NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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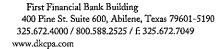
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Nolan County, Texas

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nolan County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Nolan County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nolan County, Texas, as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2010, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages iii through ix and 25 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Danis Kinard & Co, PC
DAVIS KINARD & CO, PC

Abilene, Texas December 30, 2010

NOLAN COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Nolan County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

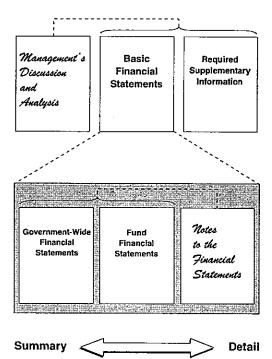
- Nolan County's total combined net assets were \$7.1 million at September 30, 2010. Of this amount, \$4.4 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.
- During the year, the County's expenses were \$533 thousand less than the \$8.2 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$4 million. All \$4 million is available for spending at the government's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are Government-Wide Financial Statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are Fund Financial Statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	FIGU	RE A-2						
MAJOR FEATURES OF THE COUNTY'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS								
Type of Statement	Government-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire County's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources					
Required financial	• Statement of net assets	Balance sheet:	• Statement of fiduciary net assets a state of the state					
Statements 4+450 12 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	Statement of activities.	• Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of changes in assets and liabilities.					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual basis accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the years or soon thereafter, no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can					
Type of flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Nolan County's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Assets (Page 1) presents information on all of Nolan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether Nolan County's financial position is improving or deteriorating when examined in conjunction with nonfinancial factors. The Statement of Activities (Page 2-3) presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Nolan County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, farm to market roads, health and welfare, economic development, culture and recreation. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes and grants.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the Nolan County's most significant funds – not the County as a whole. Funds are groupings of related accounts that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Nolan County, like other state and local governments, uses funds to show compliance with finance-related legal requirements as well as to control and manage money for other particular purposes.

The County has two types of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on short-term inflows and outflows of available resources and the balances of these resources that are available at the end of the year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on Pages 5 and 7 of the basic financial statements section.

The County maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statements for the General Fund and the farm to market fund, both of which are considered to be major funds. Individual fund data for each of the ten non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided on Pages 26 and 27 to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

• Fiduciary funds—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets found on Page 8. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

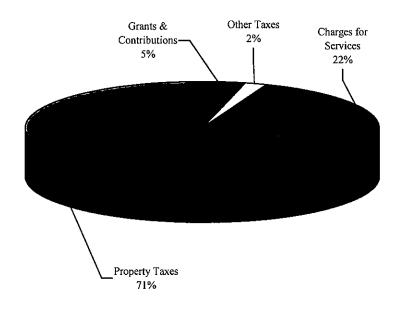
Nolan County's combined net assets were approximately \$7.1 million at September 30, 2010. The largest portion of the County's net assets reflects its investments, cash and accounts receivable, with the remainder reported as capital assets.

Table A-1 Nolan County's Net Assets

	Governmental Activit			
	2010	2009		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 5,067,174	\$ 4,695,107		
Capital and Non-Current Assets	2,827,905	2,804,795		
Total Assets	7,895,079	7,499,902		
Current Liabilities	141,271	223,744		
Long Term Liabilities	602,903	658,542		
Total Liabilities	744,174	882,286		
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	2,228,709	2,121,906		
Restricted	557,779	614,819		
Unrestricted	4,364,417	3,880,891		
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,150,905	\$ 6,617,616		

Changes in Net Assets—Nolan County's net assets increased by approximately \$533 thousand during the current fiscal year. While property taxes increased by 18.08%, charges for services decreased by approximately .83%.

Figure A-3 SOURCES OF REVENUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010



Governmental Activities—Total revenues for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2010 were \$8.2 million. Approximately 71% of the County's revenue comes from taxes. Property tax revenue increased 18.08% due to an increase in property values and a decrease in tax rates.

Expenses increased by \$198 thousand or 2.66% from the prior year. For the most part, this increase was in all areas of the government.

Table A-2 Nolan County's Changes in Net Assets

			Percent
	Government	al Activities	Increase
	2010	2009	(Decrease)
Revenues:	-		
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	1,790,598	1,805,570	-0.83%
Operating Grants & Contributions	260,920	284,889	-8.41%
Capital Grants	195,937	0	100.00%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	5,773,123	4,889,312	18.08%
Other Taxes	130,865	162,750	-19.59%
Investment Earnings	7,014	25,480	-72.47%
Miscellaneous	-	36,335	-100.00%
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	6,808	6,792	0.24%
Total Revenues	8,165,265	7,211,128	
Expenses:			
General Government	1,114,903	1,340,322	-16.82%
Judicial Administration	840,140	801,167	4.86%
Legal	388,683	359,637	8.08%
Financial Administration	408,002	385,063	5.96%
Public Facilities	638,570	579,547	10.18%
Public Safety	1,931,562	1,746,611	10.59%
Farm to Market	1,560,495	1,499,699	4.05%
Health and Welfare	444,957	435,028	2.28%
Extension Service	101,922	102,445	-0.51%
Debt Service Interest Expense	27,680	29,007	-4.57%
Museum and Library-Intergovernmental	175,062	155,493	12.59%
Total Expenses	7,631,976	7,434,019	2.66%
Increase in Net Assets	533,289	(222,891)	-339.26%
Beginning Net Assets	6,617,616	6,840,507	-3.26%
Ending Net Assets	7,150,905	6,617,616	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of the end of the fiscal year, Nolan County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4.6 million, a increase of \$232 thousand in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 87% of this total amount (\$4.1 million) is unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is reserved, to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, \$4 million, the total fund balance is unreserved. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unreserved fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 66% of total General Fund expenditures.

Nolan County's General Fund balance increased by \$294 thousand during the current fiscal year. A key factor in this increase was increased tax revenue.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights—Over the course of the year, the County revised its budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$533 thousand below final budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets—As of September 30, 2010, the County had invested \$9.9 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, roads, bridges and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, depreciation and adjustments) of \$23 thousand, or .82% over last year.

Major events affecting capital assets during the year were:

- Video recording and security camera
- Machinery and equipment for Farm to Market
- New vehicles and equipment for the Sheriff's Department.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found on page 19.

Table A-3 Nolan County's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities					
	2010	2009				
Land	\$ 52,775	\$ 52,775				
Buildings and Improvements	4,795,189	4,795,189				
Furniture and Equipment	5,033,887	4,686,756				
Total	9,881,851	9,534,720				
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(7,053,946)	(6,729,925)				
Net Capital Assets	\$ 2,827,905	\$ 2,804,795				

Long Term Debt-At the end of the year, the County had \$669 thousand in outstanding debt.

