructing a new jail. The authority for issuance of the bonds was an election held November 6, 1990. During August 2000 the County issued Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund Series 1991 General Obligation Bonds with an outstanding balance of \$2,395,000, of which all were retired with the proceeds of the new debt. Interest rate on the new series is 5.250%. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide future debt service payments on the Series 1991 GO Bonds. As a result, the Series 1991 bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the general long-term debt account group.

The following is a summary of the Series 2000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds requirements to maturity:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Principal Amount	Interest Amount	Total
2007	-0-	-0-	-0-
	-0-	-0-	-0-
		-0-	-0-
		-0-	-0-
		-0-	-0-
Thereafter		0-	0-
Total	\$ -0-	<u>\$ -0-</u>	S -0-
	Year 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011	Year         Amount           2007         -0-           2008         -0-           2009         -0-           2010         -0-           2011         -0-           Thereafter         -0-	Year         Amount         Amount           2007         -0-         -0-           2008         -0-         -0-           2009         -0-         -0-           2010         -0-         -0-           2011         -0-         -0-           Thereafter         -0-         -0-

#### Certificates of Obligation

On March 18, 1991, the County issued \$3,100,000 of Combination Tax and Revenue Certificates of Obligation, Series 1991, dated April 1, 1991 for the purpose of constructing a Solid Waste Recycling Center. The Certificates were issued pursuant to the Certificate of Obligation Act of 1971, Section 271.041, Texas Local Government Code. During August, 2000 these certificates of obligation were paid off through the issuance of the Series 2000, General Obligation Bonds (see note above).

On March 30, 2006, the County issued \$7,500,000 of Certificates of Obligation, Series 2006, for the purpose of renovation and additions to existing structures in order to make a Justice Center. The Certificates were issued pursuant to the Certificate of Obligation Act of 1971, Section 271.041, Texas Local Government Code. As of September 30, 2007, the balance due on these Certificates were \$7,500,000.

Presented below is a summary of Series 2006 Certificates of Obligations requirements to maturity:

Fiscal	Principal	Interest	
Year	Amount	Amount	<u>Total</u>
2008	185.000	333,226	518,226
2009	195,000	323,726	518,726
2010	205,000	313,726	518,726
2011	215,000	303,226	518,226
2012	225,000	292,226	517,226
2013-2017	1,320,000	1,275,343	2,595,343
2018-2022	1,650,000	942,010	2,592,010
2023-2027	2,045,000	545,466	2,590,466
2028-2030	1,460,000	98,108	1.558.108
Total	\$ 7,500,000	\$4,427,057	\$ 11,927,057

#### Tax Notes - Series 2000

During August, 2000 the County issued Tax Notes, Series 2000 in the amount of \$720,000 for the purpose of expansion on the Cass County Jail. Interest is accrued and paid based on a rate of 5.250%. Presented below is a summary of Series 2000 Tax Note's requirements to maturity:

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Principal Amount	Interest Amount	Total
2008	-0-	-0-	-0-
2009	-0-	-0-	-0-
2010	-0-	-0-	-0-
2011	-0-	-0-	-0-
2012	-0-	-0-	-0-
Thereafter	0-	0~	0-
Total	<u>s -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>

## H. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

It is the County's opinion that the County has no liability for losses under the plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The County believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

## I. PENSION PLAN OBLIGATIONS

#### Plan Description

The County provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional, joint contributory, defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS), one of over 700 administered by TMRS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system.

Benefits depend upon the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, the interest, and the County-financed monetary credits, with interest. At the date the plan began, the County granted monetary credits for service rendered before the plan began of a theoretical amount equal to two times what would have been contributed by the employee, with interest, prior to establishment of the plan. Monetary credits for service since the plan began are a percent (100%, 150%, or 200%) of the employee's accumulated contributions. In addition, the County can grant as often as annually another type of monetary credit referred to as an updated service credit, a theoretical amount, which when added to the employee's accumulated contributions and the monetary credits and for service since the plan began, would be the total monetary credits and employee contributions accumulated with interest if the current employee contribution rate and the County matching percent had always been in existence and if the employee's salary had always been the average of his salary in the last three years that are one year before the effective date. At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions with interest and the employer-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A member is vested after 8 years. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS and within the actuarial constraints also in the statutes.