Table A-4 The County's Long Term Debt

	Governmental Activities				
		2010		2009	
Bonds Payable	\$	571,000	\$	616,000	
Capital Leases Payable		38,196		77,889	
Compensated Absences		59,305		49,346	
Total Long-Term Debt Payable	_\$	668,501	\$	743,235	

During the year, Nolan County's debt decreased by \$75 thousand. No new debt was issued and debt service payments totaled \$85 thousand.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that a County can issue up to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation is \$409 million which is significantly higher than the County's outstanding general obligation debt.

More detailed information about the County's long term liabilities can be found in the notes beginning on pages 20-21.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The appraised value used for the 2011 budget preparation is estimated to be up \$21 thousand or 1.3% from 2010.
- The tax rate established for 2011 is \$.37536, an increase of \$.02619 from 2010.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

These factors and others were taken into consideration when preparing the General Fund budget for the 2011 fiscal year.

Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$6,502,477, an increase of 5.4% over the 2010 budget of \$6,339,684. Property taxes (benefiting from the 2010 increases in assessed valuations) are expected to lead to this increase.

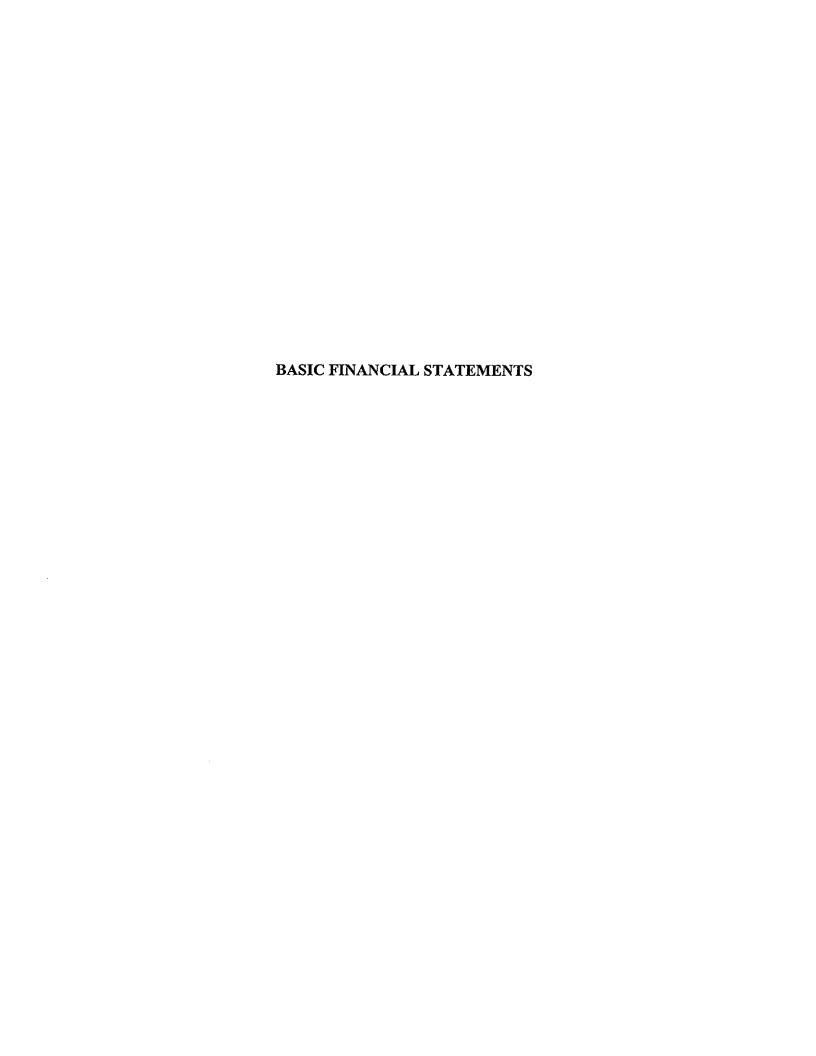
Budgeted expenditures are expected to rise approximately 12% to \$7,411,921. The largest increments are increases in insurance services, road materials, salaries, prisoner care, autopsy/indigent burial, & ambulance services. The County has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2011 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to decrease.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Nolan County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Office of the Nolan County Auditor, 100 E. 3rd Street, Suite 102, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.

should be directed to the Office of the Nolan County Auditor, 100 E. 3rd Street, Suite 102, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.



NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 965,861
Investments - Current	3,642,246
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	449,067
Capitalized Debt Issuance Costs	10,000
Capital Assets:	
Land	52,775
Buildings, net	949,095
Machinery and Equipment, net	1,826,035
Total Assets	7,895,079
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	75,673
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	65,598
Due in More Than One Year	602,903
Total Liabilities	744,174
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	2,228,709
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	198,248
Farm to Market	99,452
Records Managment	48,437
Courthouse Security	144,317
Technology	67,325
Unrestricted Net Assets	4,364,417
Total Net Assets	\$ 7,150,905

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

			 Program	Revent	ies
	Expenses		 Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions
Primary Government:					
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:					
General Government	\$	1,114,903	\$ 399,099	\$	6,620
Judicial		840,140	654,108		98,190
Legal		388,683	59,910		101,603
Financial Administration		408,002	58,770		-
Public Facilities		638,570	21,578		-
Public Safety		1,931,562	60,350		-
Farm to Market		1,560,495	536,783		54,507
Health and Welfare		444,957	_		-
Extension Service		101,922	-		-
Bond Interest		26,180	-		-
Fiscal Agent's Fees		1,500	-		-
Intergovernmental		175,062	 		-
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	7,631,976	\$ 1,790,598	\$	260,920

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Farm to Market Other Taxes Gain on Sale of Assets Investment Earnings

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets--Beginning

Net Assets--Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

			ages in rest resous
(Capital Grants and Contributions		nary Government Governmental
\$	-	\$	(709,184)
	-		(87,842)
	-		(227,170)
	-		(349,232)
	14,500		(602,492)
	181,437		(1,689,775)
	-		(969,205)
	-		(444,957)
	-		(101,922)
	-		(26,180)
	-		(1,500)
			(175,062)
<u>\$</u>	195,937		(5,384,521)
			4,990,557
			782,566
			130,865
			6,808
			7,014
			5,917,810
			533,289
			6,617,616
		\$	7,150,905

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		General Farm to Other Fund Market Funds				-		Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current Taxes Receivable Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) Receivables	\$	618,892 \$ 3,409,523 327,866 (272,129) 56,900	32,714 41,815 44,519 (36,951) 32,770	\$	314,255 190,908 - -	\$	965,861 3,642,246 372,385 (309,080) 89,670	
Total Assets	\$	4,141,052 \$	114,867	\$	505,163	\$	4,761,082	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable Deferred Revenues	\$	62,930 \$ 55,737	7,847 7,568	\$	4,896 -	\$	75,673 63,305	
Total Liabilities		118,667	15,415		4,896		138,978	
Fund Balances:								
Reserved For:								
Debt Service		-	-		198,248		198,248	
Farm to Market		-	99,452		-		99,452	
Records Management		-	-		48,437		48,437	
Courthouse Security		-	-		144,317		144,317	
Technology		-	-		67,325		67,325	
Unreserved and Undesignated:								
Reported in the General Fund Reported in the Special Revenue Fund		4,022,385	<u>-</u>		41,940	_	4,022,385 41,940	
Total Fund Balances		4,022,385	99,452		500,267		4,622,104	
			114,867					

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 4,622,104
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$9,534,720 and the accumulated depreciation was \$6,729,925. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net assets. (See Note II A for further explanation.)	2,072,560
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2010 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets. (See Note II B for further explanation.)	535,446
The 2010 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(427,643)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net assets. (See Note II B for further explanation.)	348,438
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 7,150,905

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		General Fund		Farm to Market		Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					·,		
Taxes:							
Property Taxes	\$	4,989,011	\$	786,063	¢	-	\$ 5,775,074
Hotel/Motel Tax	Ψ	1,202,011	Ψ	700,005	Ψ	98,505	98,50
Other Taxes		45,780		_		70,505	45,78
Licenses and Permits		58,297		384,650		_	442,94
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		363,500		54,507		_	418,00
Fines and Fees		854,052		139,655		122,020	1,115,72
Investment Earnings		6,083		562		368	7,01
Rents and Royalties		15,186		_		-	15,18
Contributions & Donations		28,850		-		-	28,85
Other Revenue		125,790		12,478		7,888	146,15
Total Revenues		6,486,549		1,377,915		228,781	8,093,24
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General Government		1,154,381		_		5,032	1,159,413
Judicial		820,134		_		56,226	876,36
Legal		350,248		_		38,599	388,84
Financial Administration		408,002		-		· -	408,00
Public Facilities		578,228		-		-	578,22
Public Safety		2,001,554		-		43,892	2,045,440
Farm to Market		-		1,525,296		-	1,525,29
Health and Welfare		477,551		-		-	477,55
Conservation and Development		101,922		-		-	101,92
Debt Service:							
Other Debt Principal		-		-		45,500	45,50
Bond Interest		-		-		26,180	26,18
Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay		_		_		60,047	60,04
Intergovernmental:						00,047	00,04
Intergovernmental		175,079		_			175,079
Total Expenditures		6,067,099		1,525,296		275,476	7,867,87
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		419,450		(147,381)		(46,695)	225,374
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Sale of Real and Personal Property		4,446		2,362		_	6,80
Transfers In		75,000		125,000		5,000	205,000
Transfers Out (Use)		(205,000)		125,000		5,000	(205,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(125,554)		127,362		5,000	6,808
Net Change in Fund Balances							**F_=1
_		293,896		(20,019)		(41,695)	232,182
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		3,728,489		119,471		541,962	4,389,922
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,022,385	\$	99,452	\$	500,267 \$	4,622,104

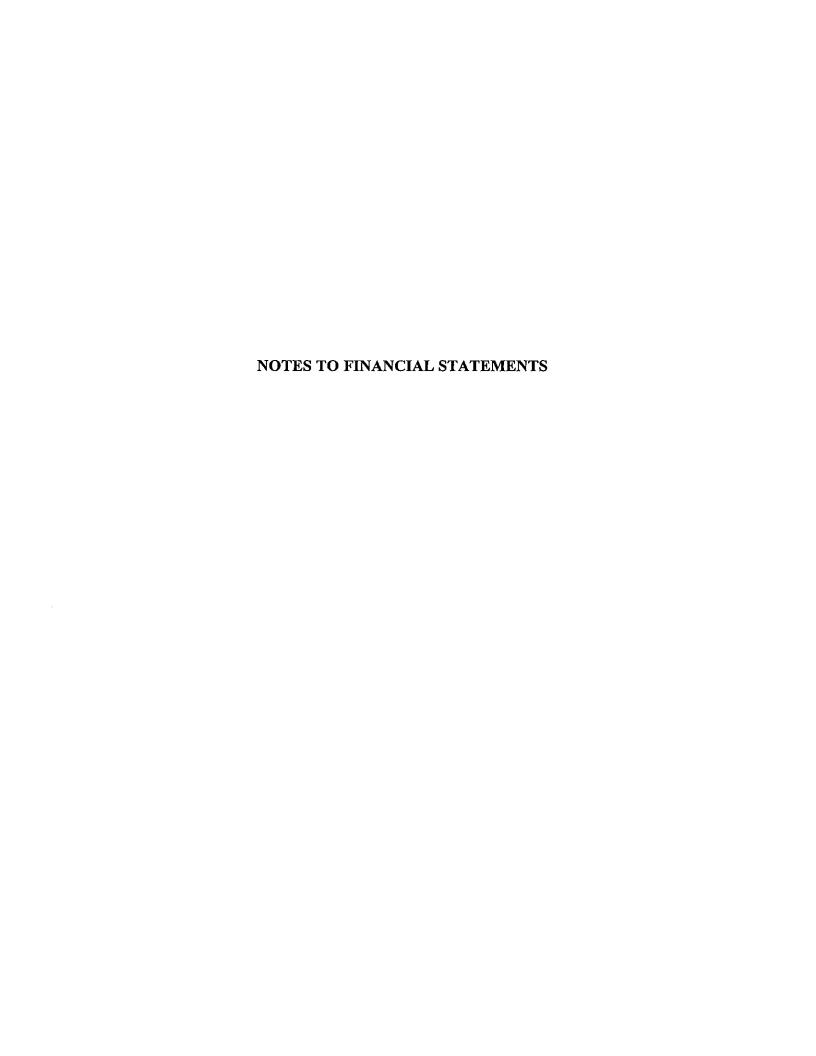
NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 232,182
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2010 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net assets. (See Note II B for further explanation.)	535,446
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net assets.	(427,643)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net assets. (See Note II B for further explanation.)	193,304
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 533,289

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

	gency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 801,485
Total Assets	\$ 801,485
LIABILITIES	
Due to Others	\$ 801,485
Total Liabilities	\$ 801,485



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes (V.A.C.S.).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County's modified accrual financial statements include the cash accounts of all funds handled by the Office of the County Treasurer. The County's major activities or functions include public safety (sheriff and ambulance), parks and libraries, public health and social services, construction and maintenance of roads, and general administrative services. The County operates under a county judge/commissioners' court type of government as provided for by state statute. The Commissioners' Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to the County. The County receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. Because members of the Commissioners' Court are elected by the public; have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the County's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for the County's operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

I. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, continued

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The County prepares its fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The County applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards pronouncements, issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Assets. The fund equity is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Separate funds are established to account for receipts and disbursements pertaining to separate identifiable functions of the County. Each fund represents a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures. As a result, total receipts and disbursements by the County Treasurer are accumulated for report purposes with no elimination of interfund transactions.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in
 another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or
 transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.
- Farm to Market To account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally reserved for expenditures for public transportation for County citizens.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

D. FUND ACCOUNTING, continued

Additionally, the County reports the following non-major fund types:

Governmental Funds:

- Special Revenue Fund To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than
 special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally reserved for
 expenditures for specified purposes.
- Debt Service Fund To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

Trust and Agency Funds - To account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an
agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds
are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurements of results of
operations.