#### Contributions

The contribution rate for the employees is 7% and the County ratio is currently 1 to 1, both as adopted by the governing body of the County. Under the state law governing TMRS, the actuary annually determines the County contribution rate. This rate consists of the normal cost contribution rate and the prior service contribution rate, both of which are calculated to be a level percent of payroll from year to year. The normal cost contribution rate finances the currently accruing monetary credits due to County matching percent, which are the obligation of the County as of an employee's retirement date, not at the time the employee's contributions are made. The normal cost contribution rate is the actuarially determined percent of payroll necessary to satisfy the obligation of the County to each employee at the time his/her retirement becomes effective. The prior service contribution rate amortizes the unfunded actuarial liability over the remainder to the plan's 25-year amortization period. When the County periodically adopts updated service credits and increases in annuities in effect, the increased unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized over a new 25-year period. Currently, the unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized over the 25-year period, which began January, 1997. The unit credit actuarial cost method is used for determining the County contribution rate. Both the employees and the County make contributions monthly. Since the County needs to know its contribution rate in advance to budget for it, there is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that is the basis for

the rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect.

Schedule of Actuarial Liabilities and Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities	Percentage Funded	Unfunded Actuarial Liabilities	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL Divided by Payroll	County Contributions
12/31/95	4,723,635	7,492,228	63.05%	1,547,777	3,359,632	46.07%	242,241
12/31/96	5.217.593	8,093,639	64.47%	1,597,501	3,518,355	45.40%	246,431
12/31/97	5,661,144	8,832,921	64.09%	1,779,327	3,562,022	49.95%	264,551
12/31/98	6,180,812	9,326,455	66.27%	1,789,321	3,506,697	51.03%	262,060
12/31/99	6,795,745	9,089,463	74,77%	1,803.002	3,704,579	48.66%	333,032
12/31/00	7.173,313	9,263,478	77.44%	2,090,165	3,853,670	42.69%	354,595
12/31/01	7,492,364	9,235,496	81.13%	1,743,132	3,638,869	47.90%	361,709
12/31/02	7,643,818	9,423,839	81.11%	1,780,021	4,287,323	41.52%	347,791
12/31/03	8,438,266	10,206,814	82.67%	1,768,548	4,353,995	40.62%	348,688
12/31/04	9,444,670	11,362,594	83.12%	1.917.924	4,423,950	43.35%	376,879
12/31/05	10,398,269	12,206,929	85.18%	1,808,659	4,662,912	38.79%	382,359
12/31/06	4,758,089	12,246,457	89,27%	1,313,480	4,758,089	27.61%	380,647

#### J. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	Debt Service	Other Funds	Total
Net Deferred Prop. Tax Other Deferred Revenues	\$ 336,128 509,171	\$ 113,063 -0-	\$ 52,847 -0-	\$ 31,836 503,556	\$ 533,874 1.012,727
Totals	\$ 845,299	\$ 113,063	\$ 52,847	\$ 535,392	\$ 1,546,601

## K. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. As of year-end, there are no material amounts classified as due from other governments.

## L. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

At September 30, 2007, the following funds reflected either deficit cash balances or deficit fund balances:

<u>Fund</u>	Cash <u>Balance</u>	Fund Balance	
HAVA fund	(2,313)	-0-	
TDH grant fund	(7,209)	5	

## M. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

- As of the report date, the County was not involved in any litigation that would have a material effect on the general-purpose financial statement.
- 2. The County participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant

programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2007 may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### N. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were not significant subsequent events reportable.

#### O. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term activity for the year ended September 30, 2007, was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2006	Additions	Retirements	Balance September 30, 2007	Due Within One Year
Lease Payable	18,698	-0-	18.698	-0-	-0-
Loans Payable	197,575	-0-	106,219	91,356	91,356
Series 2006 Cert. Of Obl.	7,500,000	-0-	-0-	7,500,000	185,000
Series 2000 GO Rfd Bd	400,000	-0-	400,000	-0-	-0-
Series 2000 Tax Notes	120.000		120,000		
Totals	\$ 8,236,272	<u>s -0-</u>	\$ 644.917	\$ 7,591,356	<u>\$ 276,356</u>

## P. EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING BUDGETARY ALLOWANCES

Expenditures exceeded budgetary allowances in the amount of \$76,934 in the General Fund. See schedule of finding and questioned costs for more information.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