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. The County considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 2. In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.
- 3. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

4. Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20-30
Furniture and Equipment	5-12
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	5-12

- 5. The County provides statutory workers' compensation insurance for its employees through Texas Association of Counties ("TAC"), a joint insurance fund, in which the County is a member. Health insurance is provided to the County's employees through a licensed insurer authorized by Article 3.51-2 Texas Insurance Code by contractual agreement.
- 6. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Amounts reserved in the various governmental funds are as follows:

Debt Service Fund	\$ 198,248
Farm to Market	99,452
Records Management	48,437
Courthouse Security	144,317
Technology	 67,325
Total Reserved Fund Balance	\$ 557,779

F. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified accrual basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

Page 5 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the Year	 Historic Cost	ccumulated epreciation	th	let Value at e Beginning of the Year		Change in Net Assets
Land Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	\$ 52,775 4,795,189 4,686,756	\$ 3,782,027 2,947,898	\$	52,775 1,013,162 1,738,858	\$	
Bond Issuance Cost Change in Net Assets	\$ 9,534,720	\$ 6,729,925	\$	2,804,795	_	2,804,795 11,000 2,815,795
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the Year				ayable at the seginning of the Year		
Bonds Payable Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences			\$	616,000 77,889 49,346		
Change in Net Assets			\$	743,235		(743,235)
Net Adjustment to Net Assets					\$	2,072,560

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Pages 5 and 7 provide reconciliations between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net assets. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

		Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Assets
Current Year Capital Outlay				
Machinery and Equipment	\$	450,753		
Total Capital Outlay	\$	450,753	450,753	450,753
Debt Principal Payments				
Bond Principal	\$	45,000		
Capital Lease Principal		39,693		
Total Principal Payments	_\$	84,693	84,693	84,693
				\$
			\$ 535,446	535,44684,693 84,693

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

Another element of the reconciliations on Pages 5 and 7 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	Amount	Adjustments to Changes In Net Assets	Adjustments to Net Assets
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue			
Taxes collected from prior year levies Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible) from current	\$ 55,185	\$ (55,185)	\$ -
year levy	18,110	18,110	18,110
Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible) from		·	
prior year levy	45,195		45,195
Adjustment to prior year estimate of collectible taxes	35,124	35,124	
Subtotal		(1,951)	63,305
Adjustments to Receivables and Revenue			
Beginning balance in other receivables	228,929	-	228,929
Change in other receivables	67,163	67,163	67,163
Amortization of bond issuance costs	1,000	(1,000)	(1,000)
Subtotal		66,163	295,092
Adjustments to Expenses and Liabilities			
Beginning balance in accounts payable	139,051	-	(139,051)
Decrease in accounts payable	(139,051)	139,051	139,051
Increase in unused vacation	9,959	(9,959)	(9,959)
Subtotal		129,092	(9,959)
Total Adjustments		\$ 193,304	\$ 348,438

III. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Legislation was passed in 1979 and amended in 1981 by the Texas Legislature which affects the methods of property assessment and tax collection in the County. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of countywide Appraisal Districts and for the State Property Tax Board that commenced operation in January 1980.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$965,861 and the bank balance was \$1,215,243. The County's deposits as of September 30, 2010 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments, continued

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. KPMG Peat Marwick, 111 Congress Avenue, Suite 1100, Austin, Texas 78701 performs the annual audit. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office.

Investments held by the County at September 30, 2010 consisted of the following:

Tex Pool

\$ 3,642,246

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County adopted a deposit and investment policy; however, that policy does not address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2010 was covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County's securities are all in securities backed by the United States of America and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Other Credit Risk - There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, TexPool's investment policy allows the portfolio's investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies' repurchase agreements; and no-load AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. As of September 30, 2010 TexPool's investments credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).

The County's general policy is to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a costbased measure. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with the market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

B. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no interfund receivables and payables at September 30, 2010.

C. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2010, were as follows:

	Property	Other		Fines &		
	Taxes	Taxes	Grants	Fees	Other	Totals
Governmental Activities						
General Fund	\$ 327,866	\$ 14,444	\$ 18,146	\$ 13,659	\$ 10,651	\$ 384,766
Farm to Market Fund	44,519	1,671	18,133	9,552	3,414	7 7,289
Total-Governmental Activities	\$ 372,385	\$ 16,115	\$ 36,279	\$ 23,211	\$ 14,065	\$ 462,055
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$(309,080)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (309,080)

Payables at September 30, 2010 reported on the County's fund statements were as follows:

	Accounts		
	Payable	Totals	
Governmental Activities			
General Fund	\$ 62,930	\$ 62,930	
Farm to Market Fund	7,847	7,847	
Other Funds	4,896	4,896	
Total-Governmental Activities	\$ 75,673	\$ 75,673	
Amounts not scheduled for			
payment during the subsequent			
year.	\$ -	\$ -	

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

D. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2010 was as follows:

		Balance October 1, 2009		Additions	Re	tirements		Balance ptember 30, 2010
Governmental Activities:								
Non-depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	52,775	\$		\$	-	\$	52,775
Total Non-depreciable Assets		52,775	_				•	52,775
Depreciable Assets:								
Buildings and Improvements		4,795,189						4,795,189
Machinery and Equipment		4,686,756		450,753		103,622		5,033,887
Total Depreciable Assets		9,481,945		450,753		103,622		9,829,076
Totals at Historic Cost		9,534,720		450,753		103,622		9,881,851
Less Accumulated Depreciation:								
Buildings and Improvements		3,782,027		64,067				3,846,094
Furniture and Equipment		2,947,898		363,576		103,622		3,207,852
Total Accumulated Depreciation		6,729,925		427,643		103,622		7,053,946
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,								
Net	\$	2,804,795	\$	23,110	\$		\$	2,827,905
1101		2,001,775	—	23,110				2,027,703

Current year depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 20,202
Public Facilities	76,508
Public Safety	144,562
Farm to Market	 186,371
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 427,643

E. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at year-end as reported on Page 4 of the Funds Statements consisted of the following:

	 General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Total		
Net Tax Revenue	\$ 55,737	\$ 7,568	\$	63,305		

Adjustments required for Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets decreased deferred revenue by \$63,305.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

F. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE

Accumulated unpaid annual leave amounts are not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but are reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets. At September 30, 2010, accrued employee benefits recorded on the Statement of Net Assets were for vacation pay and amounted to \$59,305.

G. CAPITAL LEASES

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the County entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$128,487 for the purchase of a John Deere 770D. The County made a down payment of \$40,000 and the remainder will be paid in annual payments of \$20,653, including interest. The lease term is from 2007 to 2012. The lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease

During the year ended September 30, 2005, the County entered into an agreement with Digital Air Control, Inc. for the purchase of HVAC equipment, installation and warranty in the amount of \$132,264. The agreement calls for 6 annual payments of \$22,040 beginning in FY 2005 and final payment due in FY 2010. This lease was paid in full during the year ended September 31, 2010.

Capital Lease requirements are as follows:

Year Ended						Total
September 30,	F	rincipal	Ir	iterest	Requ	uirements
2011		18,598		2,054		20,652
2012		19,598		1,054		20,652
Total	\$	38,196	\$	3,108	\$	41,304

H. BONDS PAYABLE

In April 2006, the County issued Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$800,000 for paying all or a portion of the County's contractual obligations in connection with making renovations and additions to the Nolan County Coliseum, and to pay legal, fiscal and engineering fees in connection with that project.

Funds were deposited in an escrow fund with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1992 Series maturing in 2005 and the 1993 Series maturing in 2008. The economic gain resulting from the refunding, measured by the difference between the present value of the debt service requirements of the Series 1999 bonds and the Series 1992 and Series 1993 bonds discounted at effective interest rate of the new bonds, amounted to \$50,951. The economic gain has not been recognized in the financial statements of the County.

The following are general obligation bond issues outstanding at September 30, 2010:

	Interest	Date of	Date of	Bonds				
	Rate	issue	Maturity	Outstanding				
Certificates of obligation	4.250%	2006	2020	\$	571,000			

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS, continued

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	Total Principal	Total Interest	Total Requirements				
2011	47,000	24,268	71,268				
2012	49,000	22,270	71,270				
2013	51,000	20,187	71,187				
2014	53,000	18,020	71,020				
2015	56,000	15,767	71,767				
2016-2020	315,000	41,267	356,267				
Total	\$ 571,000	\$ 141,779	\$ 712,779				

I. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds, Loans and Leases Payable:										
General Obligation Bonds	\$	616,000	\$	-	\$	45,000	\$	571,000	\$	47,000
Capital Leases Payable		77,889	_			39,693		38,196		18,598
Total Bonds, Loans and Leases Payable		693,889				84,693	_	609,196		65,598
Other Liabilities:										
Compensated Absences		49,346		9,959		-		59,305		<u>.</u>
Total Governmental Activities										
Long-term Liabilities	\$_	743,235	\$	9,959	\$	84,693	\$	668,501	\$	

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS, continued

J. RISK MANAGEMENT

Health Insurance

During the year ended September 30, 2010 employees of Nolan County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County paid health insurance premiums of \$462.10 per month for employees only, \$50.46 per month for an employee and spouse and \$200.18 per month for an employee and family. The County also paid \$21.98 per month for employee dental care. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll to pay any additional cost for dependent coverage. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended September 30, 2010, employees of Nolan County were covered by a workers' compensation plan administered by the Texas Association of Counties. The County paid a contribution of \$51,940 for the year ended September 30, 2010. These figures are subject to change based upon actual payroll figures.

K. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description:

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 602 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 10 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

L. RETIREMENT PLAN, continued

Funding Policy:

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable Rate) plan provision of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 8.57% for the months of the accounting year in 2009 and 9.55% for the months of the accounting year in 2010.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2010 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

If a plan has had adverse experience, the TCDRS Act has provisions that allow the employer to contribute a fixed supplemental contribution rate determined by the System's actuary above the regular rate for 25 years or to reduce benefits earned in the future.

Annual Pension Cost:

For the employer's accounting year ending September 30, 2010, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$304,214 and the actual contributions were \$304,214.

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2009 included (a) 8.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 5.3 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.5 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a ten-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009 was 20 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress.

As of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 82.26 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$8,835,927, and the actuarial value of assets was \$7,268,869, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$1,567,058. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,484,560, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 44.97 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS, continued

L. RETIREMENT PLAN, continued

Actuarial Valuation Information:

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/07	12/31/08	12/31/09
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage of payroll, open	level percentage of payroll, open	level percentage of payroll, open
Amortization period	15 years	20 years	20 years
Asset valuation method	SAF: 10 years smoothed value EFS: Fund value	SAF: 10 years smoothed value EFS: Fund value	SAF: 10 years smoothed value EFS: Fund value
Actuarial Assumptions			
Investment Return	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	5.3%	5.3%	5.4%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Nolan County, Texas

	Annual	Percentage of	
Accounting	Pension	APC	Net Pension
Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
9/30/08	231,524	100%	-0-
9/30/09	260,851	100%	-0-
9/30/10	304,214	100%	-0-