ASSETS:	JURY FUND	JUVENILE PROBATION	ADULT PROBATION	RESTITUTION CENTER	COMMUNITY SERVICE RESTITUTION	INDIGENT DEFENSE GRANT	CASS COUNTY PARK
Cash	\$30,518	\$20,098	\$56,571	\$5,697	\$10,840	\$2,139	\$5,201
Investments	27,504	382,126	425,169	259,197	12,500	40,125	
Accounts receivable	\$3,055						
Property taxes receivable - delinquent	36,667						
Allowance for uncollectible taxes  Due from other governmental units	(2,566)	35,819					
Due from other funds		33,313		200			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$95,178	\$438,043	\$481,740	\$265,094	\$23,340	\$42,264	\$5,201
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES:		2100	\$399	\$61,100			\$5,201
Accounts payable	\$5,536	\$190	\$399	\$61,100			Ψ5,201
Acct, payable-Negative cash balance Due to State							
Due to Other Funds							
Deferred revenues	30,809	\$386,109					
TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,345	386,299	399	61,100	0	0	5,201
FUND BALANCES:							
Restricted	58,833	51,744	481,341	203,994	23,340	42,264	0
Unreserved	-		700				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	58,833	51,744	481,341	203,994	23,340	42,264	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND					418.11	******	05.501
FUND BALANCES	\$95,178	\$438,043	\$481,740	\$265,094	\$23,340	\$42,264	\$5,201

LAW LIBRARY	DISTRICT ATTORNEY ESCROW	DISTRICT ATTORNEY STATE	REGIONAL INTRASTATE TASK FORCE	FORESTRY FUND	DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY DISCRETIONARY	TDH GRANT FUND	ROW PROJECTS FUND
\$1,018 11,218 624	\$2 21	\$491 72,871	\$5,357 36,824 23	\$2,656 376,299	\$3,556 160,653	\$23,230 1,164	\$7,214	\$4,701 70,786 51 1,222 (86)
\$12,860	\$23	\$73,362	\$42,204	\$378,955	\$164,209	\$24,394	\$7,214	\$76,674
\$675				\$2,437			\$7,209	
		\$5,816	\$25,053		\$86,578			\$1,027
675	0	5,816	25,053	2,437	86,578	0	7,209	1,027
12,185	23	67,546	17,151	376,518	77,631	24,394	5	75,647
12,185	23	67,546	17,151	376,518	77,631	24,394	5	75,647
\$12,860	\$23	\$73,362	\$42,204	\$378,955	\$164,209	\$24,394	\$7,214	\$76,674

September 30, 2007

ASSETS:	HAVA FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
Cash		\$172,075
Investments		1,875,293
Accounts receivable	\$2,313	14,444
Property taxes receivable - delinquent		37,889
Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(2,652)
Due from other governmental units		35,819
Due from other funds		200
TOTAL ASSETS	\$2,313	\$2,133,068
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES:		age 520
Accounts payable	*****	\$75,538
Acct. payable-Negative cash balance	\$2,313	9,522
Due to State		0
Due to Other Funds		0
Deferred revenues		535,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,313	620,452
FUND BALANCES:		
Restricted		1,436,969
Unreserved	0	75,647
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	1,512,616
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$2,313	\$2,133,068

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	JURY FUND	JUVENILE PROBATION	ADULT PROBATION	RESTITUTION CENTER	COMMUNITY SERVICE RESTITUTION	INDIGENT DEFENSE GRANT	CASS COUNTY PARK
REVENUES:	\$352,269						
FEMA Grant							
Licenses and permits		\$272,443	\$561,291	\$1,015,567	\$60,603	\$19,777	
Intergovernmental revenues - miscellaneous		3212,443	4,01,101				
Intergovernmental revenues - grants				263,774			\$48,867
Charges for services							
Fines and forfeitures	4 570	15,689	26,647			1,661	
Earnings on investments	4,570	13,003	182	10,810			7,192
Miscellaneous revenues	19,133		102		(c) (80 kg)		
Total revenues	375,972	288,132	588,120	1,290,151	60,603	21,438	56,059
XPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Administration and finance							
Roads and public works		329,589	449,479	1,299,936			
Corrections		323,307					
Law enforcement	226 160						
Judicial	336,169				55,888	18,743	75,193
Community services Other expenditures							
Debt service:							
Principal on debt							
Interest on debt					100		100
Capital outlay			9 1 2 1 1 1 1		The Transpire		3 Style
Total expenditures	336,169	329,589	449,479	1,299,936	55,888	18,743	75,193
Excess of revenues over (under)							(10.12
expenditures	39,803	(41,457	138,641	(9,785	) 4,715	2,695	(19,13
Other financing sources (uses)							
Loan proceeds							
Transfers to other governmental entities	15.000	40.000		12,944			30,55
Transfers from other funds	15,000	40,000	(12,944				O Harris
Transfers to other funds	<del>         </del>		(12,344				
Total other financing							30,55
sources (uses)	15,000	40,000	(12,944	) 12,944	. 0	0	30,33
	WHI I						
Excess of revenues and other sources		Ala III		9.100	4,715	2,695	11,42
over expenditures and other uses	54,803				4		
Fund balance, October 1	4,030	53,20	355,644	200,835	18,625	37,307	(11,72
Adjustments				6.07			
The same of the sa		001.71	\$ \$481,341	\$203,994	\$23,340	\$42,264	S
Fund balance, September 30	\$58,833	3 \$51,74	+ 3461,34	3203,37	, J.C.		