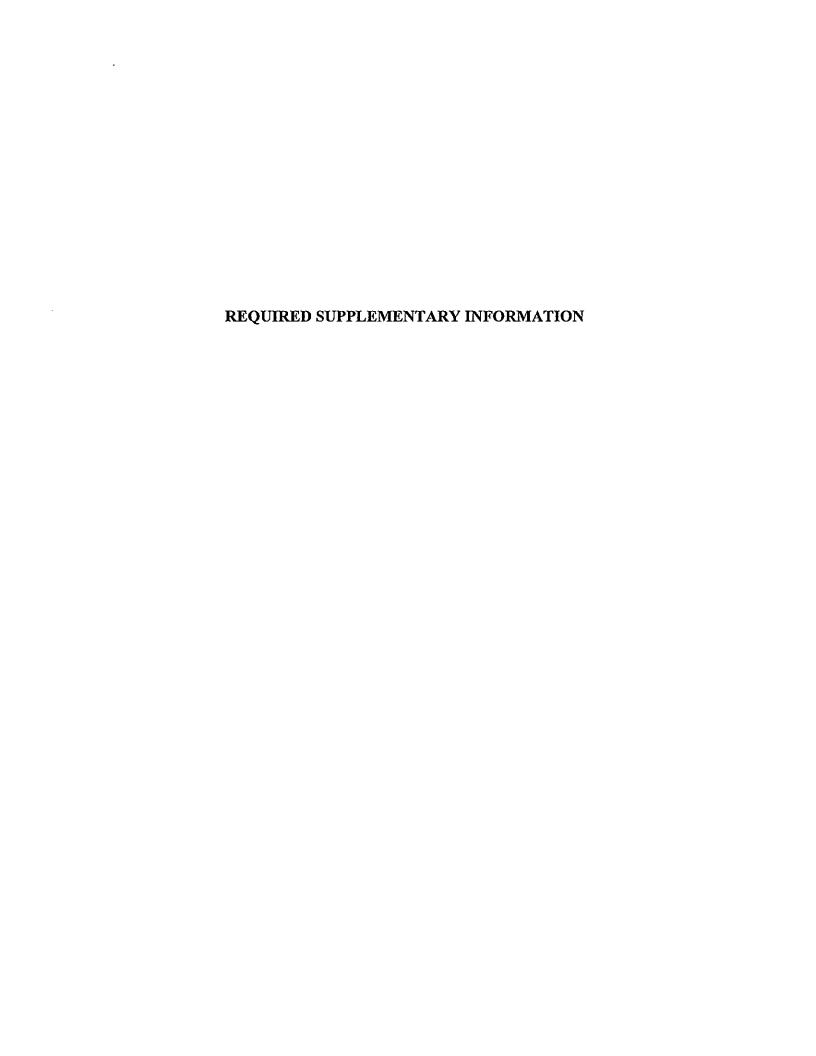
V. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contingencies

The County participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies: therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

B. Litigation

The County Attorney has indicated that there is at least one lawsuit filed and pending against the County. The lawsuit is being strongly defended by the County. As of September 30, 2010, the potential liability of the County is not reasonably estimated.



NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM TREND DATA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF THE COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/07	7,245,354	8,193,058	947,704	88.43%	3,040,949	31.16%
12/31/08	6,601,226	8,190,748	1,589,522	80.59%	3,078,259	51.64%
12/31/09	7,268,869	8,835,927	1,567,058	82.26%	3,484,560	44.97%

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

					Act	tual Amounts		ince With
		Budgeted.	Amou	ints				sitive or
	C	Priginal		Final			(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	4,948,266	\$	4,948,266	\$	4,989,011	\$	40,745
Other Taxes		40,000		40,000		45,780		5,780
Licenses and Permits		51,500		51,500		58,297		6,797
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		169,750		331,198		363,500		32,302
Fines and Fees		875,100		875,100		854,052		(21,048)
Investment Earnings		30,000		30,000		6,083		(23,917)
Rents and Royalties		15,420		15,420		15,186		(234)
Contributions & Donations		-		-		28,850		28,850
Other Revenue		48,200		48,200		125,790		77,590
Total Revenues		6,178,236		6,339,684		6,486,549		146,865
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		1,654,056		1,407,391		1,154,381		253,010
Judicial		862,458		862,458		820,134		42,324
Legal		366,563		378,134		350,248		27,886
Financial Administration		425,264		425,264		408,002		17,262
Public Facilities		646,631		637,131		578,228		58,903
Public Safety		1,879,002		2,111,085		2,001,554		109,531
Health and Welfare		438,642		484,100		477,551		6,549
Conservation and Development		113,499		113,499		101,922		11,577
Intergovernmental:				•		•		-
Intergovernmental		171,335		180,835		175,079		5,756
Total Expenditures		6,557,450		6,599,897		6,067,099		532,798
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(379,214)		(260,213)		419,450		679,663
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of Real and Personal Property		_		-		4,446		4,446
Transfers In		75,000		75,000		75,000		
Transfers Out (Use)		(85,000)		(210,000)		(205,000)		5,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	(10,000)		(135,000)		(125,554)	-	9,446
Net Change		(389,214)		(395,213)		293,896		689,109
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		3,728,489		3,728,489		3,728,489		,- 02
						.,	***************************************	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	3,339,275	\$	3,333,276	\$	4,022,385	\$	689,109

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FARM TO MARKET

TON OFTE	TTD 4 TO				
FOR THE	YEAR	. ENDED	SEPTEMBER	-30.	. 2010

						Actual		ance With
		Budgeted	Amou	nts	((See Note)		sitive or
	(Original		Final			(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	782,156	\$	782,156	\$	786,063	\$	3,907
Licenses and Permits		425,000		425,000		384,650		(40,350)
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		30,000		30,000		54,507		24,507
Fines and Fees		133,000		133,000		139,655		6,655
Investment Earnings		300		300		562		262
Other Revenue				<u> </u>		12,478		12,478
Total Revenues		1,370,456		1,370,456		1,377,915		7,459
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Farm to Market		1,844,646		1,844,571		1,525,296		319,275
Total Expenditures		1,844,646		1,844,571		1,525,296		319,275
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(474,190)		(474,115)		(147,381)		326,734
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Sale of Real and Personal Property		-		_		2,362		2,362
Transfers In	_	-		-		125,000		125,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	' <u>-</u> -	_		-		127,362		127,362
Change in Fund Balance		(474,190)		(474,115)		(20,019)	·	454,096
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		119,471		119,471		119,471		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(354,719)	\$	(354,644)	<u>\$</u>	99,452	\$	454,096

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

I. BUDGETARY DATA

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these basic financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the succeeding year and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners' Court.
- 2. Commissioners' Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
- 3. Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 4. Commissioners' Court formally adopts the budget in the open court meeting.
- 5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by commissioners in accordance with article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

An appropriate resolution (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about September 1. The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2010 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law. There were no General Fund expenditures over appropriations during the year ending September 30, 2010.



NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		-			
	Jury Fund		Law ibrary Fund	Hot Check Fund	A.R.E. Fund
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,974	\$	20,994	\$ 13,886	\$ 6,493
Investments - Current	-		-	-	
Total Assets	\$ 4,974	\$	20,994	\$ 13,886	\$ 6,493
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	4,407	\$ -	\$ •
Total Liabilities	 _		4,407		
Fund Balances:					
Reserved For:					
Debt Service	-		-	-	•
Records Management	-		-	-	
Courthouse Security	-		-	-	
Technology	-		-	-	
Unreserved and Undesignated:					
Reported in the Special Revenue Fund	4,974		16,587	13,886	 6,493
Total Fund Balances	 4,974		16,587	 13,886	 6,493
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,974	\$	20,994	\$ 13,886	\$ 6,493

Re	ounty cords agement	R	nty Clerk Lecords nagement	Clerk	istrict Records agement	ourthouse Security Fund	chnology Fund		Total Ionmajor Special enue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Gov	Total fonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	14,802	\$	27,184	\$	6,451 -	\$ 144,806 -	\$ 67,325 -	\$	306,915 -	\$ 7,340 190,908	\$	314,255 190,908
\$	14,802	\$	27,184	\$	6,451	\$ 144,806	\$ 67,325	\$	306,915	\$ 198,248	\$	505,163
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 489	\$ -	\$	4,896	\$ -	\$	4,896
	-		-		_	489	-		4,896	-		4,896
	-		-		-	-	-		-	198,248		198,248
	14,802		27,184		6,451	-	-		48,437	-		48,437
	-		-		-	144,317	-		144,317	-		144,317
	-		-		-	-	67,325		67,325	•		67,325
	-		-		-	-	-		41,940	-		41,940
	14,802		27,184		6,451	 144,317	 67,325	_	302,019	198,248		500,267
\$	14,802	\$	27,184	\$	6,451	\$ 144,806	\$ 67,325	\$	306,915	\$ 198,248	\$	505,163

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		ury und	Law Librai Func	У	(Hot Check Fund	.A.R.E. Fund
REVENUES:							
Taxes: Hotel/Motel Tax Fines and Fees Investment Earnings Other Revenue	\$	447 - 7,888	\$	6,180 -	\$	- 38,097 -	\$ - - -
Total Revenues		8,335		6,180		38,097	 -
EXPENDITURES:		0,555		0,100		30,071	
Current: General Government Judicial Legal Public Safety Debt Service: Other Debt Principal Bond Interest Capital Outlay: Capital Outlay		10,750	1	1,261 - - -		38,599 - - -	1,676
Total Expenditures		10,750	1	1,261		38,599	 1,676
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,415)	•	5,081)		(502)	 (1,676)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		5,000					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,000		-			
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,585	(:	5,081)		(502)	(1,676)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		2,389	2	1,668		14,388	 8,169
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,974	\$ 1	6,587	\$	13,886	\$ 6,493

Re	ounty cords agement	County Clerk Records Management	District Clerk Records Management	Courthouse Security Fund	Technology Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 98,505	
	8,655	27,846	3,727	20,986	16,082	122,020	368	122,020 368
	-	-	-	-	-	7,888	-	7,888
	8,655	27,846	3,727	20,986	16,082	129,908	98,873	228,781
	295	4,737			-	5,032		5,032
	-	-	-	34,215	-	56,226	-	56,226
	-	-	•	-	-	38,599	-	38,599
	-	· -	-	-	42,216	43,892	-	43,892
	-	-	-	<u></u>	_	-	45,500	45,500
	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,180	26,180
	-	_	-	-	-	-	60,047	60,047
	295	4,737	-	34,215	42,216	143,749	131,727	275,476
	8,360	23,109	3,727	(13,229)	(26,134)	(13,841)	(32,854)	(46,695)
	_	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	5,000
	<u> </u>			-		5,000	-	5,000
	8,360	23,109	3,727	(13,229)	(26,134)	(8,841)	(32,854)	(41,695)
	6,442	4,075	2,724	157,546	93,459	310,860	231,102	541,962
\$	14,802	\$ 27,184	\$ 6,451	\$ 144,317	\$ 67,325	\$ 302,019	\$ 198,248	\$ 500,267

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS

$COMBINING\,STATEMENT\,OF\,CHANGES\,IN\,ASSETS\,AND\,LIABILITIES$

ALL AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

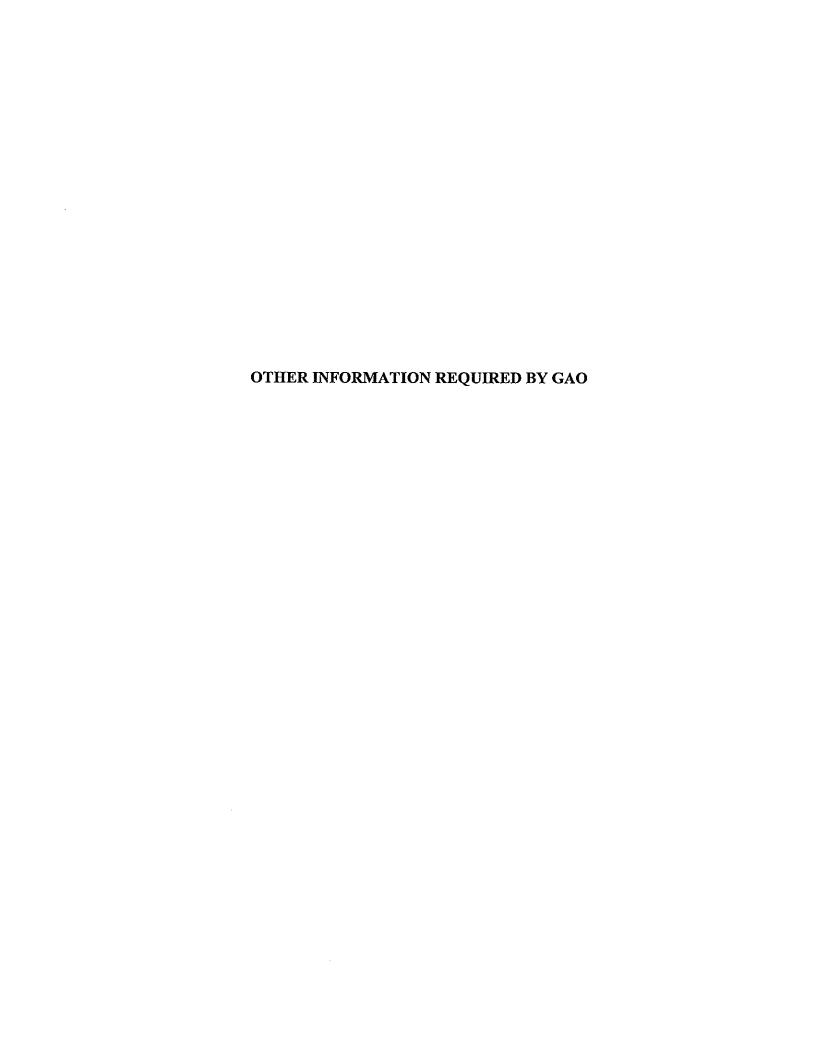
	OCT	LANCE OBER 1 2009	ΑĽ	DITIONS	DE	DUCTIONS		ALANCE FEMBER 30 2010
UNCLAIMED MONEY Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	97	\$	_	\$	-	\$	97
Liabilities:	-							
Due to Others	\$	97	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	97
TRUST & AGENCY								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,933	¢	423,867	ę.	440,192	\$	101 600
Liabilities;	=	111,755	-	725,807	—	440,192	<u> </u>	101,608
Due to Others	\$	117,933	\$	423,867	\$	440,192	\$	101,608
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FUNDS								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	397,994	\$	68,444	\$	163,649	\$	302,789
Liabilities:			-		<u> </u>			
Due to Others	\$	397,994	\$	68,444	\$	163,649	\$	302,789
RESTITUTION FUND								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	43,447	\$	41,129	¢	24 650	ď	50.026
Liabilities:	-	=======		71,129	4	24,650	\$	59,926
Due to Others	\$	43,447	\$	41,129	\$	24,650	\$	59,926
EXTRADITIONS FUND								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	19,269	\$	2,119	¢	3,313	\$	18,075
Liabilities:			<u> </u>			3,313		10,073
Due to Others	\$	19,269	\$	2,119	\$	3,313	\$	18,075
SHERIFF AND INMATE FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	96,937	\$	200,542	\$	253,486	\$	43,993
Liabilities:								