LAW LIBRARY	DISTRICT ATTORNEY ESCROW	DISTRICT ATTORNEY STATE	REGIONAL INTRASTATE TASK FORCE	FORESTRY FUND	DISTRICT ATTORNEY FORFEITURE	DISTRICT ATTORNEY DISCRETIONARY	TDH GRANT FUND	ROW PROJECTS FUND
								\$11,427
\$9,878		\$21,940 17,925						
					642 220	\$15,678		
491	\$23	2,574	\$1,734 645	\$15,179 134,868	\$42,320 4,999	210	5	2,952
10,369	23	42,439	2,379	150,047	47,319	15,888	5	14,379
12,521		19,415		10,765	2,694	28,771		2,331
12,521	0	19,415	0	10,765	2,694	28,771	0	
(2,152)	23	23,024	2,379	139,282	44,625	(12,883)	. 5	12,048
	(8,550	))	(36,374	)	8,550			
0	(8,550	o) 0	(36,374	0	8,550	) 0	C	) (
(2,152) 14,337	(8,527 8,550				53,175 24,456			5 12,04 0 63,59
\$12,185	\$23	\$67,546	\$17,15	\$376,518	\$77,63	1 \$24,394	S:	\$75,64

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007		
	HAVA FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
		31/10
REVENUES:		\$363,696
Taxes		2303,090
FEMA Grant		0
Licenses and permits		1,961,499
Intergovernmental revenues		17,925
		328,319
Charges for services		
Fines and forfeitures		42,320
Earnings on investments		76,734
Miscellaneous revenues		172,830
Total revenues	0	2,963,323
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Administration and finance		50
Roads and public works		0
Corrections		2,079,004
Law enforcement		0
Judicial		370,799
Community services		160,589
Other expenditures		28,771
Debt service:		
Principal on debt		0
Interest on debt		0
Capital outlay		2,331
Total expenditures	0	2,641,494
Excess of revenues over (under)		
expenditures	0	321,829
Other financing sources (uses)		0
Loan proceeds		(36,374)
Transfers to other governmental entities		107,051
Transfers from other funds		(21,494)
Transfers to other funds		(21,424)
Total other financing		40 102
sources (uses)	0	49,183
Excess of revenues and other sources		271 012
over expenditures and other uses	0	371,012
Fund balance, October 1	0	1,141,604
Adjustments		0
Fund balance, September 30	\$0	\$1,512,616

## CASS COUNTY, TEXAS

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - ALL TRUST AND AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2007

	TAX OFFICE	SHERIFF	JUSTICE COURT #1	JUSTICE COURT #2	JUSTICE COURT #3	JUSTICE COURT #4
ASSETS:  Cash  Restricted Investments - District Clerk	\$312,807	\$20,818	\$37,510	\$10,322	\$56,304	\$7,100
Accounts receivable TOTAL ASSETS	\$312,807	\$20,818	\$37,510	\$10,322	\$56,304	\$7,100
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES  LIABILITIES: Accounts payable		\$6,790				
Due to other governments Due to other entities	312,807	14,028	37,510	10,322	56,304	7,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES	312,807	20,818	37,510	10,322	56,304	7,100
FUND BALANCE Fund balance September 30,	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$312,807	\$20,818	<b>\$</b> 37,510	\$10,322	\$56,304	\$7,100

TOTALS SEPTEMBER 3	DISTRICT	ADULT PROBATION	JUVENILE PROBATION	DISTRICT ATTORNEY	COUNTY
\$619,213 1,575,757 0	\$112,746 1,575,757	\$0	\$3,154	\$1,164	\$57,288
\$2,194,970	\$1,688,503	\$0	\$3,154	\$1,164	\$57,288
\$120,700	\$112,746			\$1,164	
424,043 1,650,227	1,575,757	0	3,154		57,288
2,194,970	1,688,503	0	3,154	1,164	57,288
	0	0	0	0	0



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# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable County Judge and Honorable Commissioners' Court Cass County, Texas

Members of the Court:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, major funds and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Cass, Texas (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007. These collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. We have issued our report on them dated June 9, 2008.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered County of Cass, Texas' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cass, Texas' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Cass, Texas's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principals such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency or combination of significant deficiencies that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We noted two matters (findings 07-02 and 07-03)

involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of Cass, Texas's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 07-1. County of Cass, Texas's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses.

This report is intended for the information of the Commissioners' Court, the administration, federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be used and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Moore and Caver, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

June 9, 2008

### I. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unqualified.
- No internal control findings required to be reported in this schedule were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None

4. Low risk auditee: Yes

## II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

07-01 Fixed Asset Inventory

Criteria: Governmental Standards dictate that an accurate fixed asset listing be maintained.

Condition Found: During the review of the September 30, 2007 fixed asset listing, several errors and

omissions were discovered.

Effect: Accurate reporting of fixed assets and related depreciation on Entity-Wide financial

statements would not have been correct (as required by GASB #34)

Cause: The County contracted the asset "counting" services and the final listing provided was

not updated in a timely manner.

07-02 Expenditures exceeding budgetary allowance

Criteria: Governmental Standards dictate that all expenditures must be approved by the

governing body through means of budget allowances.

Condition Found: During the review of the September 30, 2007 the Administrative and Finance,

including capital outlays, exceeded the final approved budget.

Effect: Future resources were decreased more than expected.

Cause: The County approved expenditures and failed to amend the proper budgetary

accounts.

07-03 Proper year end "cut off" of payables and subsequent treansactions

Criteria: Governmental Standards dictate that an all governmental units record transactions in

the proper periods.

Condition Found: During the review of the September 30, 2007 and subsequent posting to period 12,

transactions with dates subsequent to 09/30/07 were posted to the ending balances.

Effect: Accurate reporting of cash, payables and investments were compromised. Although

the transactions affected only the asset section of the Balance Sheet accounts,

individual accounts were in error on the final trial balance.

Cause: The County posted post year end payments of vouchers payable and transfers from

investments to period 12.

# III. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to the Federal Awards AA-1

The audit disclosed no finding required to be reported.

2006-1 Incomplete Fixed Asset Inventory

During the review of the September 30, 2006 fixed asset listing, several errors and omissions were discovered

As of 9/30/07 the Fixed Asset Inventory listing is still incomplete.

For all findings and questioned costs:

Contact person: Tammy Wells, County Auditor 903-756-5067

#### 07-01 Fixed Asset Inventory

The County is required (GASB #34) to keep an accurate and up-to-date inventory of fixed assets equal to or greater than \$5,000. Upon review of the current year's assts inventory, several assets that should have been included in prior year's inventories were corrected (either input or deleted). The County has reviewed these reports and will update them periodically as needed. Future changes are not expected.

Contact Person: Tammy Wells, County Auditor

Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately.

## 07-02 Expenditures exceeding budgetary allowance

Proper management of current and future resources and obligations require enacting and amending budgetary allowances for various expenditure categories. During the year ended September 30, 2007, the General Fund expended amounts exceeding the final approved budgetary amounts. Overall, the General Fund exceeded the budgetary amounts in the amount of \$76,934. Due to failure to properly account for expenditures made from deferred revenues, the final budget did not accurately reflect adjusted expenditures. Management will properly amend the budgetary allowances and post expenditures in the upcoming periods.

Contact Person: Tammy Wells, County Auditor

Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately.

## 07-01 Proper year end "cut off" of payables and subsequent transactions

The County posted transactions relating to subsequent (to year end) payment of previously recorded vouchers and transfers from investments to cash in period 12. The effect produced erroneous year-end totals in cash, vouchers payable and investments. Management will observe proper year end cut-off procedures starting immediately.

Contact Person: Tammy Wells, County Auditor

Anticipated Completion Date: Immediately.