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS

${\tt COMBINING\,STATEMENT\,OF\,CHANGES\,IN\,ASSETS\,AND\,LIABILITIES}$

ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

		BALANCE CTOBER 1 2009	A	DDITIONS	D	EDUCTIONS		ALANCE TEMBER 30 2010
			-			W		<u></u>
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	148,965	\$	2,230,759	\$	2,264,598	\$	115,126
Liabilities:							F	
Due to Others	\$	148,965	<u>\$</u>	2,230,759	\$	2,264,598	<u>\$</u>	115,126
COURT COLLECTIONS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,235	\$	21,216	\$	19,041	\$	8,410
Liabilities:	<u></u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	0,410
Due to Others	\$	6,235	<u>\$</u>	21,216	\$	19,041	\$	8,410
DISTRICT CLERK FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	233,842	\$	28,049	s	110,430	\$	151,461
Liabilities:			<u> </u>	=======================================	<u> </u>			131,401
Due to Others	\$	233,842	\$	28,049	\$	110,430	\$	151,461
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,064,719	\$	3,016,125	¢	3,279,359	\$	801,485
Liabilities:			-	=======================================	====	3,217,337	Ψ	
Due to Others	\$	1,064,719	\$	3,016,125	\$	3,279,359	\$	801,485







REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Nolan County, Texas

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nolan County, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted no matters that we are required to report to management of Nolan County, Texas.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Commissioners Court, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

DAVIS KINARD & CO, PC

Danis Kinard & Co. PC

Abilene, Texas December 30, 2010

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS

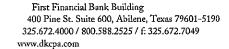
AUDIT REPORTING PACKAGE

September 30, 2010

NOLAN COUNTY

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Appendix A – Summary of Audit Adjustments	5
Appendix B – Summary of Proposed but Unrecorded Journal Entries	6





Required Communications

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court of Nolan County, Texas:

We have audited the financial statements of Nolan County, Texas for the year ended September 30, 2010 and have issued our report thereon dated December 30, 2010. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit:

Area

Comments

Auditors' Responsibilities Under United States Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

In order for those charged with governance to understand the nature of assurance provided by an audit, the auditor should communicate their responsibilities under United States Generally Accepted Auditing Standards.

As stated in our engagement letter dated September 15, 2010, our responsibility as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement contract, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application.

The County's significant accounting policies are described in the notes to the financial statements. As part of our audit, we reviewed the accounting policies followed by management in preparing the financial statements. We believe the accounting policies of the County are consistent with industry practice and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

No new accounting policies of significance were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended September 30, 2010. We noted no transactions entered into by the County during the year ended September 30, 2010 for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. In addition, we noted no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Significant Audit Findings - continued

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices - continued

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements that require management's judgments based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive due to their significance to the financial statements and the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from management's expectations.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statement users.

The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- We believe that the estimate of future useful lives of fixed assets is a
 particularly sensitive accounting estimate. Management's estimate is
 based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and
 assumptions about future events. We evaluated the key factors and
 assumptions used to develop the estimated useful lives of fixed assets in
 determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial
 statements taken as a whole.
- The estimated for uncollectible taxes receivable is also a sensitive
 accounting estimate. Management's estimate is based on the
 experience of past and current collections of tax levy. We evaluated the
 key factors used to develop the estimated uncollectible taxes receivable
 and determined they are reasonable in relation to the financial
 statements taken as a whole.

The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

- Changes in Long-Term Liabilities Information for this disclosure is based on beginning balances of debt and the current principal payments and any additions to principal. The disclosure provides a detailed look at the debt of the County.
- Retirement Plan Information for this disclosure was obtained from the TCDRS website.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report.

We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

The auditor has a responsibility with respect to information in a document prepared by the County that contains the audited financial statements.

We are not aware of any document prepared by the County that will incorporate the audited financial statements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

It is the auditor's sole responsibility to determine the overall audit strategy and the audit plan, including the nature, timing, and extent of procedures necessary to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence. However, communication with those charged with governance may assist in understanding better the consequences of the auditor's work for their oversight activities.

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our letter dated September 15, 2010.

Consultation with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with accountants about auditing and accounting matters. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the County's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts.

To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

The auditor is required to inform those charged with governance of any major issues, including any discussions regarding the application of accounting principles or auditing standards that were discussed with management in connection with the initial or recurring retention of the auditor.

There were no such matters discussed with management prior to our initial or recurring retention as the County's auditors.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

The auditor should inform those charged with governance of any difficulties encountered in dealing with management related the performance and completion of the audit.

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit. Management of the County did a commendable job in preparing for the audit. They prepared the requested schedules and documents in a timely manner and were available for questions at all times.

Management Representations

charged with governance that certain representations are being requested from management in connection with the audit.

The auditor is required to inform those We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 30, 2010.

Audit Adjustments

accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the and communicate them to appropriate level of management.

Professional standards require us to Appendix A, Summary of Audit Adjustments, summarizes misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures that were corrected by management.

audit, other than those that are trivial, Appendix B, Summary of Proposed but Unrecorded Journal Entries, the summarizes uncorrected misstatements of the financial statements.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court and management of the County and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

If you have any questions regarding the above, please do not hesitate to call.

Sincerely,

Danis Kiñard & Co. PC Davis Kinard & Co. PC

Certified Public Accountants

Abilene, Texas

December 30, 2010

NOLAN COUNTY 2010 Audit Reporting Package

Appendix A

There was only one audit entry posted to correct accounts receivable for revenue incurred during the fiscal year in the amount of \$3,000.

NOLAN COUNTY 2010 Audit Reporting Package

Appendix B

There were no proposed but unrecorded journal entries in the current year.